

Part 2: The Insanity of Destructive Pleasures – Sin

Ecclesiastes 2:1-11

1. Read Ecclesiastes 2:1-3. What does "vanity" (Hebrew – "hebel") mean here?

a. What does it look like when we turn the gift of laughter into a "god?" ______

- b. Why are the pleasures of drunkenness so tempting? ______
- c. How can eating food become like getting drunk? ______
- d. What bodily appetite do you struggle most with controlling? How can reflecting on the word "vanity" help you here? ______
- Read Ecclesiastes 2:4-11 along with 1 Kings 11:3. Write down the types of pleasures King Solomon has access to. _____
 - a. To what extent could Solomon have what he wanted? See v. 10.
 - b. What would many believe life would be like if they could trade with Solomon? Why? _____
 - c. What was Solomon's conclusion about the endless pleasures this world offers?
 - d. In your weaker moments, why is his conclusion hard for you to believe? Slowly reflect.
 - e. Why is his illustration of "striving after wind" helpful in turning you away from sinful pleasures?

f. Fill in the blanks for the Theme of Ecclesiastes – There is no ______ satisfaction from ______.

 Read Hebrews 3:13 and Ephesians 4:22 along with Hebrews 12:16; Matthew 4:8-9; Matthew 26:14-16; and Jeremiah 2:13. What does sin lead you to do with what is valuable and what is worthless? Give an example of where you struggle here in your life.

- a. Why is this so destructive?
- b. How does this all ultimately relate to God? ______
- Name a worthless thing (or attitude, pursuit, goal) you've recently given worth to (valued).
 Write a prayer for help here.
- 4. What do the following verses teach us about the gospel? John 10:10; John 8:12; 1 Peter 3:18?
 - a. Read **Matthew 14:44-46**. Why is Jesus *The Treasure of the universe*? What happens when we encounter Him according to the parable?
 - b. Why is sin the thing we do when our hearts are not satisfied in God?
 - c. Why is fighting the lesser pleasures of sin with the GREATER pleasures found in Jesus central to breaking from patterns of sin and sinful temptations? Consider **Psalm 16:11.**
- 5. What is your main take away from this teaching?