Series: "Jesus in the Fall Feasts"

Sukkot: The Feast of Tabernacles

In	troduction						
1.	The Festivals (Mo'edim) = The times (Lev. 23:1-4)						
	God wants a relationship with						
2.	These feasts are also called holy convocations = Miqra = assembly =						
3.	The Apostle Paul says that the festivals are a "shadow of what is" (Col. 2:17)						
4.	The Feasts are a Divine for how God wants to connect with His children and for what He has planned for our future.						
	"The Mo'edim are eternal rhythms that anchor heaven's plan to earth's timeline Just as Yeshua literally became the Passover Lamb, so too He will literally return at the Fall Festivals, bring final atonement (Zech. 12:10), and dwell among His people during Sukkot (Zech. 14; Rev. 21)." – Joshua Nunez						
5.	The Fall Feasts portray the return of the King:						
	Rosh Hashanah – The <u>return & coronation</u> of the King (the Rapture or Second Coming)						
	Yom Kippur – The King's Temple is <u>purified</u> (or the people are redeemed)						
	Sukkot – The King's <u>dwelling with</u> His people in the Kingdom						
Su	ıkkot in Historical Context						
1.	The Biblical institution of Sukkot was in Lev. 23:33-43 & Deut. 16:13-17						
2.	The 8th day (Shimini Atzeret) of the 7 day feast pictures! (Lev. 23:36, 39)						
3.	The themes of Sukkot include: • A harvest festival to celebrate God's provision (Exod. 23:16)						
	 Living to commemorate the Exodus (Lev. 23:42-43; Mt. 17:1-4) 						
	• The of God's creation (Lev. 23:40)						
	 Rejoicing over God's faithfulness (Lev. 23:40; Deut. 16:13-14) 						
	• The celebration of (Isa. 58:11; Joel 2:28; John 7:1-10; 37-39)						
	• The of the Temple ceremony (Isa. 9:2; 60:19-20; John 8:12)						

Sukkot and the Return of Jesus

1.	Sukkot is	of	the biblical	calendar	because	it signifies	the	end	goal	of
	God's entire redemptive pl	an	(Isaiah 25:	6-9).						

2. Sukkot is a picture of the coming _____ when Jesus will tabernacle among His people, ruling and reigning from David's throne in Jerusalem (Micah 4:7).

3. Sukkot will be celebrated in Jerusalem annually during _____ (Ezekiel 45:21-25; Zech. 14:16-19).

4. The Fall Feasts tell a **divine love story**:

Rosh Hashanah – The awakening and preparation of the Bride

Yom Kippur – The Bride is received and beautified

Sukkot – The Wedding Feast (Rev. 19:6-8)

Next Steps

1.	I will	God's	plans	for	our future	and ou	r relationship	with Him.

2. I will do one thing to _____ my own understanding of Sukkot & the Fall Feasts.

3. I will _____ about Sukkot with others.

Dates worth noting:

Oct. 16, 23, 30, Nov. 6, 13, 20 – "Exploring Ezekiel" study

Oct. 16 - Guest speaker Steve Miller (Harvest House Publishing, Amir's editor)

Dec. 2 - Christmas Lunch at Tacoma Country & Golf Club

Feb. 12 – "Exploring Ezekiel" resumes

Mar. 26 - "Exploring Ezekiel" concludes

April 9-19 - LC3 Holy Land Trip

Suggested Resources:

Purchase Exploring Ezekiel by Amir Tsarfati to get the most out of our upcoming study of Ezekiel

Follow Amir Tsarfati at Behold Israel; on Telegram; watch latest Prophecy Updates

Amir T: "The True Meaning of Sukkot" - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wfJH_MWt0RI&t=282s

Melnick: "Sukkot: Kingdom Rehearsal for all believers!" - www.shalominmessiah.com/2025/10/06/sukkot-kingdom-rehearsal-for-all-believers

Watch Amir's update on the Hostage deal: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=euIPiwBt3z4