Athens: Worshipping the Unknown (Acts 17:22-28) 8/31/25	How the True God Is Unlike Idols (vv. 24-26)
Review	Paul introduces "" God; the one and only, true God.
Notes on Athens:	made (poieo) =
	Paul asserts that the God he proclaims the earth and everything
David Peterson notes that three things about 1 st century Athens are identified in vv. 16-21 to set the scene for Paul's speech that follows:	that is in it. Further, He is the Sovereign, the Lord over the heavens and the earth.
1. The of the masses	Cross references:
2. The high value placed on by the philosophical schools	
The preoccupation of all the Athenians and the foreigners who lived there with the letter.	God is completely of man.
there with the latest They took Paul to the Areopagus, which functioned as a that had jurisdiction over and philosophical matters.	God, the sovereign, of all beings, cannot be contained in a structure fashioned by His out of elements He Himself made!
A teaching was something they had never seen or experienced before.	God cannot be, limited, or controlled by men.
Religious, but Ignorant of the True God (vv. 22-23) Notes on Paul's circumstances standing on the Areopagus:	God has no that we are designed to fulfill.
	All humankind comes from one
observe (theoreo) =	God exercises His sovereignty even over where man
very religious in all respects (deisidaimon) =	Man's Personal Accountability to Seek God (vv. 27-28) Wherever God has any person, it is incumbent upon him to seek out
Paul was wise to use this desire to please the gods and know what is, to point them to the one, true God and His of what is moral/right.	his, Ruler, and Sustainer.
unknown (agnostos) =	that they might grope for (pselaphao) =
Paul is basically saying that by their own, they realize there are gods existing for which they have no	God is to every man, so that every man is without
Paul is not announcing a religion; he was simply announcing the religion	Every man owes his very to God, and therefore ought to
about which they were	to know Him.