Beyond Suffering – The Message of Job (Job 1-42) Elihu's monologue (ch. 32-37) summarized: His argument focuses not on the 4/24/2016 idea that Job is suffering because of his _____, but that Job is _____ The Proloque (ch. 1-2) because of his ______. Not all suffering is ______ by The book of Job is basically an exposition of the answer to this question: Who sin, but all suffering can cause us to sin in how we ______ to it! ____ to Job? Who is _____ for what happened to Job? Elihu emphasizes that God has the sovereign to do as He Job believed that _____ was responsible for what had happened to him, and chooses with whom He chooses without ever compromising His he never from that stance. God's monologue (ch. 38-41) summarized: are you, Job? What are The ultimate answer as to who did this to Job comes from : He says your _____, in terms of knowledge or power, that you feel He did it. entitled to question My _____ and My _____? Incited = The first part of God's examination of Job, involving geophysics and To ruin = astrophysics, emphasizes God's and . The second of examination, involving zoology, emphasizes God's You and I may not have done anything to merit our , but and His . neither have we done anything to merit all of our our blessings—from God. If the Creator knows when ______ are hungry or hurting, don't you think He is infinitely aware of your circumstances and compassionately The Dialogue (ch. 3-26) disposed toward you in your _____, in your vulnerability, in your _____? Eliphaz, Bildad, and Zophar were truly Job's _____. Even when—and especially when—He seems _____ and absent? They operated under erroneous assumptions that Job's was the cause of his _____. We may not always see the signs of God's in our immediate circumstances, but what we _____ is not all there is. This is what it means to Job's experience of is the issue that initiates the story, but _____ God and to trust God's _____! is not the primary reason or theme of the book. At least a dozen proper names or titles for God appear over times in God ______ everything and ______ no one anything. Job. The most revolutionary, _____ discovery about the book of Job is The Epilogue (ch. 42) that it's not about the suffering, ultimately, it's about ! Job's message summarized: I do not need to know things happen. I only need to know the One who my life, and willingly submit to The Monologues (ch. 27-41) whatever He does, because He's always righteous, trustworthy, and _____. Job's monologue (ch. 27-31) summarized: Lord, You've become Regardless of what it looked like to Job. God's posture toward him had never

_____ to me, and I don't know _____.

changed; he was still "My _____ Job."