Paul's Apologetics Model (Acts 19:8-10) 11/2/25	Scripture often refers to belief in terms of "" the truth.
Introduction	
Notes on Ephesus:	Unbelief and disobedience are both involved in the of the gospel
	These Jews were telling others that Paul and the believers had evil
Notes on the twelve disciples of John the Baptist Paul discovered in Ephesus:	for sharing their gospel
	This aggressive, campaign to smear Paul and the name of Christ
	before the multitude was an attempt to destroy Paul's with the
Paul's Ministry in the Synagogue (v. 8)	people.
Having established relationships with the Ephesian Jews on his	
previous, brief visit, Paul finds the door to dialogue still upon his return.	took away (aphorizo) =
continued speaking out boldly (parresiazomai) =	
	This was Paul's last contact with a in Acts.
reasoning (dialegomai) =	Notes on the school of Tyrannus:
persuading (pietho) =	
	The dates Paul ministered in Ephesus were most likely from mid-late A.D
Paul's message about the would include that Jesus is the King of that kingdom, which would have been to the Jews.	through mid A.D
	This was probably the most crucial and period of mission in
The content of Paul's preaching was uncompromisingly	Paul's whole evangelistic career.
Paul's Ministry in the City (vv. 9-10)	During this time, the churches at, Hierapolis, and Laodicea, and
Opposition did arise, but only among "" of the Jews.	
were becoming hardened (skleryno) =	probably all the churches of Revelation 2-3 were founded.
	May we Bereans be bold and courageous, willing to confront our culture with the truths of the gospel.
disobedient (apeitho) =	audio oi dio goopon