Petitioning the Sovereign God in Persecution (Acts 4:29-31) 8/13/23	confidence (parresia) =
Review	
After being by the leaders, Peter and John left the Council not	
in a state of and dejection but of exhilaration.	They were asking God to hold nothing back in granting them boldness to proclaim the
Their prayer is divided into two parts: praise and	
The prayer is addressed to God the and uses the Greek title	
'despotes' to address Him.	Christians who have been in one context can easily be intimidated in
	another, unless they seek God's
They responded in praise by quoting! In this order, they prayed:	Requesting that God Keep Working (v. 30)
1. Praise to God as (v. 24b)	wonders (teras) =
2. Praise Him as the God of (vv. 25-26)	
3. Praising God as Lord of (vv. 27-28)	signs (semeinon) =
Facing opposition, the church took in God's strong, sovereign rule.	
Transition from Praise to Petition (v. 29a)	The of our Lord were mighty manifestations of His power
take note (epeidon) =	designed to get people's attention and point them to spiritual
	"Their demand is not now for miracles of vengeance or destruction, such as fire from heaven, but for miracles of mercy." – J.A. Alexander
	servant (pais) =
The leaders had made it very clear that they intended to use	
force to stop the apostles from speaking and in Jesus' name.	
grant (<i>didomai</i>) =	They wanted to continue to do what He had done for this lame man.
	The Father's Response to Their Prayer (v. 31)
Two are offered, based on what has been said about Gods'	This is the type of prayer that comes from an overwhelming sense of the
sovereignty in nature and human	for God's help for the at hand.
	shaken (saleuo) =
Requesting More Boldness to Keep Speaking (v. 29b)	
bond-servants (doulos) =	filled (pimplemi) =
	Unlike the baptism of the Spirit, being filled with the Spirit is an
They did not pray for the ability to a Christlike life; they prayed for the	and should be
confidence to Christ's word and message aloud!	Opposition only made the church grow