

Paul's Second Rejection by Jerusalem (Acts 22:17-22) 6/21/26

Review

Notes on Paul's address to the Jews up to this point:

Saul wasted no time getting _____, identifying with Christ and His _____.

YHWH, God the Father had _____ Saul to a specific mission.

Events between Paul's Salvation and First Return to Jerusalem

Saul quickly went into a time of intensive _____.

Notes from [Galatians 1:13-24](#):

_____ years elapsed before his return to Jerusalem.

Notes from [Acts 9:28-30](#):

Saul, the apostle to the _____, began by preaching to his fellow _____, and in the very heart of the Jewish religion.

[Talking](#) indicates the _____ ministry of the Word.

[arguing with \(syzeteo\)](#) =

[Arguing](#) indicates the _____ ministry of the Word.

Notes on the [Hellenistic Jews](#):

Paul's Vision in the Temple (vv. 17-21)

Paul's Temple vision has close parallels to _____ Temple vision.

[trance \(ekstasis\)](#) =

The risen Jesus is Lord of the _____, revealing His will and commissioning His servant in that _____.

Notes on what the Lord told Paul in the vision:

Paul is laying the groundwork to expose the sinful _____ of the Lord by the Jews of Jerusalem, not only in the past, but in his _____ defense.

Notes on Paul's flawed logic when he first returned to Jerusalem:

Notes on the "cage stage":

Jesus basically reminded Saul that _____ is of the Lord.

The Jews considered the Gentiles to be a great _____ from God.

The People of Jerusalem Reject Paul Again (v. 22)

In their eyes proselytism (converting Gentiles to Jews) was _____, but _____ (converting Gentiles into Christians without first making them _____) was abhorrent; it was the equivalent of saying that Jews and Gentiles were _____.

Notes from [Matthew 5:21-23](#):

Through his defense, Paul showed that they were _____ men who hated him because he presented the truth about their false _____.