

Paul's Agenda Was the Lord's Agenda (Acts 18:18-22) 9/28/25

Review

Upon arrival in Corinth, Paul immediately found employment as a _____ in the business of two _____ Jewish believers, [Aquila and Priscilla](#).

Paul used the house of Titius Justus, _____ to the synagogue, as an alternative center for preaching, and a meeting place for the _____.

The Lord Jesus gave Paul His _____ that he would not be physically harmed or psychologically _____ by his enemies while in Corinth because He had a large number of people that _____ to Him in Corinth.

Paul would not be _____ out of Corinth, but will depart when he is ready.

The Jews used the _____ of a new Roman proconsul to make a desperate _____ against Paul, perhaps hoping to capitalize on his _____ authority in Corinth.

Gallio was unwilling to meddle in what he considered an _____ dispute within Judaism.

Gallio's lack of interest in their matters was the _____ of Jesus' promise that Paul would minister in Corinth unscathed by the _____.

Paul Leaves Corinth on His Terms and in God's Will (vv. 18-19)

[took leave of \(apotasso\)](#) =

Notes on possible reasons for the [vow](#) Paul took at Cenchrea:

Notes on [Ephesus](#):

That Paul felt the _____ to invite Aquila and Priscilla to accompany him shows that other _____ had already emerged within the Corinthian church.

Once again, Paul went to the _____ first in a new city.

Paul Leaves Ephesus on His Terms and in God's Will (vv. 20-21)

Like _____, but unlike most other synagogues, Paul was well-received at _____.

Prior to Ephesus, Paul has never _____ withdrawn from a synagogue where there was no _____.

Deo volente = "_____," or "_____."

[If the Lord wills](#) =

Cross references:

This passage is not saying you and I can't _____ have _____ and desires of our own. It's saying that we must recognize our _____ as creatures.

[James 4:15](#) says that everyone should _____ all of their plans and hopes and dreams with _____ to the will of the Lord.

More important than merely _____ these words is that we have an attitude of _____ before God and a sincere appreciation of God's _____ of the affairs of men.

In short, this verse demands that we submit to God's will during and after one's planning, recognizing both human finiteness and divine sovereignty. – P. Davids

The wise humbly _____ God's sovereignty and their own _____, while the foolish presumptuously make _____ without considering God.

Paul Returns to Antioch on His Terms and in God's Will (vv. 22)

The _____ church is whom Paul greeted before returning to Antioch.