



ADAT HATIKVAH

Messianic Synagogue

April 30th 2022/Nisan 5782
Revealing the Harlot
Rabbi Jacob Rosenberg PhD



ADAT IS...

Reflecting the Jewishness of Yeshua

A House of Prayer for all Nations

Centered on the Biblical Calendar

Spirit-filled blended worship made up of contemporary music and liturgy

A congregation of people who are discovering who we are, becoming who we are created to be, and investing in God's kingdom.

TITHES & OFFERINGS

Most importantly you can partner with Adat through prayer.

You can give to Adat Hatikvah in the box near the entrance, online, our app, and by mail.

www.adathatikvah.org/give

200 Lake Cook Rd Suite 1
Deerfield, IL 60015

TODAYS READINGS

Torah: Lev 16:5-10

Haf: Eze 22:13-16

B'rit: Heb 7:23-28

John's vision helps us understand the continuity of Prophecy and how to apply the concepts to our lives. However, no other book in the Bible has been more misunderstood than the book of Revelation. Revelation 17 helps us to understand the enviable future of a fallen world.

Rev 17:1-6 The Women and the Beast

Rev 17:7-13 Revealing the Mystery of the Woman

Rev 17:14-18 War and God's Purpose

Read Rev 17:1-6; Jer. 3:9, 51:7-8; Ezek. 16:32; Isa. 1:21

- Who is the Woman?
- What does harlotry represent in the Bible?
- How does she look to the world?
- What does she do to the world? (see also vs. 15)

Read Rev 17:7-13

- What is the historic context for the fall of kings for John?
- What does it teach us about evil?
- How long does evil have power from God's perspective?

Read Rev 17:14-18

- Why can the Lamb overcome?
- What does the world do to itself?
- In the end who is sovereign Babel or the Lamb?

Available in App Stores



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www.facebook.com/adatchicago

Contact the Office or an Elder
(847) 834-1053
info@adathatikvah.org



BINAH CENTER CLASSES AND GROWTH GROUPS

All education at Adat is becoming the Binah center. There are new classes, Bible Studies, and Growth groups forming now and may change. For the most updated Schedule visit the Binah Center Table or Contact Debra.Stackhouse@adathatikvah.org

UPCOMING DATES

Members Meeting
Shavout

Saturday June 4th After Service
Sunday June 5th

NATION OF FOCUS: MOROCCO

Continent: Africa Capital City: Rabat Government: Constitutional Monarchy
Population: 33,986,655 Major People Groups: Arab-Berber 99%, other 1%
Religion: Muslim 99%, other 1% Language: Arabic, Berber, French
GDP Per Capita: \$8,600 Literacy Rate: 68.5%

UNREACHED: 87.1% Jewish Population: 2,100

PRAYER POINTS

- Pray for widespread distribution of evangelistic materials among the many unreached people groups.
- Pray for those troubled by increasing tensions between Islamists and moderates to be open to the Good News.
- Pray for fellowship and freedom from fear for isolated believers.
- Pray this nation will have a heart for Israel and Jewish People

SUMMARY

Once believed to be the westernmost part of the world, the name Morocco is derived from the Arabic Al Maghrib, meaning “far west” or “where the sun sets.” Occupying the northwest corner of Africa, the nation was originally inhabited by Berbers, who were then conquered by Muslim Arabs after 684 AD. In the 17th century, Morocco was colonized by France and Spain, and in 1912, the nation was split into French and Spanish protectorates. Morocco became independent in 1956 and established a constitutional monarchy in 1972. The king is both the head of state and religion and has declared all those born in Morocco to be Sunni Muslim.

Morocco is the world leader in the production and export of phosphates and has 70% of the world’s reserves. The leading industries are agriculture, forestry, and tourism, and agriculture employs 40% of the workforce. Casablanca is the economic capital, the largest port, and the most populous city. There is a huge gap between wealthy and the poor and 13% of the population live below the poverty line. Morocco also lays claim to the Western Sahara, and the nomadic Saharawi people that live there are fighting for their independence. While the UN has set up referendums to allow for self-determination, Morocco has postponed those votes.

The state religion is Sunni Islam, and ninety-nine percent of the population is Muslim. Unlike in many other Muslim nations, Christians and Jews are tolerated, though some freedoms have deteriorated in recent years. Despite this tolerance, Christians are monitored by authorities, and some have been imprisoned. Dozens of Christian workers were expelled in 2010. The majority of Moroccans have a strong prejudice against Christians and are resistant to the Gospel, and the media helps fuel these attitudes. In an effort to avoid the religious violence and conflict occurring between Muslims and Christians in other African nations, the Moroccan people and government try to keep all Christian activity secret. The government is opposed to an indigenous Moroccan Church, but one is emerging nonetheless, and an estimated 2,000 Moroccan believers meet in small house churches. Unity of the church is difficult with believers scattered around the nation, sometimes isolated from other believers.