

What's in your Sunday?

(Psalm 92)

WHAT IS TRUE AND WHAT WE SHOULD DO:

The LORD God Almighty is holy and just, and worthy of our greatest praise; therefore, always worship Him and strengthen your faith by faithfully remembering His great salvation, mighty works, and Word.

THOSE WHO BELIEVE GOD ("THE RIGHTEOUS") SHOULD JOYFULLY PRAISE GOD FOR ...

- ✓ His love and faithfulness (1–3)
- ✓ His works and wise instruction (4–5)
- ✓ Godly wisdom and eternal life (6–9)
- ✓ Personal discernment and victory (10–11)
- ✓ Vitality and security (12–15)

APPLICATION: Heed the Spirit; do not turn your back on God and face eternal damnation. The unrighteous give themselves over to carnal desires, and they tend to become like what they worship—selfish, unwise, vain, brutish, fleshly, dull-minded, and hard-hearted. The wicked will receive just punishment. Those who believe God's Messiah (Jesus Christ) will find righteousness and should never cease praising God for His never-ending loving kindness to them. How do you see Sundays? Is it a delight or dreadful? Is it a precious gift or painful duty?

All Christians should gather faithfully on the Lord's Day to give glory to God. This is a repeated emphasis of Scripture and this psalm. "Let us not give up meeting together, as some are in the habit of doing, but let us encourage one another—and all the more as you see the Day approaching" (Heb. 10:25). Believers ought to regularly come to God's house on God's Day with God's people to hear God's Word and sing God's praises. Such a spiritual **discipline** is necessary for the vibrant **faith** of any believer. Psalm 92 echoes this **truth** and exhorts you to join with all the **saints** in worshipping him!

Outline:¹

- A. The Rightness of Praise (1–3)
 - 1. It Is Good to Praise the Lord (1)
 - a. To make music to his name (1a)
 - b. To make music to the most high (1b)
 - 2. It Is Good to Proclaim to the Lord (2)
 - a. His love in the morning (2a)
 - b. His faithfulness at night (2b)
 - 3. It Is Good to Play to the Lord (3)
 - a. With the lyre (3a)
 - b. With the harp (3b)
- B. The Reasons for Praise (4–11)
 - 1. Praise God for His Exploits (4–5)
 - a. His deeds make me glad (4)
 - b. His deeds are great (5a)
 - c. His deeds are profound (5b)
 - d. His deeds are inscrutable (6–7)
 - 2. Praise God for His Exaltation (8–9)
 - a. His exaltation is forever (8)
 - b. His enemies are defeated (9)
 - 3. Praise God for His Enablement (10–11)
 - a. His horn is exalted (10a)
 - b. His head is anointed (10b)
 - c. His adversaries are defeated (11)
- C. The Results of Praise (12–15)
 - 1. The Righteous Are Spiritually Productive (12)
 - a. Like a palm tree (12a)
 - b. Like a Lebanon cedar (12b)
 - 2. The Righteous Are Securely Planted (13)
 - a. In the house of the Lord (13a)
 - b. In the courts of our God (13b)
 - 3. The Righteous Are Steadfastly Prolific (14)
 - a. Bearing fruit in old age (14a)
 - b. Staying fresh in old age (14b)
 - 4. The Righteous Are Strongly Passionate (15)
 - a. The Lord is upright (15a)
 - b. The Lord is my rock (15b)
 - c. The Lord is **holy** (15c)

¹ Steven J. Lawson, *Psalms 76–150*, ed. Max Anders, vol. 12, Holman Old Testament Commentary (Nashville, TN: Holman Reference, 2006), 98–99.