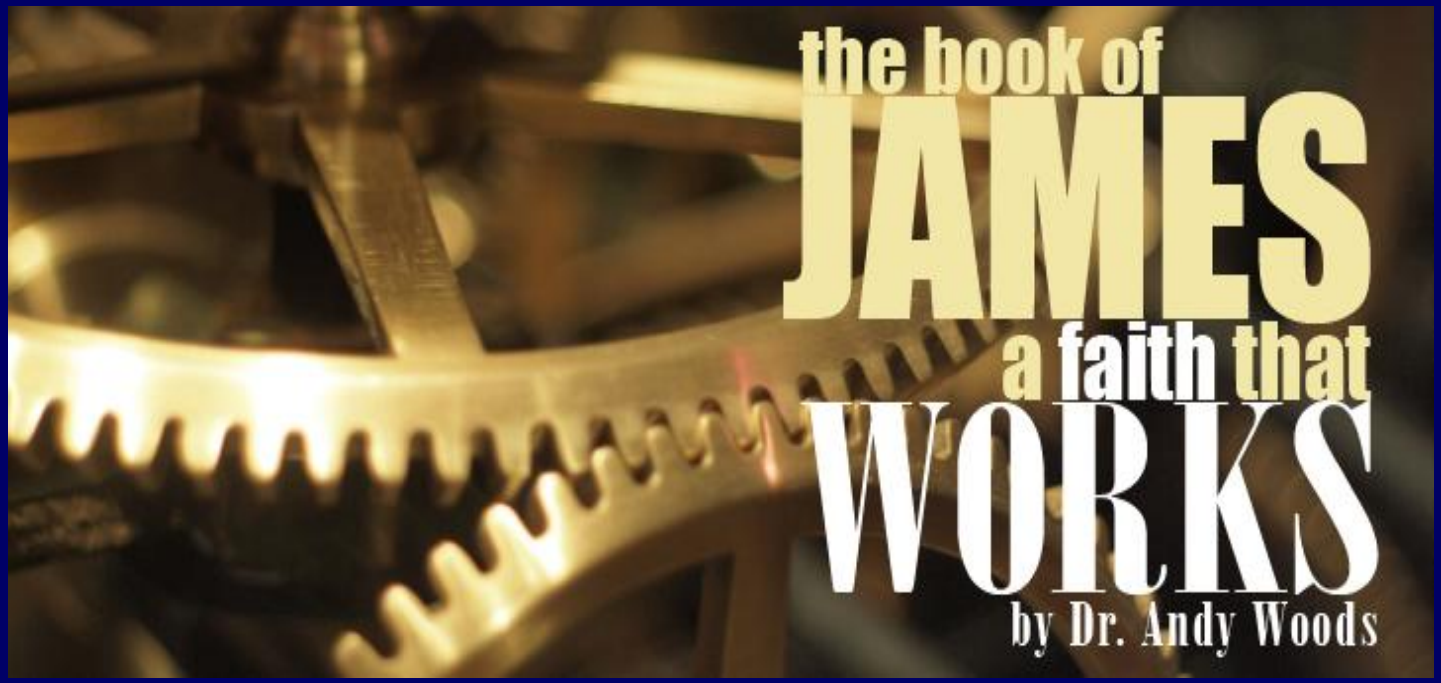
PRACTICAL RIGHTEOUSNESS





Dr. Andy Woods

Senior Pastor – Sugar Land Bible Church

President – Chafer Theological Seminary

Answering Eleven Questions



1) Who wrote it? – **James**
2) What do we know about the author? – **Christ's ½ Brother**
3) Who was the audience? – **Believing Jews in the Diaspora**
4) Where was if written from? – **Jerusalem**
5) When was the book written? – **A.D. 44–47**
6) What was the book's occasion? – **Practical righteousness**
7) What is the book's purpose? – **Achieving practical righteousness**
8) What is the book about? – **Practical righteousness**
9) What is the book's theme? – **Daily living**
10) What makes the book different? – **Practicality**
11) How is the book organized? – **Faith and Wisdom**

JAMES STRUCTURE

I. Faith (James 1:1–3:12)

II. Wisdom (James 3:13–5:20)



JAMES STRUCTURE

I. **<u>Faith (James 1:1–3:12)</u>**

II. Wisdom (James 3:13–5:20)



JAMES STRUCTURE

- Faith (1:1–3:12)
  - Trials (1:2-18)
  - Obedience to the Word (1:19-27)
  - Favoritism (2:1-13)
  - Faith manifesting works (2:14-26)
  - Tongue (3:1-12)



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- **Faith (1:1–3:12)**
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James 1:2-18

- Trials – Jas 1:2-18
  - Rejoicing during trials – Jas 1:2-12
  - Command not to charge God with temptation – Jas 1:13-18



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Faith Obeys God

(James 1:19-27)

I. Need for Slowness in Speaking & Anger (1:19-20)

II. Need for Obedience to God's Word (1:21-25)

III. Need for True Religion (1:26-27)



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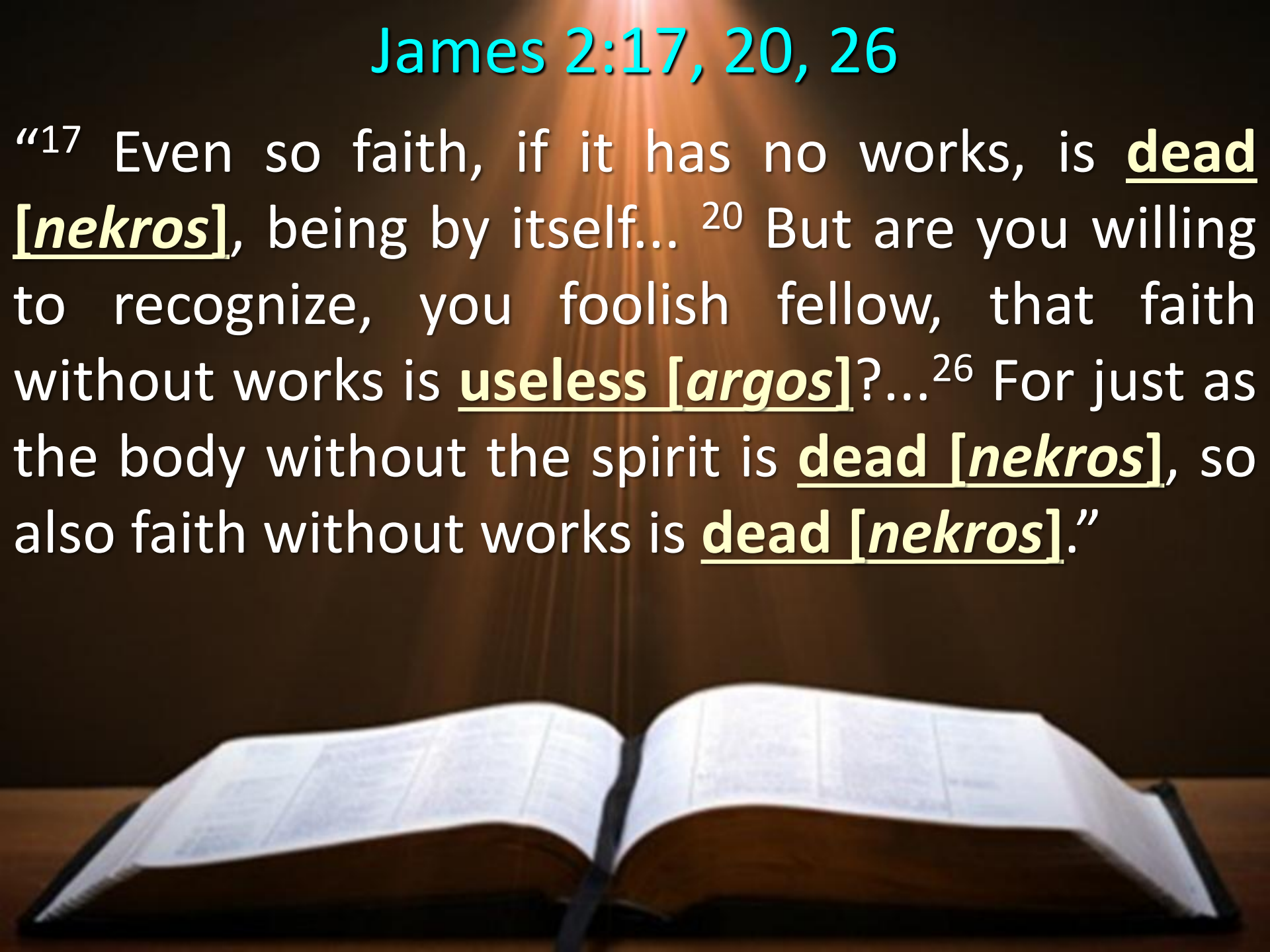
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James 2:17, 20, 26

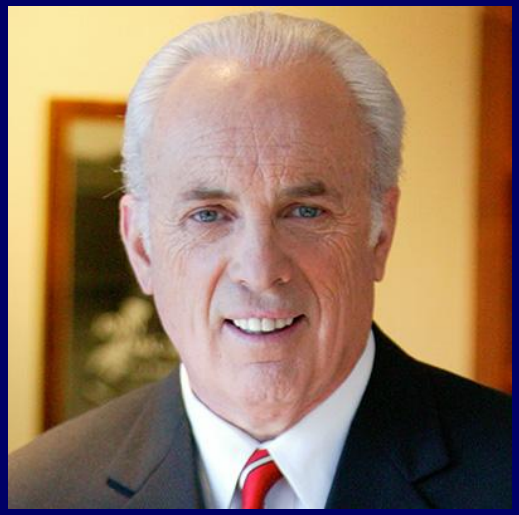
“17 Even so faith, if it has no works, is **dead [*nekros*]**, being by itself... 20 But are you willing to recognize, you foolish fellow, that faith without works is **useless [*argos*]**?...26 For just as the body without the spirit is **dead [*nekros*]**, so also faith without works is **dead [*nekros*]**.”

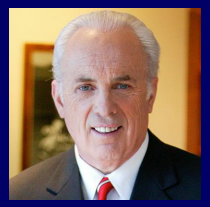


John MacArthur

MACARTHUR STUDY BIBLE (revised edition). Comment on James 2:17.

"**faith by itself… is dead:** Just as professed compassion without action is phony, the kind of faith that is without works is mere empty profession, **not genuine saving faith**."





John MacArthur

FAITH WORKS (page 149)

"Faith in this context is clearly saving faith (v. 1). James is speaking of eternal salvation. He has referred to 'the word implanted, which is able to save your souls' in 1:21. Here he has the same salvation in view. He is not disputing whether faith saves. Rather, he is opposing the notion that faith can be a passive, fruitless, **intellectual exercise** and still save. Where there are no works, we must assume **no faith exists either**."



Charles Swindoll

THE SWINDOLL STUDY BIBLE

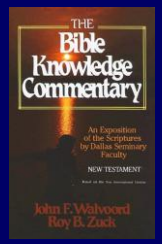
"First, Paul is looking at the root of our salvation, while James is looking at the fruit after salvation. Paul emphasizes the point that at the time of conversion, the root of salvation is faith alone. James sees that the faith that saves us does not remain alone, though we are saved by faith alone. After salvation, there are things that will **inevitably** happen in our lives that show the reality of our salvation . . . Can a faith that is not validated save? The answer is clearly implied by James's argument: No, that phony kind of faith cannot save anyone."



Douglas J. Moo

THE PILLAR NEW TESTAMENT COMMENTARY

"In what way is such faith 'dead'? In the sense that it does not attain its purpose: it cannot save (v. 14) or justify (v. 24). Critical to understanding the argument of the section and integrating it successfully into a broader biblical perspective is the recognition that James is not arguing that works must be added to faith. His point, rather, is that **genuine biblical faith** will **inevitably** be characterized by works . . . James, in a sense, proposes for us in these verses a 'test' by which we determine the **genuineness** of faith: deeds of obedience to the will of God."



J. Ronald Blue

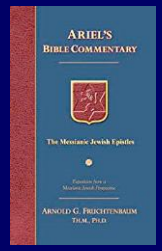
THE BIBLE KNOWLEDGE COMMENTARY

"Just as the law of love gives no excuse for respect of persons, so the possession of faith gives no license to dispense with good works. A believer must not only demonstrate his love by ready acceptance of others, but he must also demonstrate his faith by responsible aid to others. James went on in his letter to emphasize the expression of true faith, to outline the evidence of true faith, and finally to cite examples of true faith. **Comment on 2:14**. Can such faith save him? A negative answer is anticipated in the Greek. Merely claiming to have faith is not enough. **Genuine faith is evidenced by works**."



Dr. Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum

The Messianic Jewish Epistles, 251-52, 54

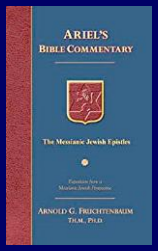


Comment on James 2:14. "The meaning of justification: for Paul the word justification meant acquittal, and Paul was concerned with legal justification in that no man can gain justification by means of works, specifically the works of the Law; for Jacob/James, the meaning of justification was vindication, and he was concerned with the justification of one's profession of faith in that his claim must be demonstrated by his works, specifically the works of love and faith . . . Fourth, Jacob/James's point is a faith that saves is a faith that is expected to produce works. Fifth, **a living faith will authenticate itself in the production of works**."

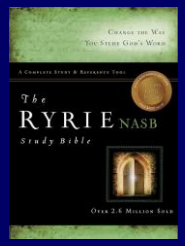


Dr. Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum

The Messianic Jewish Epistles, 251-52, 54



"Sixth, while faith and works are two opposing elements insofar as the means of salvation is concerned, they are, nevertheless, both involved in salvation. One is the means of salvation and the other is **the evidence of salvation**." **Comment on James 2:15-17**: "Faith without works is a dead faith. It is dead in itself; it is not merely outwardly barren, but it is dead inwardly. It is lifeless. It shows that it is not true saving faith because **true saving faith will reveal itself by works**, which are the fruits of faith. This very same concept is taught in the Sermon on the Mount (Matt 5:14-16)."



Charles C. Ryrie

THE RYRIE STUDY BIBLE. Comment on James 2:14.

Comment on James 2:14. "Can a non-working, dead, **spurious** faith save a person? James is not saying that we are saved by works, but that **faith that does not produce good works is a dead faith**. James was not refuting the Pauline doctrine of justification by true faith, but a perversion of it. Both Paul and James define faith as a living, **productive** trust in Christ. Genuine faith cannot be 'dead' to morality or barren to works."



Warren W. Wiersbe

THE BIBLE EXPOSITION COMMENTARY

Comment on James 2:14. "The question in James 2:14 should read, 'Can that kind of faith save him?' What kind? The kind of faith that is never seen in practical works. The answer is no! **Any declaration of faith that does not result in a changed life and good works is a false declaration**. That kind of faith is dead faith. 'Even so faith, if it hath not works, is dead, being alone' (James 2:17). The great theologian, John Calvin, wrote, 'It is faith alone that justifies, but faith that justifies can never be alone.' The word alone in James 2:17 simply means 'by itself.' True saving faith can never be by itself: it always brings life, and life produces good works."



Warren W. Wiersbe

THE BIBLE EXPOSITION COMMENTARY

Comment on James 2:18-19. "But it is not a saving experience to believe and tremble. A person can be enlightened in his mind and even stirred in his heart and be lost forever. **True saving faith involves something more, something that can be seen and recognized: a changed life**. 'Show me thy faith without thy works,' challenged James, 'and I will show thee my faith by my works' (James 2:18)."



Warren W. Wiersbe

THE BIBLE EXPOSITION COMMENTARY

Comment on James 2:20-26. "True saving faith leads to action. Dynamic faith is not Intellectual contemplation or emotional consternation; it leads to obedience on the part of the will. And this obedience is not an isolated event: it continues throughout the whole life. It leads to works . . . It is important that each professing Christian examine his own heart and life and make sure that he possesses true saving faith, dynamic faith. 'Examine yourselves, whether ye be in the faith; prove your own selves' (2 Cor. 13:5a). Satan is the great deceiver; one of his devices is imitation. If he can convince a person that **counterfeit faith** is true faith, he has that person in his power."

Answering Eleven Questions



1) Who wrote it? – **James**
2) What do we know about the author? – **Christ's ½ Brother**
3) Who was the audience? – **Believing Jews in the Diaspora**
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Three Tenses of Salvation

Phase	Justification	Sanctification	Glorification
Tense	Past	Present	Future
Saved from sin's:	Penalty	Power	Presence
Scripture	Eph 2:8-9; Titus 3:5	Philip 2:12	Rom 5:10
Nature	Single	Dual	Single

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Favoritism
(2:1-13)

I. Command: no favoritism (2:1)

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III. Reasoning: favoritism is contrary to God's character & purposes (2:4-13)



III. Reasoning: Favoritism is Contrary to God's Character & Purposes (2:4-13)

A. We judge where God has not (4)

B. God elects all (2:5)

C. Rich oppressors (2:6-7)



D. Favoritism violates God's Law (2:8-11)

E. **God will judge those showing favoritism (2:12-13)**

Harmony Between Paul and James

	PAUL	JAMES
Phase of Salvation	Justification	Sanctification
Tense of Salvation	First tense	Second tense
Issue	Self righteous Judaism	Dead orthodoxy
Genesis	Gen 15:6	Gen 22

Harmony Between Paul and James

	PAUL	JAMES
Justification	Declaration of innocence before God	Evidence of usefulness of believer's faith before man
Save	Justification	Sanctification
Faith	Saving faith	Serving faith
Works	Favor with God	Believer's moral deeds



Lewis Sperry Chafer

Systematic Theology (Grand Rapids, MI: Kregel Publications, 1993), vol. 7, 148.

"In its larger usage, the word faith represents at least four varied ideas: (1) As above, it can be personal confidence in God. This the most common aspect of faith may be subdivided into three features: (a) **Saving faith**, which is the inwrought confidence in God's promises and provisions respecting the Savior that leads one to elect to repose upon and trust in the One who alone can save. (b) **Serving faith**, which contemplates as true the fact of divinely bestowed gifts and all details respecting divine appointments for service. This faith is always a personal matter, and so one believer should not become a pattern for another. That such faith with its personal characteristic may be kept inviolate, …



Lewis Sperry Chafer

Systematic Theology (Grand Rapids, MI: Kregel Publications, 1993), vol. 7, 148.

"…the Apostle writes: "Hast thou faith? have it to thyself before God" (Rom. 14:22). Great injury may be wrought if one Christian imitates another in matters of appointment for service. (c) **Sanctifying or sustaining faith**, which lays hold of the power of God for one's daily life. It is the life lived in dependence upon God, working upon a new life-principle (Rom. 6:4). **The justified one, having become what he is by faith, must go ahead living on the same principle of utter dependence upon God**."

Romans 12:3-8

“[3] For through the grace given to me I say to everyone among you not to think more highly of himself than he ought to think; but to think so as to have sound judgment, as God has allotted to each a measure of **faith**. [4] For just as we have many members in one body and all the members do not have the same function, [5] so we, who are many, are one body in Christ, and individually members one of another....



Romans 12:3-8

…“[6] Since we have gifts that differ according to the grace given to us, each of us is to exercise them accordingly: if prophecy, according to the proportion of his **faith**; [7] if service, in his serving; or he who teaches, in his teaching; [8] or he who exhorts, in his exhortation; he who gives, with liberality; he who leads, with diligence; he who shows mercy, with cheerfulness.”



“Death” in the Old Testament

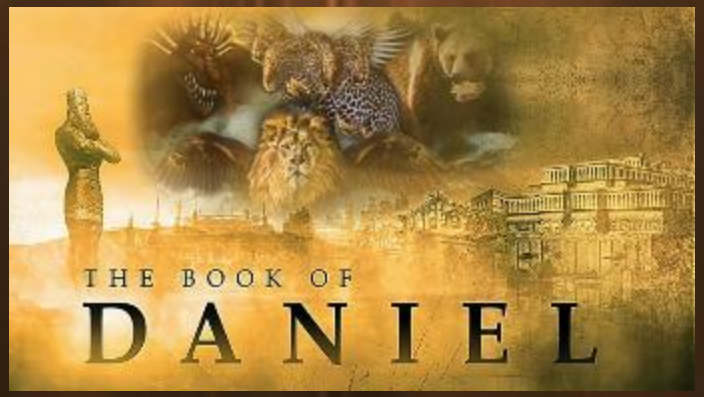
māwet: “Death is the consequences and the punishment of sin. It originated with sin. A grand theme of the Old Testament is God’s holiness, which **separates** Him from all that is in harmony with His character. Death, then, in the Old Testament means ultimate **separation** from God due to sin.”



Elmer B. Smick, “*māwet*," in *Theological Wordbook of the Old Testament*, ed. R. Laird Harris and Gleason L. Archer and Bruce K. Waltke(Chicago: Moody, 1980), 1:1169.

Daniel 12:2

"Many of those who sleep in the dust of the ground will awake, these to **everlasting (*olam*) life**, but the others to disgrace *and* **everlasting (*olam*) contempt**."



“Death” in the New Testament



thanatos: “that **separation** (whether natural or violent) of the soul from the body by which the life on earth is ended.”

Joseph Henry Thayer, *Death - Thanatos*, Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament Being Grmm's Wilke's Clavis Novi Testamenti (Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1977), 282.

Matthew 25:46

"These will go away into **eternal (*aiōnios*) punishment**, but the righteous into **eternal (*aiōnios*) life**."



Luke 16:22-25

“22 Now the poor man died and was carried away by the angels to Abraham’s bosom; and the rich man also **died** and was buried. 23 In Hades **he lifted up his eyes**, being in torment, and **saw** Abraham far away and Lazarus in his bosom. 24 And he **cried out** and said, ‘Father Abraham, have mercy on me, and send Lazarus so that he may dip the tip of his finger in water and cool off my tongue, for **I am in agony** in this flame.’ 25 But Abraham said, ‘Child, **remember** that during your life you received your good things, and likewise Lazarus bad things; but now he is being comforted here, and you are in agony.”



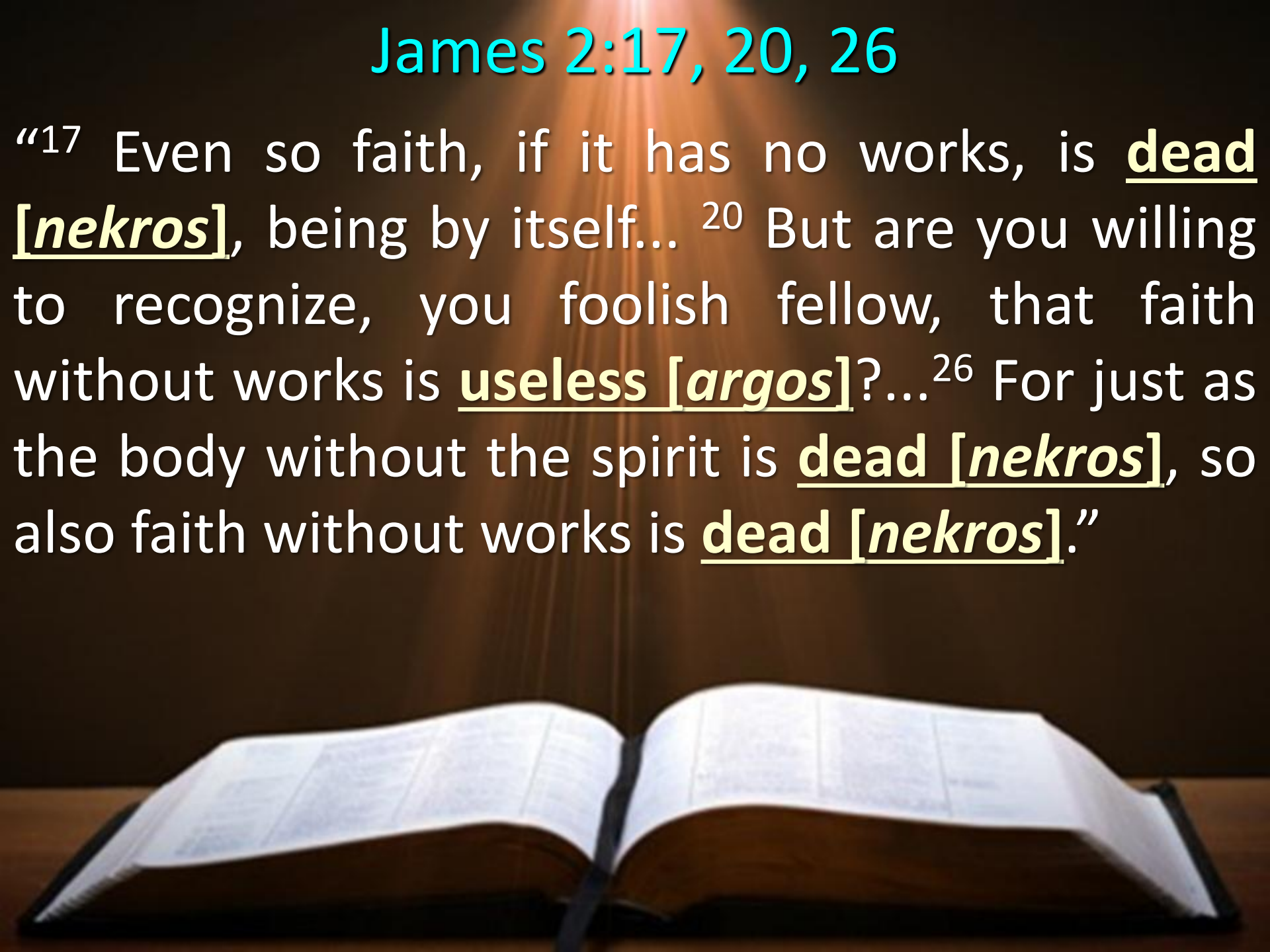
1 Timothy 5:6

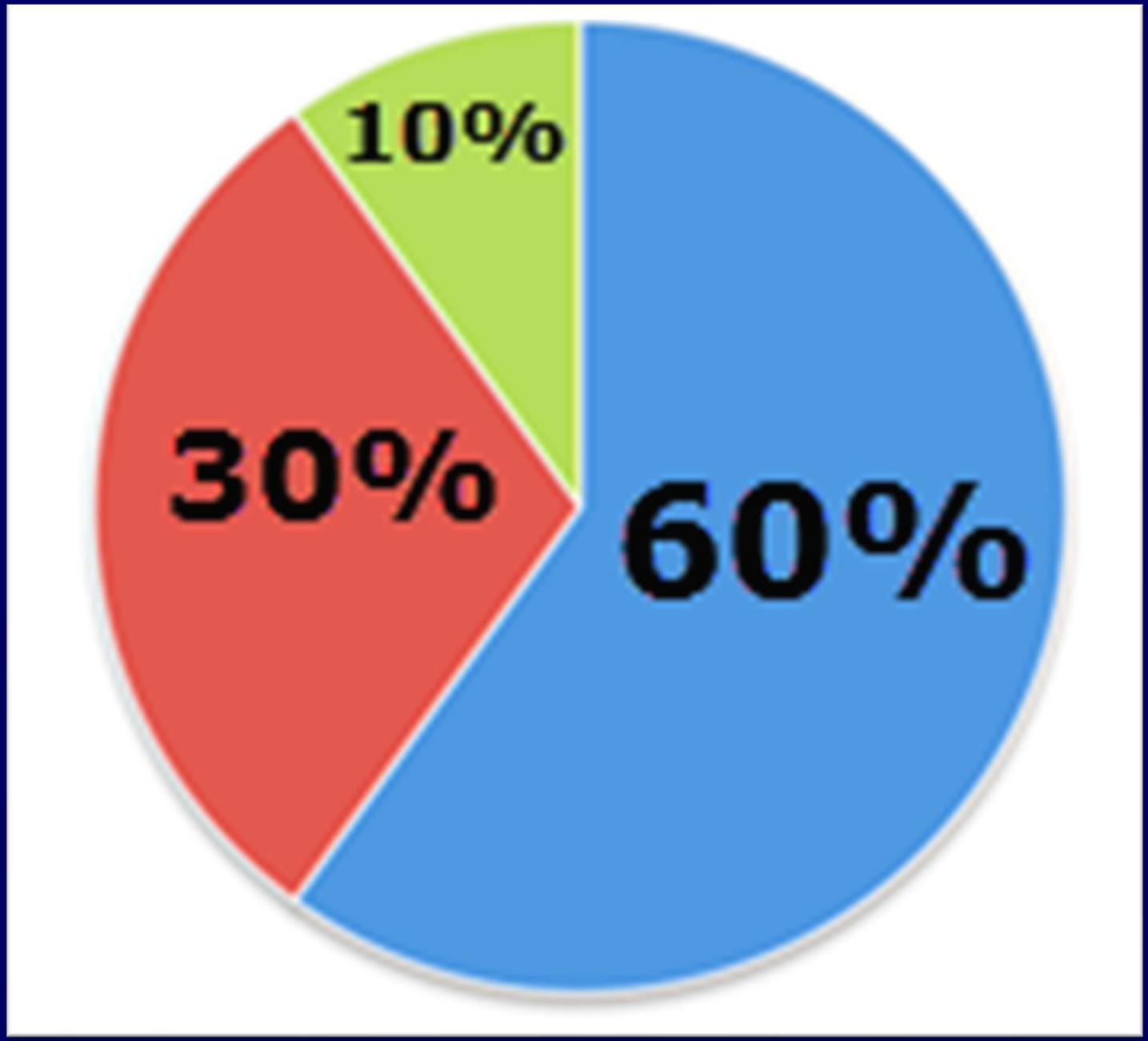
"But she who gives herself to wanton pleasure is **dead** even while she **lives**."



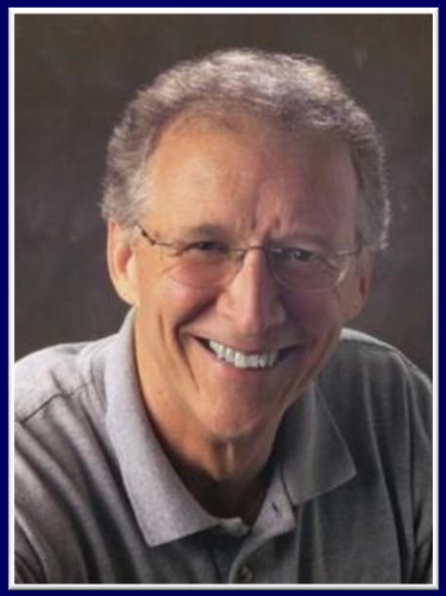
James 2:17, 20, 26

“17 Even so faith, if it has no works, is **dead [*nekros*]**, being by itself... 20 But are you willing to recognize, you foolish fellow, that faith without works is **useless [*argos*]**?...26 For just as the body without the spirit is **dead [*nekros*]**, so also faith without works is **dead [*nekros*]**.”




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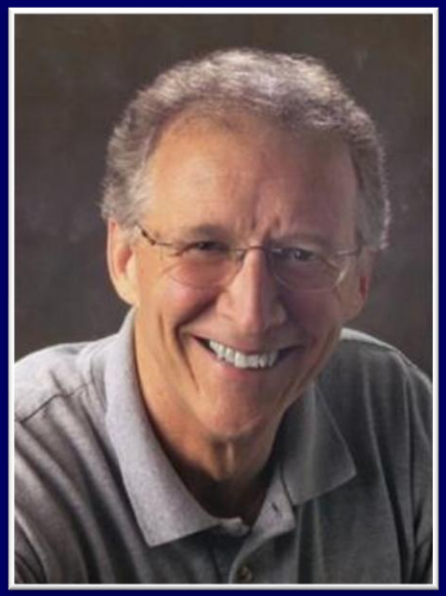
John Piper



"No Christian can be sure that he is a true believer. Hence, there is an ongoing need to be dedicated to the Lord and to deny ourselves so that we might make it."

John Piper and Pastoral Staff, TULIP: What We Believe about the Five Points of Calvinism: Position Paper of the Pastoral Staff (Desiring God Ministries, 1997), 25, cited in Dave Hunt, What Love is This?, 379.

John Piper



"What causes me to be anxious is the possibility that I may not be a Christian—that I might be *fake* / that everything I've ever done might be a farce—those are *horrible*, *horrible* thoughts; right?"

John Piper's Interview on Family Life Radio April 14, 2020
https://www.familylife.com/podcast/familylife-today/strategies-for-standing-firm-through-coronavirus/



R.C. Sproul, Jr.

"A while back I had one of those moments… Suddenly the question hit me: 'R.C. what if you are not one of the redeemed? What if your destiny is not heaven after all, but hell?' Let me tell you that I was flooded in my body with the chill that went from my head to the bottom of my spine. I was terrified. I begin to take stock of my life, and I looked at my performance. My sins came pouring into my mind, and the more I looked at myself the worst I felt. I thought, 'maybe it's really true. Maybe I'm not saved after all.'…Then I remembered John 6:68. Jesus had been giving out hard teaching, and many of His former followers had left Him. When He asked Peter if he was also going to leave, Peter said, 'where else can we go? Only you have the words of eternal life.' In other words, Peter was also uncomfortable, but he realized that being uncomfortable with Jesus was better than any other option."

"Assurance of Salvation" (Tabletalk, Ligonier Ministries, 1989), p. 20

R.T. Kendall

R. T. Kendall, *Calvin and English Calvinism to 1649* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1979), 2.

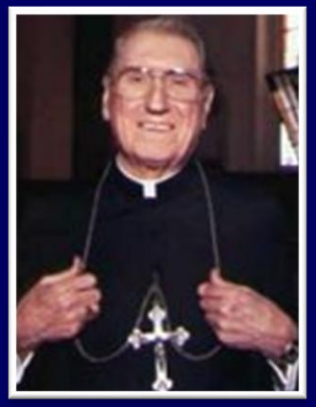
Interestingly, it has been recorded that "nearly all of the Puritan 'divines' [men who were Calvinistic and taught perseverance] went through great dread and despair on their deathbeds as they realized their lives did not give perfect evidence that they were elect."



Cardinal John O'Connor of NY

quoted in Samuel Howe Verhovek, *Cardinal Defends a Jailed Bishop Who Warned Cuomo on Abortion,* New York Times, February 1, 1990.

"Church teaching is that I don't know, at any given moment, what my eternal future will be… I can hope, pray, do my very best – but I still don't know. Pope John II doesn't absolutely know that he will go to heaven, nor does mother Theresa of Calcutta, unless either has had a special divine revelation."



John 5:24

"Truly, truly, I say to you, he who hears My word, and **believes Him** who sent Me, **has eternal life**, and does not come into judgment, but **has passed out** of death into life."



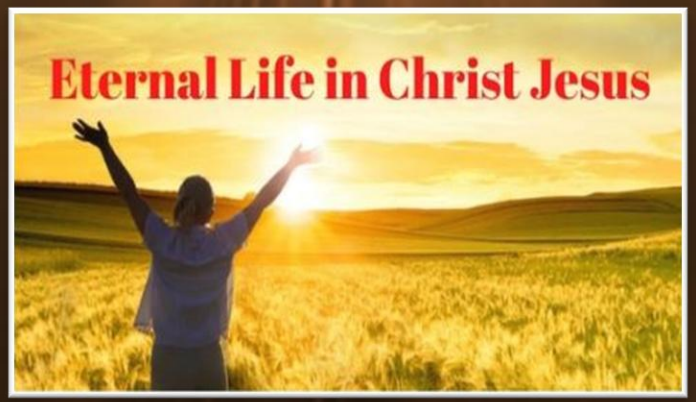
Acts 16:30-31

“30 and after he brought them out, he said, ‘Sirs, what must I do to be saved?’31 They said, ‘**Believe** in the Lord Jesus, and **you will be saved**, you and your household.’”



1 John 5:13

"These things I have **written** to **you** who believe in the name of the Son of God, so that you may **know** that you **have** eternal life."



DTS Doctrinal Statement
Article XI—Assurance

"We believe it is the privilege, not only of some, but of **all** by the Spirit through faith who are born again in Christ as revealed in the Scriptures, to be **assured** of their salvation from the **very day** they take Him to be their Savior and that this assurance is **not** founded upon any fancied discovery of their own **worthiness** or fitness, but wholly upon the testimony of God in His **written Word**, exciting within His children filial love..."



Lewis Sperry Chafer

"There is a normal Christian experience. There are new and blessed emotions and desires. Old things do pass away; and behold all things do become new; but ***all such experiences are but secondary evidences***, as to the fact of salvation, in that they grow out of that positive repose of faith which is the primary evidence."

Lewis Sperry Chafer, *Salvation: A Clear Doctrinal Analysis* (Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1977), 60. Italics added

Faith Manifesting Works
(2:14-26)

- Thesis: works accompany useful faith (2:14)
- Five illustrations (2:15-26)
  - Needy brother (2:15-17)
  - Demonic monotheist (2:18-19)
  - Abraham (2:20-24)
  - Rahab (2:25)
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Save	Justification	Sanctification
Faith	Saving faith	Serving faith
Works	Favor with God	Believer's moral deeds

James 1:19-23

“[19] This you know, my beloved brethren. But everyone must be quick to hear, slow to speak and slow to anger; [20] for the anger of man does not achieve the righteousness of God. [21] Therefore, putting aside all filthiness and all that remains of wickedness, in humility receive the word implanted, which is able to **save [*sōzō*]** your souls. [22] But prove yourselves doers of the word, and not merely hearers who delude themselves. [23] For if anyone is a hearer of the word and not a doer, he is like a man who looks at his natural face in a mirror.”

James 5:19-20

“19 My brethren, if any among you strays from the truth and one turns him back, 20 let him know that he who turns a sinner from the error of his way will **save [*sōzō*]** his soul from death and will cover a multitude of sins.”



Faith Manifesting Works
(2:14-26)

- Thesis: works accompany useful faith (2:14)
- **Five illustrations (2:15-26)**
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Harmony Between Paul and James

	PAUL	JAMES
Justification	Declaration of innocence before God	Evidence of usefulness of believer's faith before man
Save	Justification	Sanctification
Faith	Saving faith	Serving faith
Works	Favor with God	Believer's moral deeds

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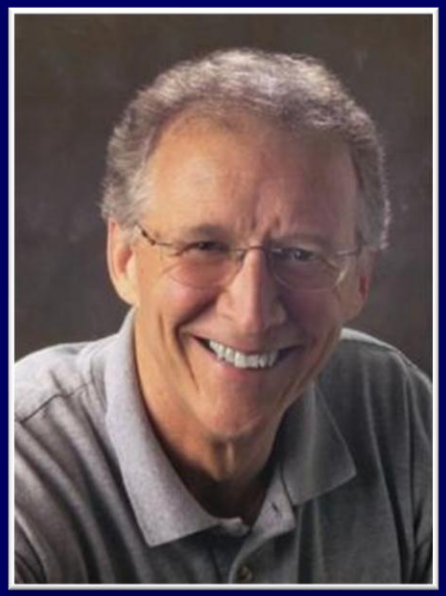


William Hendriksen

"Many trusted in his name; i.e., because of the manner in which his power was displayed they accepted him as a great prophet and perhaps even as the Messiah. This, however, is not the same as saying that they surrendered their hearts to him. **Not all faith is saving faith**..."

William Hendriksen, *A Commentary on the Gospel of John, 3d ed. (London: Banner of Truth Trust, 1964), p. 127.* (1978). Bibliotheca Sacra, 135. (1978). *Bibliotheca Sacra*, *135*.

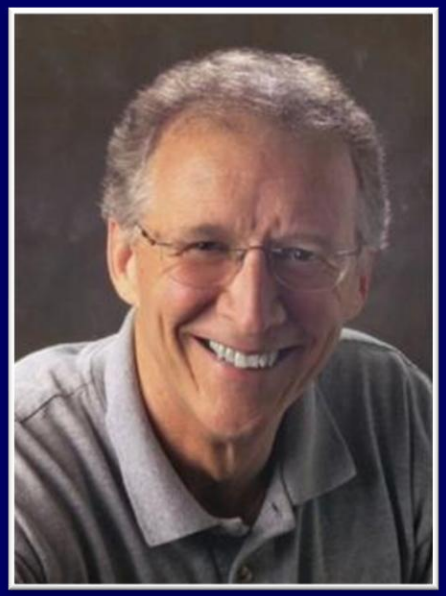
John Piper



"No Christian can be sure that he is a true believer. Hence, there is an ongoing need to be dedicated to the Lord and to deny ourselves so that we might make it."

John Piper and Pastoral Staff, TULIP: What We Believe about the Five Points of Calvinism: Position Paper of the Pastoral Staff (Desiring God Ministries, 1997), 25, cited in Dave Hunt, What Love is This?, 379.

John Piper



"What causes me to be anxious is the possibility that I may not be a Christian—that I might be *fake* / that everything I've ever done might be a farce—those are *horrible*, *horrible* thoughts; right?"

John Piper's Interview on Family Life Radio April 14, 2020 https://www.familylife.com /podcast/ familylife-today/strategies-for-standing-firm-through-coronavirus/

John 5:24

"Truly, truly, I say to you, he who hears My word, and **believes Him** who sent Me, **has eternal life**, and does not come into judgment, but **has passed out** of death into life."



Acts 16:30-31

“30 and after he brought them out, he said, ‘Sirs, what must I do to be saved?’31 They said, ‘**Believe** in the Lord Jesus, and **you will be saved**, you and your household.’”



Head Faith vs. Heart Faith?
(2:19)

- An apples and oranges comparison
  - Faith in Jesus Christ?
  - Plan of Salvation not open to the demons
  - The demons do believe (Matt. 8:28-29)





James 2:14-26

"James does not call the belief of the demons a mere 'recognition,' but he states they actually 'believe.' In fact, their faith does cause them to 'tremble.' James's point is that even the faith of demons results in some practical manifestation in their lives, so should not the genuine faith of these believers result in some profitable and demonstrable works toward other believers in need?"

Dennis Rokser, *Faith & Works: A Clarification of "Faith Without Works is Dead,"* p. 25

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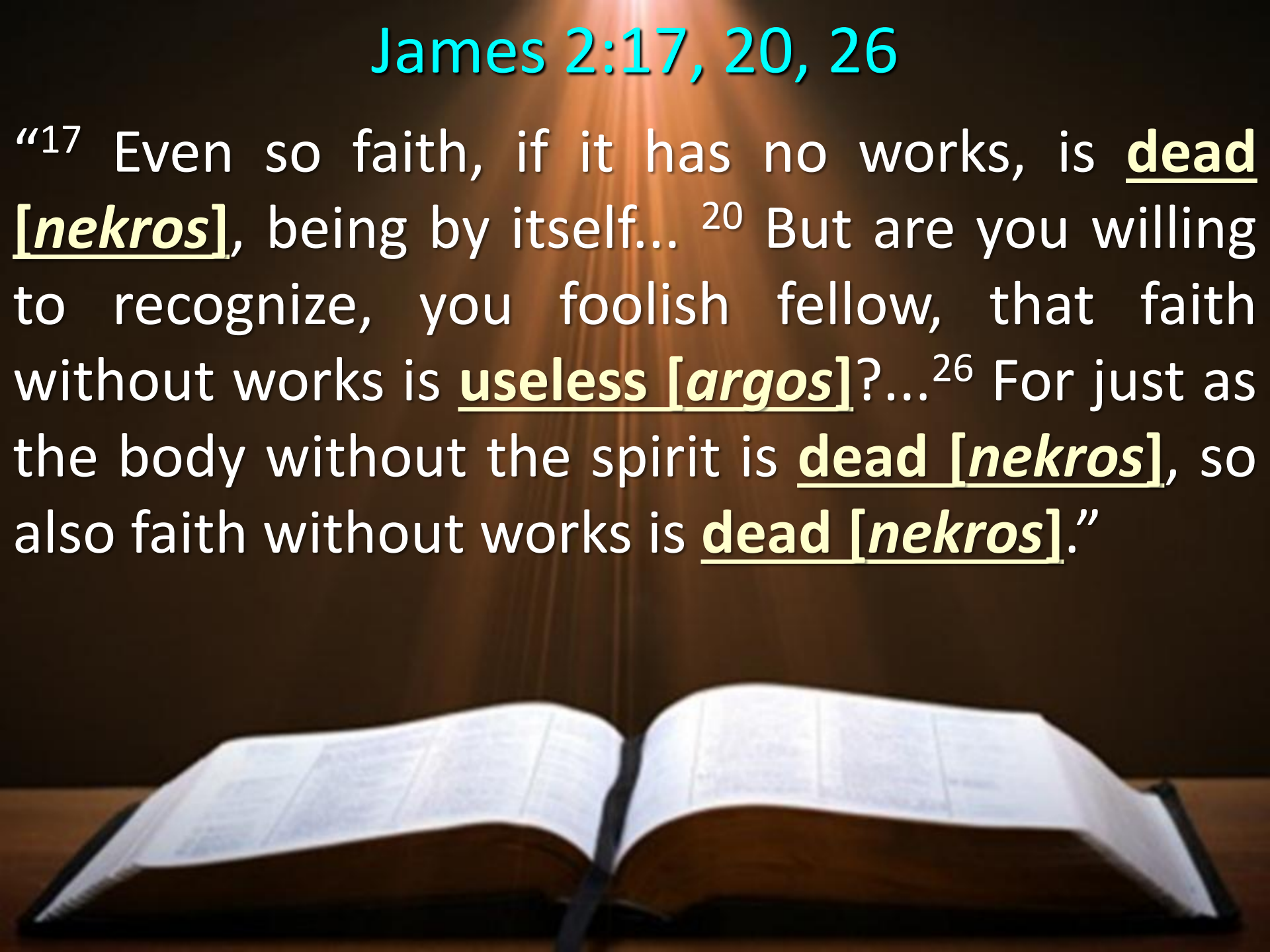


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James 2:17, 20, 26

“17 Even so faith, if it has no works, is **dead [*nekros*]**, being by itself... 20 But are you willing to recognize, you foolish fellow, that faith without works is **useless [*argos*]**?...26 For just as the body without the spirit is **dead [*nekros*]**, so also faith without works is **dead [*nekros*]**.”



Audience

- **<u>Jewish (1:1)</u>**
- Persecution (Acts 8:1-4; 11:19)
- In Babylon-Mesopotamia or North-Central Turkey?
- Believers (Jas 1:2-4)



James 1:1

"James, a bond-servant of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ, To the **twelve tribes** who are dispersed abroad: Greetings."

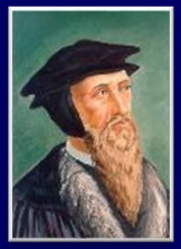


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Matthew 12:33-37

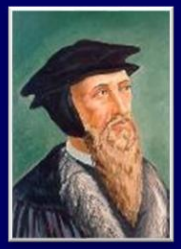
“33 Either make the tree good and its fruit good, or
make the tree bad and its fruit bad; for the tree is
known by its fruit. 34 You brood of vipers, how can
you, being evil, speak what is good? For the mouth
speaks out of that which fills the heart. 35 The good
man brings out of his good treasure what is good; and
the evil man brings out of his evil treasure what is
evil. 36 But I tell you that every careless word that
people speak, they shall give an accounting for it
in the day of judgment. 37 For by your words you will
be **justified [*dikaioō*]**, and by your words you will be
condemned.”



John Calvin

James 2:23 (Calvin Cath Epist)

"They who seek to prove from this passage of James that the works of Abraham were imputed for righteousness, must necessarily confess that Scripture is perverted by him; for however they may turn and twist, they can never make the effect to be its own cause. The passage is quoted from Moses. (Gen. 15:6.) The imputation of righteousness which Moses mentions, preceded **more than thirty years** the work by which they would have Abraham to have been justified. Since faith was imputed to Abraham fifteen years before the birth of Isaac, this could not surely have been done through the work of sacrificing him."



John Calvin

James 2:23 (Calvin Cath Epist)

"I consider that all those are bound fast by an indissoluble knot, who imagine that righteousness was imputed to Abraham before God, because he sacrificed his son Isaac, who was not yet born when the Holy Spirit declared that Abraham was justified. It hence necessarily follows that something posterior is pointed out here."

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James 2:22

"You see that faith was working with his works, and as a result of the works, faith was **perfected** [***teleioō***]."



Hebrews 5:14

"But solid food is for the **mature [*teleios*]**, who because of practice have their senses trained to discern good and evil."



James 2:24

"You see that a man is **justified [*dikaioō*]** by works and not by faith alone."



Matthew 12:33-37

“33 Either make the tree good and its fruit good, or
make the tree bad and its fruit bad; for the tree is
known by its fruit. 34 You brood of vipers, how can
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Mediterranean Sea
Gaza
CANAAN
Dead Sea
Beersheba
Arad
Way to the Land of the Philistines
Migdol
WILDERNESS OF ZIN
Rameses
EGYPT
Tahpanhes
Pithom?
GOSHEN
Succoth?
WILDERNESS OF SHUR
Kadesh-barnea
Punon
WILDERNESS OF PARAN
On
Memphis
Marah?
Timna
Elath
SINAI
Jotbathah?
Ezion-geber?
Nile River
Elim?
Red Sea
MIDIAN
Dophkah?
WILDERNESS OF SIN
Hazeroth?
Rephidim?
Mount Sinai? (Jebel Musa)
0
50
100 mi
0
50
100
150 km

James 2:25

"In the same way, was not Rahab the harlot also **justified [*dikaioō*]** by works when she received the messengers and sent them out by another way?"



Matthew 12:33-37

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James 2:14-26

"The word 'dead' in Scripture always carries the idea of 'separation,' never nonexistence. At physical death there is a separation of the soul and spirit from a person's body, yet that person continues to exist either in Heaven or Hell. When we see the body of a deceased person lying in an open casket at a funeral, we do not conclude that the person never really existed in the first place."

Dennis Rokser, *Faith & Works: A Clarification of "Faith Without Works is Dead,"* p. 22



James 2:14-26

"Just as there is a separation of the soul and spirit from the body without denying the reality of the soul and spirit, James is not denying the existence or reality of initial faith in Christ for first-tense salvation among his readers whose faith was separated from good works."

Dennis Rokser, *Faith & Works: A Clarification of "Faith Without Works is Dead,"* p. 22

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1 Corinthians 3:10-12

“10 According to the grace of God which was given to me, like a wise master builder I laid a foundation, and another is building on it. But each man must be careful how he builds on it. 11 For no man can lay a foundation other than the one which is laid, which is Jesus Christ. 12 Now if any man builds on the foundation with gold, silver, precious stones, wood, hay, straw…”



1 Corinthians 3:14-15

“14 If any man’s work which he has built on it remains, he will receive a reward. 15 **If any man’s work is burned up, he will suffer loss**; but he himself will be saved, yet so as through fire.”



CONCLUSION

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