L64 | Ephesians | "But Now in Christ" | Eph. 2:11-18

I. Intro/Review:

- Time Past
 - Far Off Aliens and Strangers
 - Gentile judgment
 - Jewish despisal

II. Preview:

- The Lord's Earthly Ministry
- But Now in Christ

III. Sermon:

But now in Christ Jesus ye who sometimes were far off are made nigh by the blood of Christ. {Eph 2:13}

- "But now in Christ Jesus"
 - Not now "in Israel" or "with Israel"
 - Part of the exceeding greatness of His power wrought in Christ when He raised Him from the dead and set Him at His right hand in the heavenly places.
 - Not simply rise to reign in Israel, but at the Father's right hand.
 - Christ is the greater Israel and He doesn't simply have salvation in view
 - In Ephesians 2:1-10 Adamic identity to identity in Christ (justification)
 - In Ephesians 2:11-18 Dispensational identity far off (election)
 - Reconciling the World
 - From previous "given up" (gave up, up, over) state far off
 - Rom. 5:9-10
 - Rom. 9:22-33
 - Rom. 10:11-13 Lord over all (:9 raised from the dead)
 - □ Acts 17:30-31
 - Rom. 11:11-15, 30-36
 - 2 Cor. 5:18-21
 - Not individual reconciliation, nor in one body, but the reconciling of the world
 - The status change of the world
 - "ye who sometimes were far off"
 - Aliens and strangers
 - The temple divided into different places or courts

- Most important holiest of all Heb. 10:1ff
- Only one man allowed to go high priest once a year Heb. 10:11
 - Heb. 10:12 doesn't stand, but sits
- Outer court court of the Gentiles
 - Eph.
- "are made nigh by the blood of Christ."
 - Lev. 21:21 "come nigh"
 - Heb. 7:19 "draw nigh"
 - Not by the law the blood of bulls and goats
 - Gentiles today don't go through the law
 - "are made" aorist (happened and continues passive indicative)
 - "nigh" near, at hand
 - "made us accepted in the beloved" (Eph. 1:6)
 - "access" to that which the temple signified, not its type and shadow
 - Rom. 5:1-2
 - Eph. 2:18, 3:12 (Heb. 4:16; 10:18-22
 - The fruit of the covenant the testament, the testimony of Christ we partake of
 - Rom. 15:

For he is our peace, who hath made both one, and hath broken down the middle wall of partition between us; {Eph 2:14}

Having abolished in his flesh the enmity, even the law of commandments contained in ordinances; for to make in himself of twain one new man, so making peace; {Eph 2:15}

And that he might reconcile both unto God in one body by the cross, having slain the enmity thereby:

{Eph 2:16}

And came and preached peace to you which were afar off, and to them that were nigh. {Eph 2:17}

For through him we both have access by one Spirit unto the Father. {Eph 2:18}

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IV. Conclusion: