L132 | I Corinthians | Charity Vaunteth Not Itself Pt. 2 | I Cor. 13:4-7

I. Intro/Review:

- "envy" spirit of dissatisfaction to another's prosperity in comparison to your own
 - Someone has more than we do or more happiness than we do
 - Comparative eminence is above and others below
 - Glad to see others diminished
 - Backbiting reputation or prominence diminished in eyes of others
- It isn't that a Christian will never have this disposition of spirit, but when it is recognized it will be abhorred and unbecoming to Christ and contrary to the Spirit.

II. Preview:

- Charity's fight against envy
- Charity Vaunteth Not Itself

III. Sermon:

- Charity's fight against envy
 - 1. Contentment Php. 4
 - Contentment of estate
 - Quietness 1 Tim. 2
 - Satisfaction of allotments, stations, and possessions
 - Whether rich or poor
 - Whether greatest to least
 - 2. Rejoice at others prosperity
 - Rom. 12:15
 - 1 Cor. 12 one honored all honored (care for all)
 - 3. Christ
 - 2 Cor. 8:9
 - Php. 2
 - 1 Jn. 4:7, 16

Charity suffereth long, and is kind; charity envieth not; charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up, {1 Corinthians 13:4}

- "charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up,"
 - 3 Component of Charity being brought up
 - 1. "charity suffereth long, and is kind"
 - 2. "charity envieth not;"

- 3. "charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up,"
 - 2. "doth not behave itself unseemly"
 - 3. "seeketh not her own, is not easily provoked, thinketh no evil;"

• "vaunteth not itself"

- "vaunteth" to boast; make a vain display of one own's worth, attainments or decorations
 - Overvalue and estimation of self
 - 1. "charity suffereth long, and is kind" meekly bearing the injuries from others upon our estate
 - 2. "charity envieth not" the proper view of others estate in comparison to our own
 - 3. "charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up," the godly perspective of one own's estate
 - Charity in the one hand keeps us from envying what others have and in the other restrains and prevents us from glorying in what we possess or are
 - Charity is contrary to the spirit of envy upon others estate and equally contrary to the swelling mind of one's own estate.
 - Prosperity, by which I mean, high reputation or abundant wealth, etc doesn't equal pride but lends to it as often "envy" reveals.
 - 1 Timothy 6:1ff (:5, 9-11, 17-19)
 - When one is of an high estate yet does not vaunt nor behave unseemly it
 manifests godliness; therefore, a contrariness to the world, the norm and
 standard and instead of envy, strife, or contention it can work a godly
 satisfaction of others in the enjoyment of your high estate.
 - Consistent to God and godliness Riches of God's grace/riches of His mercy (Eph. 1&2)
 - Charity would have us behave suitably to our condition
 - 1. If below = envy not/contentment/thankfulness/give
 - 2. If above = pride not/contentment/thankfulness/give

• "vaunteth not itself"

- A behavior indecent and unbecoming to one's high estate as God is concerned
- The antithesis of "vaunting" is humility
- True-godly humility comes from the perpetual mind and heart derived from our comparative unworthiness before God and that we will have to give an account to our disposition and behavior.
 - Rom. 12:3
 - Gen. 18:27

- This Christian, humble spirit derived from our understanding before God is then pointed toward man.
 - Not greedy (Eph. 4) of honor, riches, possessions, etc
 - Rom. 12:16 mind not high things
 - Not seeking recognition from others, solicit his abilities for the sake of honor
 - Content with estate that has been allot to him
 - Does not parade his abilities, not seeking to esteem himself
 - Does not have the behavior of the Pharisee to be seen of men but content that His Father in heaven beholds in secret
 - Luke 17:7-10
 - Luke 14:7-11
- Godly humility isn't arrogant or assuming
- Godly humility is the influence of the Spirit of Christ believed in the saint
- Not to think that all others are to bow to them, and all others are to give place to them and that no one is as much importance as themselves.
- As one teacher stated, "he is not forward to take himself that which does not belong to him...as if the earth ought to be subject to his bidding."
- Rather the one that vaunteth not himself, but to be humble and esteem and consider others
 - Php. 2
 - Jas. 1:21, 27
- "condescend" without being "condescending"
- Raise other up and honor those above

Doth not behave itself unseemly, seeketh not her own, is not easily provoked, thinketh no evil;
{1 Corinthians 13:5}

IV. Conclusion: