# L10: The Gospels: The Gospel of God Pt. 2

# Read Romans 1:1-5 Pray

# **Summary Points:**

#### **Mentions**

- Romans 1:1
- Romans 15:16
- 2 Corinthians 11:7
- 1 Thessalonians 2:2, 8-9 (1 The. 2:4)
- 1 Timothy 1:11
- (Galatians 3:8)
- 1 Peter 4:17

# Two Major Times during the Scriptures of the Prophets

- Adam to Moses (Rom. 5:14)
  - o Adam Rom. 1:18-2:12
  - o Abraham Rom. 4:1-5, 9:25
- Moses to Christ (Rom. 5:20-21; John 1:14-18)
  - o Moses the law Rom. 2:12-3:20
    - Rom. 3:21-31
    - Rom. 6:14, 7:6
    - Galatians 3, 4
  - o David Rom. 4:6-8
  - Habakkuk Rom. 1:16-18
  - o Christ John 1:14-18
    - Rom. 5:15ff

#### Law & Grace

- Rom. 3
- Rom. 6
- Gal. 4
- 2 Cor. 3
- Acts 17

### **Lesson Points:**

- The Gospel of God
  - Its' Components
    - {seed} Adam The Problem, The Fall, Sin, The Promise, The Seed
    - {seed} Abraham The Faith, The Justification, The Seed (justification)
    - Moses The Law, Condemnation, Death, Guilt
    - {seed} David The Son, The Seed, The Relationship (sanctification)
    - {seed} Christ The Grace, The Redemption, The Seed
    - Paul The Revealing

#### Adam - The Problem, The Fall, Sin, The Promise, The Seed

- o Romans 1:1-5
- Romans 5:14 Adam to Moses (atonement "one man" status)
  - 1 Cor. 15:22 "in Adam all die"
  - 1 Cor. 15:45 "first man Adam"
    - ☐ :47 "first man...second man"
- o Genesis 3:1ff
  - Job 31:33
- o Genesis 3:15 "the seed"

## • Abraham - The Faith, The Justification, The Seed (justification)

- o Romans 4:1ff
  - Context Romans 3
- o Genesis 12:1-4
  - Context Genesis 13 Abram & Lot
    - ☐ Genesis 14 Battle of the Kings
  - Genesis 15:1ff
- o Galatians 3:8, 9, 14-18, 29
- o Galatians 4:22
  - Allegory A figurative sentence or discourse, in which the principal subject is described by another subject resembling it in its properties and circumstances. The principal subject is thus kept out of view, and we are left to collect the intentions of the writer or speaker, by the resemblance of the secondary to the primary subject. Allegory is in words that hieroglyphics are in painting. We have a fine example of an allegory in the eightieth Psalm, in which God's chosen people are represented by a vineyard. The distinction in scripture between a parable and an allegory, is said to be that a parable is a supposed history, and an allegory, a figurative description of real facts. An allegory is called a continued metaphor.
- o Heb. 2:16
- God's has His purpose with Abraham's seed and nation building while having a
  greater purpose with man when it comes to their blessing in the earth and when it
  comes to man's need for righteousness.
- Moses The Law, Condemnation, Death, Guilt

#### Off shoots

The gospel of Christ The gospel of the grace of God Paul's gospel