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1/10/93

Leviticus 16-17

The Day of Atonement is now introduced since all the other necessary preparations had been made.

- Ex.25-40 The pattern for the Tabernacle.
- <u>Lev.1-7</u> The various sacrifices.
- <u>Lev.8-10</u> The mediating priest.
- <u>Lev.11-15</u> The issues of clean and uncleanness.

The Day of Atonement was the most important day of the year to the Jew.

- The Rabbies called it "Yome", "The Day".
- The sins of the nation were forgiven through
 - repentance once a year.
- Chronological order would put Chapter 16 right after Chapter 10.

16:1-2 The warning regarding the Day of Atonement.

- <u>16:1</u> Their death is related to entry into the Holy place.
 - 1) He was not to come in any way.

16:2 2) He was not to come in at any time.

- 3) God would appear in the cloud above the mercy seat. <u>Ex.25:22</u>.
- 4) The warning was lest he die.
- * Heb.9:1-10.

<u>16:3-28</u> <u>Instructions and procedures for the Day.</u>

- 1) He came as a sinner dedicated to God into the Holy place.
- **16:4 2)** His dress of glory and beauty was not worn but the common linen garments Ex.28:40-42.
 - The turban was the only thing to distinguish him from the others.
 - **3)** He washed ceremonially Matt.3:15.
 - The mitre would be on him Ex.28:38.
 - * white symbolized purity and humility.
 - * Picture of Christ except for the need of a sin offering Phil.2:5-11, Heb.7:27-28.
- **16:5** Provision for the congregation two kids of the goats.
 - 1) for sin offering

2) for burnt offering
High Priest needed first to atone for his sins to be an intercessor.

16:7-10 Lots were cast on the two goats

- 1) for sin offering on alter
- **2)** for the scapegoat into the wilderness, <u>14:7</u>.
- **scapegoat** to go away, removal. vs.8,10 2 times, 26.
- * Both were for atonement.
- * The word atonement means "cover" appearing 14 times in Chapter 16, 52 times in Leviticus, not absolute putting away but securing till future payment. Jn.1:29, 2Cor.5:21.
- **3)** The wilderness to the Jew represented the place of demons and spirits.
- Jews were tempted in the wilderness Matt.4, Is.13:21, 34:14, Matt.12:43.
- **16:14 1)** Aarons first entry for himself and house <u>vs.11</u>.
 - **2)** Aaron offered incense in the Holy of Holies <u>vs.12</u>.
 - **3)** Aaron offered the blood on the mercy seat sprinkled 7 times, perfect atonement vs.13-14.

* This is second entry! <u>Heb.9:11-</u> 15, 23-28.

- **16:15** Aarons 3rd entry for the people.
- **16:16** Tabernacle was cleansed.
- 16:17 The work was done by no one but Aaron.
- **16:18-19** The alter of brass was cleansed.
- 16:20-22 1) The live goat was brought to impart sin to it by laying of hands vs.20.
 - 2) Sins are confessed and sent to wilderness vs.21.
 - 3) The goat bears the iniquities of the people $\underline{vs.22}$.
 - * <u>scapegoat</u> <u>Is.53:4, 12,</u> Ps.103:12, Mic.4:19.
- 16:23-25 High Priest disrobes, washes and puts on the royal garments as evidence of the finished work Heb.10:1-4, 11-18.
- **16:26** ceremonially unclean
- <u>16:27</u> <u>Lev.4:12, 21, 6:30</u> law
- 16:28 ceremonial cleaning

16:29-34 The Summary Statement

- **16:29** 1) stature forever <u>vs.31c</u>, vs.34a.
 - 2) Oct.10
 - **3**) time of humbling themselves in prayer, fastings and sackcloth
 - 4) no work
- **<u>16:30</u>** A day of national forgiveness
- **16:31** Sabbath of solemn rest <u>Is.58:3-12</u>.
- <u>16:32-33</u> The High Priests instruction for atonement.
- 16:34 Obedience

17:1-16 The Sanctity of Blood

- 17:1-9 Law for the slaughter for food and sacrifice.
 - <u>17:1-2</u> Law is to Aaron, sons and Israel.
 - **17:3-4 kill** slaughter for food. in the wilderness meat was not the customary food Num.11:4.
 - <u>Deut.12:15-16, 20-27</u> modified it for promise land.

- 17:5-6 They were to offer it as a peace offering at the tabernacle and discourage idolatry.
- The practice of the day.

 demons having goat, goat God of half man and half goat.

 Spiritual adultery Hos.1-4, 9,

 Jer.2-3, Ezk.16, 23, 1 Cor.10:14
 22.
- **17:8-9** Burnt offerings also were to be offered at the prescribed place.

17:10-16 The Law of blood

- <u>17:10</u> Act 15 Church Council strangled meat.
- 17:11-12 1) The life of the flesh is in the blood.
 - 3:17, 7:26, 19:26, Deut.12:16, 23, 15:23, 1 Sam.14:32.
 - 2) God gave it as the means of atonement.
 - **3**) The blood is efficacious only by prescribed ritual.
 - **4)** Life is valuable <u>Gen.9;4,</u> <u>Num.35:31-34</u>.
 - * Heb.9:22, 1 Pet.1:19.

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17:13-14 For wild animals, they were to pour the blood into the ground Gen.4:10, Deut.12:15-16, 22.

<u>17:15-16</u> For eating animals who died naturally or torn.