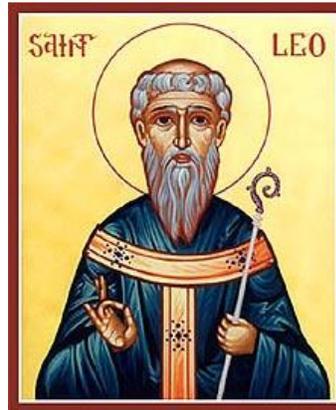


5. THE ADULTEROUS CHURCH: POPES & POWERS

Papacy Before the Fall of Rome



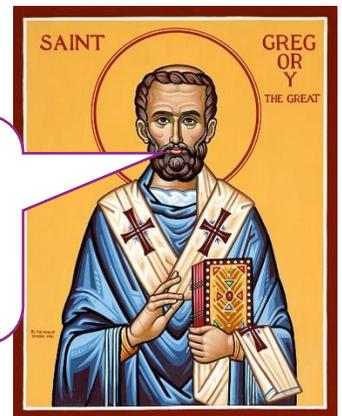
Leo the Great (400 - 461)

Papacy After the Fall of Rome

- East-West Strain
- Rivalry for Papacy
- Corruption
- Syncretism
- Influence of Gregory I
 - Missions
 - Penance
 - Purgatory
 - Communion as Sacrifice

“[A pastor] ought to touch the hearts of his hearers out of one doctrine, but not with one and the same exhortation.”

- *Book of Pastoral Rule*



Gregory the Great (540 - 604)

Papacy After Carolingian Dynasty (10th c.)

“From then on, pope succeeded pope in rapid sequence. Their history is one of intrigues too complicated to follow here, as the papacy became the prize for which the various rival parties in Rome and beyond the Alps fought. Popes were strangled, or died of starvation in dungeons where they had been thrown by their successors. At times there were two popes, or even three, each claiming to be the one true successor of Saint Peter.”

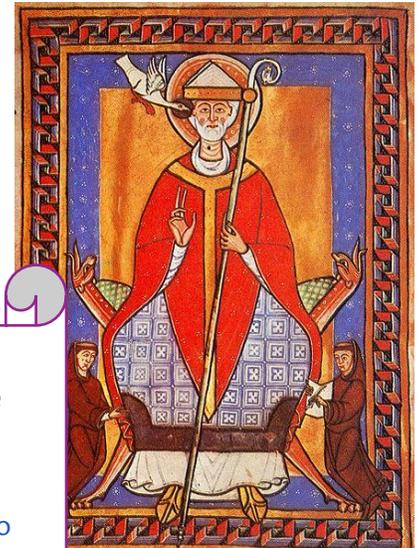
– Justo Gonzalez, *The Story of Christianity*

The Reforming Popes

- Pope Leo IX (1049-1054)
 - Bruno of Toul
 - Killed by Norsemen
 - Delegate, Humbert, contributed to East-West division



- Pope Gregory VII (1073-1085)
 - Hildebrand
 - Forbid marriage of clergy & simony
 - Forbid translation of Vulgate
 - Beginning of feud between papacy and emperor



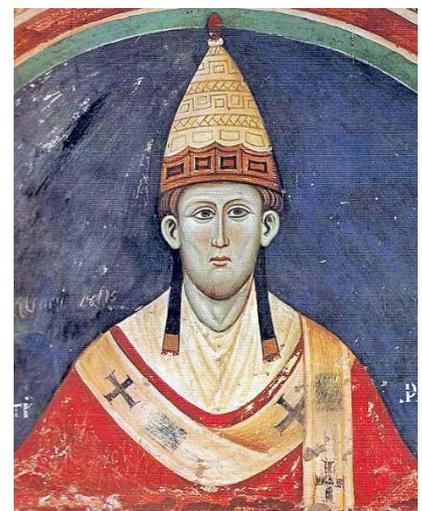
“Only the Pope can with right be called ‘Universal’... His name alone shall be spoken in the churches... His title is unique in the world... It may be permitted to him to depose emperors... No chapter and no book shall be considered canonical without his authority... The Roman Church has never erred. Nor will it err, to all eternity--Scripture being witness...”

– *Dictatus Papae*, 1075

- Concordat of Worms (1122)
 - Peace between papacy and emperor brokered under Pope Calixtus II

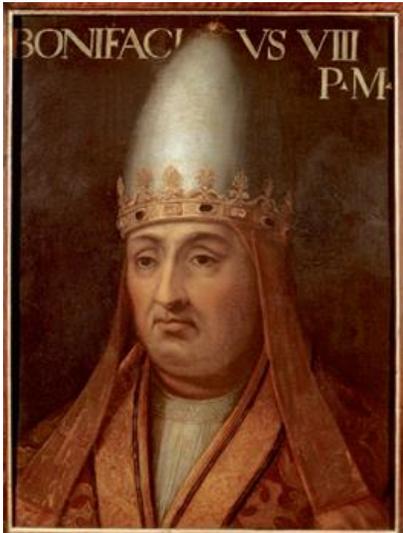
Innocent III

- Most powerful pope in history
 - Deposed emperors and kings
 - Instituted the Inquisition
- Confirmed founding of Dominican & Fransiscan Orders
- Fourth Lateran Council
 - Doctrine of Transubstantiation
 - Condemnation of Waldensians & Albigensians
 - Inquisition



Pope Innocent III (1161 - 1216)

Boniface VII



Pope Boniface VIII (1294-1303)

That there is one holy (*unum sanctum*), Catholic and apostolic church we are bound to believe and hold, our faith urging us, and this we do firmly believe and simply confess: that outside this church there is no salvation or remission of sins. . . . We declare, state, define, and pronounce that it is altogether necessary to salvation for every human creature to be subject to the Roman pontiff.”

- *Unum Sanctum*, 1302

Babylonian Captivity of the Church

- Papacy moved from Rome to Avignon (1309 – 1377)
- Western Schism (1378-1417)
- Papalists vs. Conciliarists