

Isaiah

The Fifth Gospel

I have some good news and some bad news. First the bad news: you and your cities are going to be _____. Now the good news: your descendants will have a Deliverer and will _____ to Jerusalem to live in peace. That is Isaiah's message in a nutshell.

“Born into an influential upper-class family, Isaiah rubbed shoulders with _____ and gave advice concerning the _____ affairs of the nation. Though usually _____ at, he warned vigorously against foreign alliances and urged _____ to trust the Lord. After living most of his life in Jerusalem, tradition says that Isaiah was _____ during the reign of Manasseh by being _____ in two inside a hollow log (cf. Heb. 11:37).”
(Ryrie Study Bible)

Isaiah's ministry spans the reigns of four kings of Judah (Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah) and covers a period of about _____ years. His writings begin with a warning to the _____ Kingdom, Judah (tribes of Judah and Benjamin), that the _____ (a world power not yet in existence) will _____ Jerusalem and take the people _____ if they don't turn from their wicked ways. Isaiah's ministry ended about 680 B.C., and his prophetic words regarding Babylon vividly came true in 586 B.C.

Isaiah's prophecies, however, included much more than just Babylon. He also predicted the rise of a world ruler named _____, who would come to rule the nation of _____, conquer the Babylonians, and permit the exiled Israelites to _____ to Jerusalem to _____ their city and even their temple. And this was prophesied almost _____ years before Cyrus was even born!

Isaiah also foretold of the suffering and reigning of the future _____, even describing the events of His _____ and _____ in amazing detail (see chapter 53).

“More about the person and work of _____ is found here than in any other book of the Old Testament.” (Ryrie Study Bible)

Isaiah is quoted or alluded to in the New Testament approximately _____ times, more than any other O.T. prophet,.

The book of Isaiah can be outlined as follows:

<u>Chapters</u>	<u>Theme</u>
1–35	Prophecies of _____
36–39	Parenthesis of _____
40–66	Prophecies of _____

Some key verses:

1. The spiritual _____ of the nation of Judah described (Isa. 1:1–6)
2. _____ and your sins will be as _____ as snow (Isa. 1:18–20).
3. The _____ Kingdom predicted (Isa. 2:1–4)
4. The inglorious _____ of Judah is predicted (Isa. 3:8,16–26).
5. Isaiah’s vision of the _____ (Isa. 6:1–7)
6. Isaiah responds to God’s _____ (Isa. 6:8).
7. The _____ fulfillment prophecy of a _____ giving birth (Isa. 7:14–17; Mt. 1:20–23)
8. The _____ and _____ of Christ predicted (Isa. 9:2,6,7)
9. The _____, _____, and _____ of Christ predicted (Isa. 11:1–9)
10. Judgment on _____ predicted (Isa. 13:1,17–20)
11. _____ five “I wills” (Isa. 14:12–15)
12. _____ on Moab, Damascus, Ethiopia (Cush), Egypt, Babylon, Jerusalem, and Tyre (Isaiah chapters 15–23)
13. Isaiah goes _____ for three _____ as an object lesson to Judah (Isa. 20:2–4)
14. The future _____ and the _____ Kingdom are described. These chapters have been called Isaiah’s _____ (Isaiah chapters 24–27).

15. The earth will be laid _____ during the Tribulation, and kings and angel-demons _____ (Isa. 24:3,19-23).
16. In the Messianic Kingdom, the _____ of the Lord will _____ the sun (Isa. 24:23; Rev. 21:23).
17. The Messiah will "swallow up _____ for all time" (Isa. 25:8; 1 Cor. 15:54; Rev. 21:4).
18. A future _____ resurrection is foretold (Isa. 26:19; Job 19:26; Dan. 12:2,13).
19. The Jewish leaders are indignant that Isaiah _____ them as if they were little _____ (Isa. 28:9,10).
20. But the joke will be on the Jewish leaders when God uses the Assyrians, whose _____ will be unintelligible, to _____ Israel (Isa. 28:11,13; 1 Cor. 14:21).
21. The future Messiah is the _____ (Isa. 28:16; Rom. 9:33; 1 Pet. 2:6).
22. Insincere and _____ worship will be dealt with (Isa. 29:13,14).
23. Woe to those who _____ the prophets on what to prophecy (Isa. 30:10,11).
24. _____! For the Lord longs to be _____ to you (Isa. 30:15,18).
25. God will _____ the destroyer, King Sennacherib of Assyria (Isa. 33:1,10,11).
26. Some of the _____ of the future _____ Kingdom (Isa. 35:3-10)

Chapters 36-39 describe some of the dramatic events during the reign of King Hezekiah, including when King Sennacherib of Assyria tried to conquer Judah.

27. King Sennacherib _____ King Hezekiah and _____ God's ability to deliver Judah (Isa. 36:1,14,15,18).
28. King Hezekiah _____ to God, asking for _____ from the Assyrians (Isa. 37:15,20).
29. God answers King Hezekiah's prayer, _____ 185,000 Assyrians in their sleep, and King Sennacherib heads home and is _____ while worshipping his false gods (Isa. 37:35-38).
30. Hezekiah becomes _____ ill, prays to God, and his life is _____ fifteen years (Isa. 38:1-5).
31. King Hezekiah proudly shows off all of his _____ to his _____ visitors. Big _____ (Isa. 39:1-6)!