## Judaism Outreach

Introduction (Who I am, my experience in brief)

What you should know about the Jewish people

- Know what sect you are dealing with (Orthodox, Conservative, Reformed)
- Assumptions you shouldn't make
  - o All Jews keep the Law
  - o All Jews know the Old Testament
  - All Jews have a copy of the Bible (Tanakh/OT) and have read it for themselves
  - Their English translation of the Tanakh says the same as our OT English translation (example of Isaiah 9:6)
  - All Jews believe in a Messianic King who will come
- Assumptions you can make
  - All Jews know about the Feasts of Israel (and practice most them)
  - All Jewish synagogues follow a set reading schedule, especially for holidays

## New King James version:

"For unto us a Child is born, unto us a Son is given; and the government will be upon His shoulder. And His name will be called Wonderful, Counselor, Mighty God, Everlasting Father, Prince of Peace." - Isaiah 9:6

### Tanakh version:

"For a child has been born to us, a son has been given us. And authority has settled on his shoulders. He has been named "The Mighty God is planning grace; The Eternal Father, a peaceable ruler\*" Isaiah 9:5, Tanakh JPS

Engaging the Jewish community

- Leverage the practice of the feasts
- Leverage the reading schedule that the rabbis follow know when Jewish ears are open to different messages and when you have the opportunity to offer a "timely word"
- Leverage the passages that the rabbis skip (i.e. Isaiah 53)

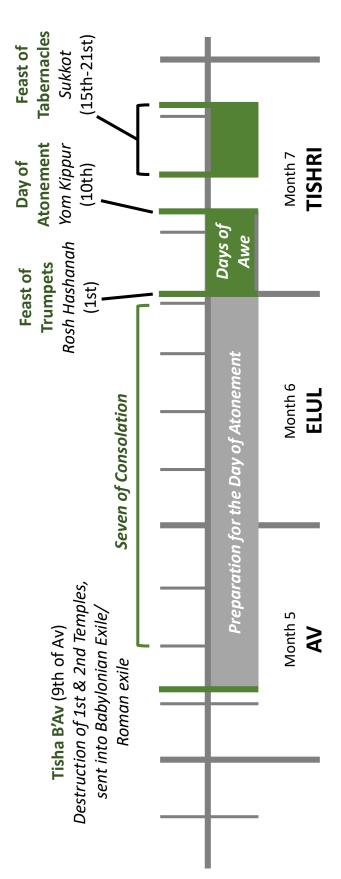
Practical examples from the Fall Festival readings: Passages you can ask questions about that lead to a consideration of the Messiah

Do your homework

- Keep one foot in the Hebrew calendar and become familiar with the reading schedule – prepare for the opportunities
- Learn basic Jewish terminology

Feasts		
Passover	Pesach	
Feast of Weeks	Shavuot (sha-voo-oat)	
Feast of Trumpets	Rosh Hashanah	
Day of Atonement	Yom Kippur	
Feast of Tabernacles	Sukkot (sue-coat)	
Bible terminology		
Old Testament	Tanakh (TNK)	
Law reading	Torah portion	
Prophets reading	Haftarah portion	
Weekly sermon	Parashah	
Jesus	Yeshua (salvation)	





# **Bride and Bridegroom Analogy**

sending His adulterous wife, Israel, into exile. From Tisha B'Av to the Day of Atonement is the Bride's journey of self-assessment, repentance, and return to the Bridegroom. God reconciles with her on the Day of Atonement. The destruction of the Temple is likened to God, the angry Bridegroom, tearing down the bridal chamber and Feast of Tabernacles is likened to a wedding feast celebrating their reconciliation.

# Seven of Consolation

Seven passages from Isaiah meant to bring comfort to the exiled Bride and spur her to repent and return to the Bridegroom.

# **READING SCHEDULE FOR THE FALL FESTIVALS**

<b>August 10</b> Av 9 (Tisha B'Av)		Deuteronomy 1:1–3:22 Isaiah 1:1–27, Jeremiah 8:13–9:23; Book of Lamentations
August 17 Av 16 (Consolation #1)	TORAH: HAFTARAH: PSALM 23	CONSOLATION PASSAGES Deut 3:23–7:11 Isaiah 40:1–26 ( <i>Comfort, yes, comfort My people</i> )
August 24 Av 23 (Consolation #2)	<b>TORAH:</b> HAFTARAH: PSALM 37	Deut 7:12–11:25 Isaiah 49:14–51:3 ( <i>The LORD has forsaken me</i> )
August 31 Av 30 (Consolation #3)	<b>TORAH:</b> HAFTARAH: PSALM 122	Deut 11:26–16:17 Isaiah 54:11–55:5 ( <i>O you afflicted one, tossed with tempest</i> )
<b>September 7</b> Elul 7 (Consolation #4)	<b>TORAH:</b> <b>HAFTARAH:</b> PSALM 33	Deut 16:18–21:9 Isaiah 51:12–52:12 ( <i>I</i> , <i>even I</i> , <i>am He who comforts you</i> )
<b>September 14</b> Elul 14 (Consolation #5)	<b>TORAH</b> : <b>HAFTARAH</b> : PSALM 121	Deut 21:10–25:19 Isaiah 54:1–10 ( <i>Sing, O barren, You who have not borne</i> !)
<b>September 21</b> Elul 21 (Consolation #6)	<b>TORAH</b> : <b>HAFTARAH</b> : PSALM 128	Deut 26:1–29:8 Isaiah 60:1–22 ( <i>Arise, shine; for your light has come!</i> )
<b>September 28</b> Elul 28 (Consolation #7)	<b>TORAH</b> : <b>HAFTARAH</b> : PSALM 34	Deut 29:9–30:20 Isaiah 61:10–63:9 ( <i>I will greatly rejoice in the LORD</i> ,)
<b>September 30</b> Tishrei 1 (Rosh Hashanah/ Feast of Trumpets)	<b>TORAH:</b> HAFTARAH: PSALM 99	Gen 21 & 22; Lev 23:23-25; Num 29:1–6 1 Sam 1:1–2:10, Jer 31:1–19
<b>October 5</b> Tishrei 6 (Sabbath Shuva/ Sabbath of Repentance)	<b>TORAH:</b> <b>HAFTARAH</b> : PSALM 27	Deut 31:1-30 Isaiah 55:6–56:8, Hosea 14:2-10; Micah 7:18-20; Joel 2:15-27
<b>October 9</b> Tishrei 10 (Yom Kippur/ Day of Atonement)	<b>TORAH:</b> <b>HAFTARAH</b> : PSALM 51	Lev 16:1–34, 18:1–30, Lev 25:9-17; Num 29:7–11 Isaiah 57:14–58:14, Book of Jonah
<b>October 14-20</b> Tishrei 15-21 (Sukkot/ Feast of Tabernacles)	TORAH: HAFTARAH:	Lev 22:26–23:43; Num 29:12–34 (Lev 23:33-43) Eze 38:18–39:16; Zech 14:1–21; 1 Kings 8:2–21, 54-66 Isaiah 12:3; Book of Ecclesiastes