

THE DISPENSATION OF LAW BEGINS

(Exodus 19)

I. ISRAEL'S REDEMPTION FROM EGYPT (Exodus 1-18)

II. ISRAEL'S REVELATION FROM GOD AT SINAI (Exodus 19-40)

A. The Arrival at Mt. Sinai (19:1-2)

1. The journey from Egypt to Mount Sinai took _____ and they ended up staying for _____. (vv. 1-2, cf. Num. 10:11)

2. In the NT we are told that Mount Sinai is located in _____. (Gal. 4:25)

B. The Proposal of the Covenant (19:3-8)

1. God first reminded Israel of His _____ toward them... "*I bore you on eagle's wings.*" (vv. 3-4)

2. The Lord made a CONDITIONAL Covenant with Israel; His heart's desire for the nation was...

a. *you shall be a* _____ *to Me above all people* (v. 5)

b. *you shall be to Me a* _____ *of* _____. (v. 6a)

c. *(you shall be) a* _____ (v. 6b)

3. The covenant was offered in verses 5 & 6, and then it was _____ in v. 8 when the whole congregation said, "*_____ that the Lord has spoken* _____." *So Moses brought back the words of the people to the Lord.*

* Why would God give Israel a law that He knew they couldn't keep? (Gal. 3:19, 21, 24-25; Rom. 8:3-4)

C. The Approach to God Under the Law (19:9-25)

1. The Lord promised to _____ audibly to Moses and Israel so that Moses' _____ as the mediator and revelator of God's truth would be firmly established. (v. 9, 19)

2. In anticipation of the covenant the people were instructed to _____ themselves for their _____ with the Living God. (vv. 10-11, 14-15)

3. If the people approached Mt. Sinai and they so much as _____ the base, they would most certainly be put to _____. (vv. 12-13)

4. God's holy presence was revealed on the mountain by _____ and _____, by a thick cloud, a deafening _____, and even _____ and an earthquake (vv. 16-18)

5. The Lord gave Moses strict warnings to keep the people _____ from the mountain and that they should not try to _____ a _____ through the smoke and cloud to get a _____ at Him; if they did, they would die. (vv. 19-25)

* How does all of this compare with meeting God under grace today? (Heb. 4:16)