

God \_\_\_\_\_ Ezekiel (like He did Jeremiah) that the people are \_\_\_\_\_ and probably won't listen to him (Ez 2:3-8)

## The Book of Ezekiel

I. Written by the priest \_\_\_\_\_ over 22 years while in Babylonian captivity, approximately \_\_\_\_\_ B.C

A. The theme of Ezekiel is \_\_\_\_\_, which departed from Israel due to their \_\_\_\_\_ (Ez 10)

II. \_\_\_\_\_ context

A. Ezekiel is in captivity (with 10,000 during the \_\_\_\_\_ exile) in 597 B.C. (2 King 24:12-16)

B. The Jewish exiles would be confused and \_\_\_\_\_ over the loss of their nation and the temple of the Lord

There appear to be \_\_\_\_\_ different exiles of the Jews by the \_\_\_\_\_ in 597, 586, and 582 B.C.

III. The \_\_\_\_\_ and judgments against Judah (Chapters 4-24)

A. These chapters tell of \_\_\_\_\_ against the nation of Judah and the city of Jerusalem using \_\_\_\_\_ signs:

1. Lying on his \_\_\_\_\_ (Ez 4) to symbolize the years of Israel's iniquity
2. \_\_\_\_\_ his head (Ez 5) to portray the coming judgment
3. The cooking \_\_\_\_\_ (Ez 24), depicting the siege of Jerusalem
4. Forbidden to \_\_\_\_\_ wife (Ez 24), depicting the coming loss of the temple in Jerusalem

B. Ezekiel runs into the same kind of \_\_\_\_\_ prophets and prophecies that \_\_\_\_\_ did earlier (Ez 13:1-2)

1. False prophets \_\_\_\_\_ seek their own \_\_\_\_\_
2. They prophesy out of their own \_\_\_\_\_ (what they want to see happen)