

Joshua Lesson 12 – This Land Is Our Land (Joshua 13-21)

I. REVIEW: GILGAL

- The land was God's inheritance, not (1) _____ of war (Palestinian Covenant)
- Leadership: Joshua, Eleazar, and tribal leaders; land assigned by lot
- Tribes (2) _____ of the Jordan chose land under Moses and later faced vulnerability
- Levites received no land; the Lord was their inheritance
- (3) _____ allotments went to Judah, Ephraim, and Manasseh; Caleb modeled faith
- Ephraim and Manasseh complained instead of fully trusting God

II. ASSIGNMENTS AT (4) _____ (Joshua 18–19)

- Seven tribes delayed claiming their (5) _____
- Land surveyed; Joshua cast (6) _____; God decided the outcome
- Benjamin bordered Ephraim and Manasseh; (7) _____ shared with Judah
- Northern tribes settled (8) _____, later Jesus' ministry region
- (9) _____ received land last and sought expansion
- Joshua accepted his portion last, showing (10) _____

III. CITIES OF REFUGE (Joshua 20)

- God instructed (11) _____ to establish cities of refuge
- Shedding (12) _____ brought accountability under God's law
- God distinguished murder from (13) _____
- (14) _____ avenged wrongdoing; elders judged intent
- (15) _____ cities on each side of the Jordan
- Refuge provided the accused (16) _____ during judgment

IV. THEOLOGICAL SIGNIFICANCE

- Cities of refuge point to Christ as our (17) _____
- Old refuge was temporary; Christ's refuge is eternal
- In Christ we receive (18) _____ and fellowship

V. LEVITICAL CITIES (Joshua 21)

- Levi received no land (19) _____ but was scattered to teach
- God assigned 48 Levitical cities, including six refuges
- This kept God's Word accessible throughout Israel

VI. KEY TRUTHS

- God is faithful
- God is victorious
- God keeps His promises
- God never fails

ANSWER KEY

1. SPOILS
2. EAST
3. WESTERN
4. SHILOH
5. INHERITANCE
6. LOTS
7. SIMEON
8. GALILEE
9. DAN
10. LEADERSHIP
11. MOSES
12. BLOOD
13. MANSLAUGHTER
14. FAMILIES
15. THREE
16. PROTECTED
17. REFUGE
18. RIGHTEOUSNESS
19. TERRITORY