

Entrusted

A Study of 1st & 2nd Timothy

WEEK TEN

1 TIMOTHY 6:1-10

DAY 1

1. Begin your study time with prayer, and read 1 Timothy 6:1-10. While the Roman Empire employed many slaves, we do not see the same paradigm in our culture today. However, Paul's instructions apply to us in a boss/employee relationship. What does verse one command slaves (employees in our context) to do?
2. How could you show honor to a boss, and what reason does verse one give for doing so?
3. What other guidelines do Ephesians 6:5-8, Colossians 3:22-23, 1 Timothy 6:2, and Titus 2:9-10 give, and how would these guidelines apply to you at work?
4. What reasons does Scripture give for following the guidelines above in 1 Timothy 6:1, Ephesians 6:8, Colossians 3:24-25, Titus 2:9-10, & 1 Peter 2:13-15?
5. There are times we feel the authority over us is not worthy of honor or obedience. How does 1 Peter 2:18-20 speak to this?
6. Write out this week's memory verse on a notecard or a piece of paper, and post it somewhere you will see it often (e.g., bathroom mirror, car, desk, kitchen sink, etc.).

Scripture Memory:

“But store up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust destroys, and where thieves do not break in or steal; for where your treasure is, there your heart will be also.”

~Matthew 6:20-21

I'm praying about:

DAY 2

1. Begin your study time with prayer, and read 1 Timothy 6:1-10. In verse three, what does Paul say a different/false doctrine will not agree or align with?
2. How does Paul describe the character of one who teaches false doctrine, and what sins does a false doctrine produce in 1 Timothy 6:4-5?
3. What does Galatians 1:8-9 say of anyone who teaches a gospel contrary to what has been given to us in Scripture?
4. What was Paul's instruction to Timothy when he encountered false doctrine in 1 Timothy 1:3-4 and Titus 3:9-11?
5. Write out this week's memory verse below:

DAY 3

1. Begin your study time with prayer, and read 1 Timothy 6:1-10. What does verse five say that false teachers suppose will be the result of "godliness?"
2. Many people use the pursuit of "godliness" for material gain. In 2 Kings 5, a man named Naaman was cured of leprosy by Elisha the prophet. In verses 15-16, Naaman offers Elisha a gift in thanks. What is Elisha's response?
3. Gehazi, Elisha's servant, sees an opportunity for gain. What does he do in 2 Kings 5:20-24?
4. What happens to Gehazi as a result of his greed in 2 Kings 5:25-27, and what warning does this offer us if we try to use the works of the Lord to satisfy our material greed?
5. Write out this week's memory verse below:

DAY 4

1. Begin your study time with prayer, and read 1 Timothy 6:1-10. Instead of material gain, how does 1 Timothy 4:8 describe the gain of godliness? What does 1 Timothy 6:6 say godliness should be accompanied by for it to be "great gain?"
2. What does Paul say he learned in Philippians 4:11-13, and with what hardships is he content in 2 Corinthians 12:7-10, and what is the reason he can be content even then?
3. What do Psalm 16:11 and Psalm 17:15 say we should take joy in and be satisfied with?
4. In which area do you struggle most with discontentment? How can you apply the verses above and fight for contentment even in circumstances you wish were different?
5. Write out this week's memory verse below:

DAY 5

1. Begin your study time with prayer, and read 1 Timothy 6:1-10. How does verse ten describe the love of money, and what is the inevitable result for those who desire to get rich and love money? (Bonus: can you think of any Biblical examples of men and women who experienced this reality?)
2. What does Matthew 6:24 say is impossible to do? Instead, what does Matthew 6:19-21 instruct us to do, and why?
3. What should we not love in 1 John 2:15-17? Instead, what should we treasure in Psalm 119:11, Proverbs 7:1, and Isaiah 33:6?
4. What does Solomon say in Proverbs 30:8-9, and how does this verse speak to contentment and greed?
5. Write out this week's memory verse below: