



OUR SAVIOR
LUTHERAN SCHOOL

Our Savior Lutheran Logic School **Week 20 - Epiphany 1**

Informationes Latinae

spayne@oslschool.org

January 11, 2026

...with some 6th grade math info, too

Sing to the Lord a new song!



DON'T FORGET TO
ORDER LUNCH FOR THIS
NEXT WEEK!!



*Please join us for
worship at 9:30 am with
Sunday School following*

Upcoming Events

Wednesday, January 21

CLASS PICTURES

Scholars MUST wear chapel uniform
this day!

Tuesday, January 13

ONLINE SMART FAMILIES EVENT

9:00 am & 7:00 pm

See newsletter to RSVP

2ND ANNUAL TALENT SHOW

See the Weekly School Newsletter to
sign up

Friday, February 6

EAGLE EVENING 80's Prom

@ the Bell Tower on 34th Street

Weekly Chapel

**Please join us for Chapel
every Wednesday at 8:15 am

FAST CLASS

This Wed, Jan 14

Dinner at 5:30 pm

Classes begin at 6:30 pm

Save
THE
Date

OSL Astronomy Club ~

Friday, Jan 18

8 pm on the soccer field

~ Third Form Latin 8 ~



What we're learning...

- ~ An appositive is a noun that immediately follows another noun and renames it; the appositive agrees with its noun in case, and usually gender and number
- ~ In English, appositives are set off by commas, but this is not necessarily true in Latin
- ~ nihil, or nil for short (nothing) and satis (enough) are indeclinable nouns
- ~ cornu, us (horn) and genu, us (knee) are the two common 4th declension neuter nouns and decline irregularly in the singular
- ~ Jesus is also declined irregularly and only declines in the singular

Homework

Mon ~ ws pp 63-64
Wed ~ Drill Form A: munio



Upcoming Test/Quizzes

Vocab Quiz 12 ~ Thursday 1/15
Lesson 8 Quiz ~ Tuesday 1/20

~ Third Form Latin 7A ~



What we're learning...

- ~ An appositive is a noun that immediately follows another noun and renames it; the appositive agrees with its noun in case, and usually gender and number
- ~ In English, appositives are set off by commas, but this is not necessarily true in Latin
- ~ nihil, or nil for short (nothing) and satis (enough) are indeclinable nouns
- ~ cornu, us (horn) and genu, us (knee) are the two common 4th declension neuter nouns and decline irregularly in the singular
- ~ Jesus is also declined irregularly and only declines in the singular



Homework

Mon ~ Drill Form A: munio
Wed ~ ws pp 63-64

Upcoming Test/Quizzes

Vocab Quiz 12 ~ Thursday 1/15
Lesson 8 Quiz ~ Wednesday 1/21

~ Third Form Latin 7B ~

What we're learning...

- ~ There are three moods in Latin: indicative, imperative, and subjunctive
- ~ The imperative mood is used for commands
- ~ To form the singular imperative of all 4 conjugations, drop the "re" from the infinitive
- ~ To form the plural imperative of 1st, 2nd, and 4th conjugations, add a "te" to the singular imperative
- ~ To form the plural imperative of all 3rd conjugation verbs, drop the "e" from the end of the singular imperative, and add an "ite"

Homework

Mon ~ Drill Form A: tollo, tollere
Wed ~ Drill Form A: celo, celare

Upcoming Test/Quizzes

Vocab Quiz 12 ~ Thursday 1/15



~ Second Form Latin 6A ~

What we're learning...

- ~ 1st person pronouns ~ the nominative form 1st person pronouns is only used for emphasis or contrast since the verb ending already indicates the person
- ~ Genitive forms of 1st person pronouns are not used to show possession; they are used for other "of" expressions

Homework

Mon ~ Drill Form A: Conjugating in the Present and Perfect systems (nato)

Wed ~ Drill Form C: Declining with nouns & adjectives (noble life, harsh farmer, serious face)

Upcoming Test/Quizzes

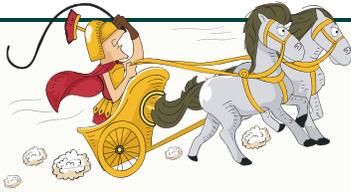
Vocab Quiz 12 ~ Thursday 1/15
Lesson 7 Quiz ~ Tuesday 1/20



~ Second Form Latin 6B ~

What we're learning...

~ 3rd declension m/f i-stem nouns have an "i" in the genitive plural; neuter i-stem nouns have an "i" in the genitive plural, as well as in the ablative singular and the nominative and accusative plural
~ Most i-stem nouns are one or two syllable word and either have the same number of syllables in the nominative and genitive singular, or the genitive singular stem ends in two consonants



Homework

Mon ~ Drill Form B: Verb Synopsis ws (culpo, sedeo)
Wed ~ Drill Form C: Noun declension ws (lux, fides, ager)
Thur ~ Dative case & Perfect System review ws

Upcoming Test/Quizzes

Vocab Quiz 9 ~ Thursday 10/30

~ 6B Math ~

What we're learning...

~ When multiplying with decimal numbers, do NOT line up the decimal unless it naturally lines up with the given decimal numbers that are being multiplied
~ When multiplying with decimal numbers, multiply as if there were no decimals; then, count how many digits there are to the right of the decimal in each number; the answer should also have that same number of digits behind the decimal

Homework

Mon ~ Lesson 10B
Tues ~ Lesson 10C
Wed ~ Adding/Subtracting with Mixed numbers ws
Thur ~ Lesson 10E
Fri ~ Lesson 10F

Upcoming Test/Quizzes

No Test this Week