EXODUS CHAPTER 11-12

By Charles Dailey 2018 NLT CPS Updated 12/16/2023 Printed 12/16/2023

God has raised up a prophet in Moses and has sent him to the king of Egypt. God intends to have the Pharaoh release the nation of Israel from bondage. Moses and his brother Aaron have confronted the Pharaoh and their request has been rejected. God has shown His power, beginning with inconveniences and now culminating in the death of all firstborn males in Egypt.

#10 FINAL PLAGUE THREATENED

- (11:1) Then the LORD said to Moses, "I will strike Pharaoh and the land of Egypt with one more blow. After that, Pharaoh will let you leave this country. In fact, he will be so eager to get rid of you that he will force you all to leave.
- This plague will not only cause Pharaoh to release Israel, but he will actually force them to leave. He will have a total and complete change of mind because of God's pressure.
- (2) Tell all the Israelite men and women to ask their Egyptian neighbors for articles of silver and gold.
- Before departure, every Hebrew is to ask their Egyptian friends for silver and gold jewelry. The Lord will intervene to make this successful.
- (3) (Now the LORD had caused the Egyptians to look favorably on the people of Israel. And Moses was considered a very great man in the land of Egypt, respected by Pharaoh's officials and the Egyptian people alike)
- Moses himself had become very popular in Egypt, even with Pharaoh's staff people.

ALL FIRSTBORN WILL DIE

- (4) Moses had announced to Pharaoh, "This is what the LORD says: At midnight tonight I will pass through the heart of Egypt. (5) All the firstborn sons will die in every family in Egypt, from the oldest son of Pharaoh, who sits on his throne, to the oldest son of his lowliest servant girl who grinds the flour. Even the firstborn of all the livestock will die.
- The death sentence. All of the firstborn of Egypt, whether people or livestock, will die about midnight. This included Pharaoh's home.
- (6) Then a loud wail will rise throughout the land of Egypt, a wail like no one has heard before or will ever hear again.
- The wail will be extensive and intense. In chapter one, the Pharaoh tried to slay the male Hebrew babies. Now all Egypt will be sentenced to have their firstborn die. In chapter two, Moses had reported the cries of the Hebrews. Now all Egypt will cry.
- (7) But among the Israelites it will be so peaceful that not even a dog will bark. Then you will know that the LORD makes a distinction between the Egyptians and the Israelites.
- Israel will be exempt. The contrast is powerful. The
 Egyptians crying, Israel would be so quiet they wouldn't
 disturb the dogs.
- (8) All the officials of Egypt will run to me and fall to the ground before me. 'Please leave!' they will beg. 'Hurry! And take all your followers with you.' Only then will I go!" Then, burning with anger, Moses left Pharaoh.
- Moses was deeply involved. Notice his anger.
- (9) Now the LORD had told Moses earlier, "Pharaoh will not listen to you, but then I will do even more mighty miracles in the land of Egypt."

- The **Lord** reminded **Moses** that the purpose of **Pharaoh not listening** was that even more miracles could be seen.
- (10) Moses and Aaron performed these miracles in Pharaoh's presence, but the LORD hardened Pharaoh's heart, and he wouldn't let the Israelites leave the country.
- This ends Moses' direct dealings with Pharaoh. Now Moses has a new and different role: the leader of Israel.

A NEW CALENDAR IS BORN

(12:1) While the Israelites were still in the land of Egypt, the LORD gave the following instructions to Moses and Aaron: (2) "From now on, this month will be the first month of the year for you.

 God specified a new religious calendar, based on what was happening right now. This month is called Abib (ear [of corn]-month) or later Nisan. The instructions for this feast are given while Israel is still in Egypt. The new year will now start with the month of their redemption from Egypt.

A NEW FEAST IS COMMANDED

- (3) Announce to the whole community of Israel that on the tenth day of this month each family must choose a lamb or a young goat for a sacrifice, one animal for each household.
- Each family is to take one lamb per household. The household was and is an important unit in God's plan for mankind. Also everyone participated; no one just watched.
- (4) If a family is too small to eat a whole animal, let them share with another family in the neighborhood. Divide the animal according to the size of each family and how much they can eat.
- If a family is small, combine them and feast together.

- (5) The animal you select must be a one-year-old male, either a sheep or a goat, with no defects. (6) Take special care of this chosen animal until the evening of the fourteenth day of this first month. Then the whole assembly of the community of Israel must slaughter their lamb or young goat at twilight.
- The animal must be perfect, a male one year old.
 Observe that Jesus was a male. It could also be a sheep or a goat, but could not have sores, scars or deformities. Jesus was sinless. 1 Peter 1:18-19.
- After setting the animal aside on the tenth (verse 3), it was to be killed on the **fourteenth at twilight**. This was understood to begin at 3:00 pm and end at dark. Jesus died at 3:00 pm. Luke 23:44-46.
- (7) They are to take some of the blood and smear it on the sides and top of the doorframes of the houses where they eat the animal.
- Some blood was to be put on the doorframes of the houses where they ate the sacrifice. While the word sacrifice has not been used to describe the feast as of yet, it was a sacrifice (verse 27).
- (8) That same night they must roast the meat over a fire and eat it along with bitter salad greens and bread made without yeast.
- Dinner was after dark, the animal was roasted and eaten with unleavened bread and salad greens.
- (9) Do not eat any of the meat raw or boiled in water. The whole animal -- including the head, legs, and internal organs -- must be roasted over a fire.
- Only roasted and no exceptions. Roasting created an aroma that embedded a lesson. Boiling did not.
- (10) Do not leave any of it until the next morning. Burn whatever is not eaten before morning.

Any left-overs are to be burned. The aroma persisted. All
of this was done by the participants in faith. There hadn't
been anyone put to death yet. This applies to the next
section, too.

BE READY TO TRAVEL

- (11) "These are your instructions for eating this meal: Be fully dressed, wear your sandals, and carry your walking stick in your hand. Eat the meal with urgency, for this is the LORD's Passover.
- Eat this meal while ready to travel. It's name is the Passover. Little did these Israelites know that they would be wearing these same clothes for many years.

For forty years You sustained them in the wilderness, and they lacked nothing. Their clothes did not wear out, and their feet did not swell! (Nehemiah 9:21 NLT)

- It is the <u>Lord's Passover</u> and He is not taking suggestions from His people on how to execute this feast. He is telling them how to do it and with considerable detail.
- (12) On that night I will pass through the land of Egypt and strike down every firstborn son and firstborn male animal in the land of Egypt. I will execute judgment against all the gods of Egypt, for I am the LORD!
- God will pass through Egypt, but He would pass over the people of Israel. Passover has the idea of sparing the punishment.
- The firstborn of Egypt were about to die and the gods of Egypt will be exposed for the frauds that they are.
- (13) But the blood on your doorposts will serve as a sign, marking the houses where you are staying. When I see the blood, I will pass over you. This plague of death will not touch you when I strike the land of Egypt.

- Where there was blood on the doorpost and lintel, there would be no plague. God intended to take the life of ALL firstborn in Egypt, but exempted those who made a sacrifice substituting a lamb and placing its blood on the door of the houses. Naturally, the Egyptians would not be doing this.
- (14) "This is a day to remember. Each year, from generation to generation, you must celebrate it as a special festival to the LORD. This is a law for all time.
- This day was to be kept as a memorial throughout Israel's generations. The Scripture records only six times that Israel kept the feast of Passover, but that doesn't mean that it wasn't kept. During the life of Christ, it was kept regularly, showing that it was a common religious practice.

ALSO OBSERVE THE FEAST OF UNLEAVENED BREAD

- (15) For seven days the bread you eat must be made without yeast. On the first day of the festival, remove every trace of yeast from your homes. Anyone who eats bread made with yeast during the seven days of the festival will be cut off from the community of Israel.
- Passover is part of a seven-day event. Remove all yeast from your homes and anyone who eats is to be cut off from Israel.
- (16) On the first day of the festival and again on the seventh day, all the people must observe an official day for holy assembly. No work of any kind may be done on these days except in the preparation of food.
- The first and last days of the seven days are a holy assembly. The only work allowed was food preparation.
- (17) "Celebrate this Festival of Unleavened Bread, for it will remind you that I brought your forces out of the land of Egypt on this very day. This festival will be a permanent law for you; celebrate this day from generation to generation.

- The Lord wants this unfolding event to be impressed on the hearts of future generations.
- (18) The bread you eat must be made without yeast from the evening of the fourteenth day of the first month until the evening of the twenty-first day of that month. (19) During those seven days, there must be no trace of yeast in your homes. Anyone who eats anything made with yeast during this week will be cut off from the community of Israel. These regulations apply both to the foreigners living among you and to the native-born Israelites. (20) During those days you must not eat anything made with yeast. Wherever you live, eat only bread made without yeast."
- There was to be no yeast in any home. The penalty was to be cut off from the community of Israel. However that penalty is not defined here.

Moses Ordered Passover Preparation Immediately

(21) Then Moses called all the elders of Israel together and said to them, "Go, pick out a lamb or young goat for each of your families, and slaughter the Passover animal. (22) Drain the blood into a basin. Then take a bundle of hyssop branches and dip it into the blood. Brush the hyssop across the top and sides of the doorframes of your houses. And no one may go out through the door until morning. (23) For the LORD will pass through the land to strike down the Egyptians. But when He sees the blood on the top and sides of the doorframe, the LORD will pass over your home. He will not permit His death angel to enter your house and strike you down.

- This Moses who couldn't talk a few months ago is taking the lead now. He tells the leaders how to prepare the sacrifice and to stay inside until the morning.
- The Lord would not permit His death angel to enter where the blood of the Passover lamb was on the top and sides of the doorframes. This salvation was for those who took action. Listeners, talkers and observers missed out.

- (24) "Remember, these instructions are a permanent law that you and your descendants must observe forever. (25) When you enter the land the LORD has promised to give you, you will continue to observe this ceremony. (26) Then your children will ask, 'What does this ceremony mean?' (27) And you will reply, 'It is the Passover sacrifice to the LORD, for He passed over the houses of the Israelites in Egypt. And though He struck the Egyptians, He spared our families.'" When Moses had finished speaking, all the people bowed down to the ground and worshiped.
- The Passover was to be observed regularly throughout their generations. They needed to remember.

THE STRIKE!

- (28) So the people of Israel did just as the LORD had commanded through Moses and Aaron. (29) And that night at midnight, the LORD struck down all the firstborn sons in the land of Egypt, from the firstborn son of Pharaoh, who sat on his throne, to the firstborn son of the prisoner in the dungeon. Even the firstborn of their livestock were killed.
- It happened. The firstborn were struck down. It was a fast-moving plague that hit the land at midnight, taking the lives of all the firstborn males. No social rank was exempt and all livestock was included.
- (30) Pharaoh and all his officials and all the people of Egypt woke up during the night, and loud wailing was heard throughout the land of Egypt. There was not a single house where someone had not died.
- As the Lord had warned, so it happened. Every house in the land was affected.

GET OUT!

(31) Pharaoh sent for Moses and Aaron during the night. "Get out!" he ordered. "Leave my people -- and take the rest of the Israelites with you! Go and worship the LORD as you have requested. (32) Take your flocks and herds, as you said, and be gone. Go, but bless me as you leave." (33)

All the Egyptians urged the people of Israel to get out of the land as quickly as possible, for they thought, "We will all die!"

Now Pharaoh gets it. The Egyptians all want Israel gone. They are to take their herds and flocks and exit Egypt immediately. Keeping them longer would be a death sentence for Egypt. The Egyptians didn't know what else might happen.

(34) The Israelites took their bread dough before yeast was added. They wrapped their kneading boards in their cloaks and carried them on their shoulders.

 There was no time for the bread to rise. Without planning, they were observing the week of unleavened bread.

(35) And the people of Israel did as Moses had instructed; they asked the Egyptians for clothing and articles of silver and gold. (36) The LORD caused the Egyptians to look favorably on the Israelites, and they gave the Israelites whatever they asked for. So they stripped the Egyptians of their wealth!

 The financial bonus was kicking in. Israel was taking the wealth of Egypt. The Lord gave them favor in the sight of the Egyptians. This included clothing which they would need where they were going. This fulfills Genesis 15:

But I will punish the nation that enslaves them, and in the end they will come away with great wealth. (Genesis 15:14 NLT)

 Did the weak and sickly among the Hebrews leave Egypt also? The answer is in Psalm:

The LORD brought His people out of Egypt, loaded with silver and gold; and not one among the tribes of Israel even stumbled.

(Psalms 105:37 NLT)

THE JOURNEY BEGINS

- (37) That night the people of Israel left Rameses and started for Succoth. There were about 600,000 men, plus all the women and children. (38) A rabble of non-Israelites went with them, along with great flocks and herds of livestock.
- Several million Israelites began the journey. They were not alone. Some Egyptians were in the crowd.
- (39) For bread they baked flat cakes from the dough without yeast they had brought from Egypt. It was made without yeast because the people were driven out of Egypt in such a hurry that they had no time to prepare the bread or other food.
- Israel would soon be out of food and entirely dependent on the Lord for meals.
- (40) The people of Israel had lived in Egypt for 430 years. (41) In fact, it was on the last day of the 430th year that all the LORD's forces left the land. (42) On this night the LORD kept His promise to bring His people out of the land of Egypt. So this night belongs to Him, and it must be commemorated every year by all the Israelites, from generation to generation.
- As Moses later wrote Exodus, he had the dates at hand.
 These sentences were written looking back on the events.
- In Genesis 50:24 Joseph had promised that **Israel** would leave **Egypt** and verse 42 speaks of the fulfillment.

RULES FOR KEEPING THE PASSOVER

(43) Then the LORD said to Moses and Aaron, "These are the instructions for the festival of Passover. No outsiders are allowed to eat the Passover meal. (44) But any slave who has been purchased may eat it if he has been circumcised. (45) Temporary residents and hired servants may not eat it.

- Because outsiders had joined the exodus, rules were laid down for them about the Passover. The feast was only for those in covenant with the Lord.
- Outsiders were not to eat, but male slaves could following circumcision. It is clear that Israel had their own slaves.
- (46) Each Passover lamb must be eaten in one house. Do not carry any of its meat outside, and do not break any of its bones. (47) The whole community of Israel must celebrate this Passover festival.
- Only the Lord could look ahead and know the ultimate fulfillment of not breaking any bones would be at the crucifixion of Jesus. John 19:36.
- (48) "If there are foreigners living among you who want to celebrate the LORD's Passover, let all their males be circumcised. Only then may they celebrate the Passover with you like any native-born Israelite. But no uncircumcised male may ever eat the Passover meal.
- The way for foreigners to participate was to enter the covenant via circumcision.
- (49) This instruction applies to everyone, whether a native-born Israelite or a foreigner living among you." (50) So all the people of Israel followed all the LORD's commands to Moses and Aaron.
- Israel was in an obedient mood and did what the Lord commanded.

(51) On that very day the LORD brought the people of Israel out of the land of Egypt like an army.

 This verse refers back to verse 41. The intervening verses have discussed the Passover and those who are in the crowd but not part of the covenant.

Romans 5:9

The Passover Pictured Jesus Based on the New Living Translation Charles Dailey 12/16/2023 The Passover was called a sacrifice. Exodus 12:27 1. John 10:15-18 Jesus voluntarily sacrificed His life. Exodus 12:3. 2. A lamb was sacrificed for Israelites at Passover. John 1:29 Jesus is the lamb sacrificed for the world. Fxodus 12:5 3. The lamb had no defects. 1st Peter 1:18-19 Jesus was perfect. Exodus 12:5 4. The lamb was a male. John 1:14 Jesus became a man. Exodus 12:46 5. No bone of the sacrificial lamb was to be broken John 19:36 No bone of Jesus was broken on the cross. 6. Exodus 12:6 The lamb was killed at 3:00 pm (twilight). Luke 23:44-46 Jesus died at 3:00 pm. Exodus 12:10 7. The lamb was consumed. There were no leftovers. John 19:38-42 Jesus' body was removed the same day. Exodus 12:22 8. Hyssop was used like a brush to apply the blood. John 19:28-30 Hyssop was used like a brush. Exodus 12:42 9. The Passover was to become a regular memorial. Luke 22:19 The Lord's Supper became a memorial. Exodus 12:13 10. Israelites were spared from death by the lamb's blood.

We are spared from condemnation by Jesus' blood.