

Old Testament Survey

Job

The Wisdom Literature in the Bible

A. The Wisdom Books

- Job
- Psalms
- Proverbs
- Ecclesiastes
- Song of Solomon

B. The Types of Wisdom Literature

- Proverbs
- Moral Exhortations
- Extended Discourses

C. The Meaning of Wisdom

Practical Skill at _____ derived from Understanding the _____ and _____ through the Knowledge of _____ Word.

D. Wisdom is God's Plan for Life

- Wisdom is from _____ (Prov. 8:12, 22)
- Wisdom is _____ (Prov. 1:21)
- Wisdom is a Source of _____ Well-being (Prov. 3:18)
- Wisdom is a Source of _____ Well-being (Prov. 8:8-9)
- Wisdom is a Source of _____ Well-being (Deut. 4:6)

E. The Characteristics of Wisdom Literature

- It Addresses the _____
- It Reflects _____
- It Deals with _____ Life
- It Uses Counsel and _____

Name

- Job
- Named after the key character in the book
- Meaning – “persecuted one” (Hebrew) or “repentant one” (Arabic)

Date

- Time of Patriarchs 1800-1500 BC
 Job lived 140+ years
 Wealth measured in livestock
 He was the priest of his family offering sacrifices
 Chaldeans are still nomadic at this time

Purpose

To show that God is Sovereign in our _____, He allows it for His _____, and He intends to _____ us Through it.

To Answer Questions about Suffering.

Not, _____ the Righteous Endure Suffering?

But, _____ the Righteous Endure Suffering?

And, _____ Can the Righteous _____ by Enduring Suffering?

Themes

- Suffering
- God – Sovereignty, _____, Trustworthiness, _____
- Righteousness
- Faith
- Confusion
- Counsel
- Biblical Truths
- Blessing

Division

1. The _____ of Job 1-2
2. The _____ of Job 3-37
3. The _____ of Job 38-42

Division

1. The _____ of Job 1-2

a. A _____ Man

His Life 1:1-5

His Losses 1:6-19; 2:7-8

His _____ 1:20-22; 2:10

1:21 "The LORD gave and the LORD has taken away. Blessed be the name of the LORD."

1:22 "Through all this Job did not sin nor did he blame God."

2:10 "Shall we indeed accept good from God and not accept adversity?"

b. A _____ God

Sovereign over _____ 1:6-8, 12; 2:1-3

_____ Job's Suffering

Sovereign over Life and _____ 2:6

c. An _____ Enemy

_____ Accusation

Against Job's _____ and Faith 1:9; 2:4-5

No one _____ God from _____ motives.

d. The _____ of Friends

Came to _____ with and to _____ Job 2:11

Did not speak because they saw that his pain was very great 2:13

2. The _____ of Job 3-37

a. First Round of Debates 3-14

Job Breaks the Silence 3

Wishes he had never been _____

Godly Exhortation and a Tentative _____

Eliphaz' _____ Start 4:1-6

"if it were me, I would seek God..." 5:8

"If you would direct your heart to God..." 8:5-6; 11:13

Job's Response:

“You’re no help” “I am struggling with God”

b. Second Round of Debates 15-21

From Suggestion to _____

“Your own mouth condemns you...” 15:5-6

“Do you not know that the triumph of the wicked is momentary?” 20:4-5

Job’s Response:

“The Lord is my _____”

"I know that my Redeemer lives." 19:25-26

c. Third Round of Debates 22-31

Open _____

“Is not your wickedness great...” 22:5-11

Job’s Response:

“The Lord is my _____”

"When He has tried me, I will come forth as gold." 23:10-12

d. Solution of Elihu 32-37

This is the Loving _____ of God 32-36

Job’s Sin now is _____ against God 33:13

3. The _____ of Job 38-42

a. God _____ Job 38-41

b. Job _____ 42:1-6

c. God _____ Job 42:7-10

God Rebukes Job’s Friends 42:7-9

God Restores Job’s Losses 42:10-17

Lessons from the Book of Job

- All of God’s People will _____ Suffering.
- God uses Suffering to Test and _____ His People.
- Most of God’s People will _____ God at some point.
- God’s Trustworthiness and Lovingkindness are _____.
- God is Worthy of _____ apart from His Blessings we receive.