- I. Expect To See The Gospel Attacked (1-3)
 - A. An extreme attack (1a) "And Saul approved of his execution. And there arose on that day a great persecution against the church in Jerusalem..."
 - B. A painful attack (1b-2) "...and they were all scattered throughout the regions of Judea and Samaria, except the apostles. 2 <u>Devout men buried Stephen and made great lamentation over him.</u>"
 - C. A thorough attack (3) "But <u>Saul was ravaging the church, and entering house after house, he dragged off men and women and committed them to prison."</u>
- II. Expect To See The Gospel Advanced (4-8)
 - A. Through verbal witness (4-5) "Now those who were scattered <u>went about preaching the word</u>. 5 Philip went down to the city of Samaria and proclaimed to them the Christ."
 - B. Through individual acceptance (6) "The crowds with one accord paid attention to what was being said by Philip when they heard him and saw the signs that he did."
 - C. Through supernatural power (7-8) "<u>Unclean spirits came out of many who were possessed</u>, crying with a loud voice, and <u>many who</u> were paralyzed or lame were healed. 8 So there was much joy in that city.
- III. We See The Gospel Accepted (12-17)
 - A. The objectivity of the message (12) "...when they believed Philip as he preached good news about the kingdom of God and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women."
 - B. The openness of the offer (13) Simon, an occultist was given opportunity to receive Christ; Samaritans were given the same.
 - C. The validation of the transaction (14-17) As salvation moved from Jews to include Samaritans, the validating evidence was the presence and power of the Holy Spirit.
- IV. We See The Gospel Adjusted (9-13, 18-23)
 - A. Simon's corrupt past (9-11) "There was a man named Simon, who had previously practiced magic in the city and amazed the people of Samaria, saying that he himself was somebody great...for a long time he had amazed them with his magic."
 - B. Simon's casual testimony (13) "Even Simon himself <u>believed</u>, and after being baptized <u>he continued</u> with Philip. And seeing signs and great miracles performed, he was amazed."
 - C. Simon's counterfeit faith (18-23)
 - 1. His true desire (18-19) POWER
 - 2. His true destination (20) Peter states that Simon and his money-loving were headed for destruction
 - 3. His core issue (21,23) Simon's heart was: not right before God, unrepentant, wicked, bitter, still bound in iniquity.
 - 4. His humbling choice (22) "Repent, therefore, of this wickedness of yours, and pray to the Lord that, if possible, the intent of your heart may be forgiven you."