

Question #1 – Which one are you, the _____ or the _____?

(Bible/Notes) _____

Question #2 – Which one of them _____?

(Bible/Notes) _____

Implication #1 – Jesus knew that over _____, as his disciples walk in freedom, they have the potential to become religiously proud; _____ is their outcome, not _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____

Implication #2 – Anytime we use other people’s sinful struggles as the _____ of our own righteousness, we will never find _____ or _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____

Implication #3 – _____ comes out of repenting over our sins, forgiveness is God’s _____ through Jesus to the _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____



Sex, Lies, Lust, and Freedom in Jesus! FREEDOM – Repentance and Forgiveness in Jesus

Don Calvert (Colossians 3:1-14) June 7, 2026

(Bible/Notes) _____

First Observation: Who is Jesus _____ to within these parables?

Answer: _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____

Second Observation: What is the _____ of these parables from Jesus?

Answer: How they should always _____ and their _____ God.

(Bible/Notes) _____

Third Observation: What is the _____ in Jesus' parables?

Answer: Some of His disciples are _____ on...

(Bible/Notes) _____

1st Contrast – The _____ of two men; the _____ who keeps all the rules and the _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____

2nd Contrast – The religious one prayed to _____, about himself and was _____ by God; the traitor prayed ____-words to _____ and was _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____

3rd Contrast – The religious one prayerfully _____, he thanked God for making him _____ than others; the traitor, in _____ prayerfully _____ of sin.

(Bible/Notes) _____

4th Contrast – The religious one went home _____ by God, the traitor went home _____ by God; his _____ were _____.

(Bible/Notes) _____

δικαιώω [justified] dikaiōō: To declare _____, to acquit, to set _____, to fully _____ sin and guilt.

(Bible/Notes) _____

