

Where did Satan come from?

1. Satan is a _____ being.
2. Satan is an _____ creature, a spiritual being with great power like other _____.
3. We don't have Scripture that tells us _____ when Satan rebelled and fell, but we know that he did.

Where do the other demons come from?

1. The demons are also _____ creatures with the same qualities and power like the other angels.
2. We don't have _____ that tells us when they rebelled and fell, but we know that they followed Satan and fell with him.

Satan is not ever considered on be on a level or _____ with God.

Satan is _____ in the sons of God

The "sons of God," among whom appears Satan, are specifically instructed to ascribe glory to God and worship him (Ps 29:1-2).

Satan is a rebellious _____ who is still subject to God.

1. Jesus Christ taught that Satan ruled this world with his demons through his deception of humanity, comparing Satan and the demons to a kingdom (Matt 12:25).
2. Satan and his demonic hosts are the "_____ spirits of the world" and they have harmful and rebellious designs against God and man.
3. Sixteen other terms for Satan have also been discovered in the NT, including Beelzebul (e.g. Matt 12:24), Belial (2 Cor 6:15), and Apollyon (Rev 9:11). Among the terms used to identify Satan are those that imply some authority: "ruler of the power of air" (Eph 2:2), "dominion of darkness" (Luke 22:53), and "god of this age" (2 Cor 4:4) (D. P. Fuller, "Satan," in *ISBE*: 4, 342).
4. Through the cross Jesus _____ over Satan and his hosts.

The victory of Jesus over sin and Satan _____ and informs our experiences with him and his host of demons.

Satan and his hosts are _____ and will _____ to be until the coming of Christ.

1. Satan is an _____ to God and operates as an _____ of God and man.

2. Although decisively defeated, Satan continues his work through _____, "prowling around like a roaring lion" (1 Pet 5:8) and disguising himself as "an angel of light" (2 Cor 11:14).

Jesus divided humanity into those who _____ in him as the Word of God and those who _____ him.

1. Those who reject him are _____ of "[their] father the devil" who is a "murderer" and the "father of lies" because they reject the truth of Jesus as the One who is from God the Father (John 8:42-47).
2. Until a person is _____, he is ruled by the spirit of Satan and remains within the kingdom of the devil (Eph 2:2).
3. The kingdom of God as ruled by Christ is _____ to the kingdom of this world as ruled by the devil.

The blasphemy of the Holy Spirit, an unforgivable sin, is to _____ the work of the Holy Spirit in Christ to the devil (Matt 12:24-32).

Some thoughts on Spiritual Warfare:

How do we know if our sinful thoughts are our own flesh and evil desires, or if it's some sort of a _____ or _____ attack?

1. We _____ always know, but many times we can know the difference.
2. When thoughts come completely out of _____ and are unrelated to anything you are currently involved in, it's likely they have come from the enemy.
3. Ephesians 6 calls these the "flaming darts of the _____ one."

Your sin is an _____ to and _____ to the enemy in your life.

Satan cannot _____ you sin, but he can come in through his demonic forces and pour _____ on the flame of your desire.

Without repentance and prayer your actions and intentions can _____ the door to demonic influence in the moment and in your life.

What about demon possession?

Demonic "possession" or torment are real and. _____ in the ministry of Jesus.

Can a demon indwell a Christian?

_____, I don't believe so.

Sam Storms asks, "does it really matter whether the demon is tempting me from across the room, sitting on my shoulder, or inside my head?" And the answer is no, it probably doesn't matter. What matters is how you respond to it.

Do we have authority over demons?

_____, but only because we are in Christ.

Spiritual warfare is a real battle that has already been won.

1. The temptation and flaming darts of the evil one are _____ in your life.
2. The victory of Jesus over Satan and his hosts is _____.
3. Christians have the _____ and the _____ of the indwelling Spirit, who is greater than all, and the truth of God's Word, to wield our weapons of warfare in a way that we can be assured of victory.
4. We must be _____ when it comes to the schemes of the devil (Ephesians 6:11)
5. We must be _____ in our efforts to put on the whole armor of God (Ephesians 6:13)
6. We are called to _____ firm in the battle with the principalities and powers of this world.
7. We have to remember that our _____ battle is not against flesh and blood, but against the rulers, authorities, and the cosmic powers. Of this present darkness. We are in a battle with the spiritual forces of evil in the heavenly places. (Ephesians 6:12)

God has _____, displayed, and defeated every enemy by the cross of Christ!