# Lesson 55

# **God Parts the Red Sea**

God provided a way of escape from Pharaoh and his army by parting the Red Sea.

# **Studying God's Word**

Don't forget! Review the Optional Supplements and determine where you can use them.

#### Introduction

Slide #3 Slide #4

Refer to Lesson 53 Theme Poster. Moses and Aaron went before Pharaoh and delivered God's message to let the Israelites go. But Pharaoh didn't listen, so God began to do miraculous signs to show his power. First, he turned Aaron's staff into a snake. But Pharaoh's magicians copied that miracle, so Pharaoh didn't believe. Then God sent nine plagues.

What were some of the plagues? Allow answers based on the Lesson Theme Posters. Review any plagues the students missed. Refer to Lesson 54 Theme Poster. Because Pharaoh was stubborn and refused to let the Israelites go, God had to send a tenth and final plague. What was the tenth plague? Death of the firstborn sons and livestock. How did God protect the Israelites from this plague? What did he have them do? Kill lambs and spread the blood on their doorposts.

Yes. The blood on the doorposts was a sign for God to pass over their homes and spare their firstborn.

God also commanded them to eat a meal of lamb, unleavened bread, and bitter herbs. What was the name of this meal? Passover.

The Passover was celebrated the first time on the night of the tenth plague. But God meant for his people to have this meal every year to remind them of how he delivered them from slavery in Egypt.

#### **God Provided Possessions**

Pass out the Class Notes to the students.

For starters today, I want you to see something really neat about God's promise of deliverance. Everyone turn in your Bibles to Genesis 15.

Genesis 15:13-14

#### Slide #5

Who will read verses 13 and 14? Assign a reader. Who was God speaking to in these verses? Abram.

Remember that Abram is the same person as Abraham. God changed his name later. These verses are part of the covenant, or special promise, God made to Abram.

Who did the covenant pass to after Abram? What was the name of his son? Isaac.

And after Isaac, the covenant passed to his son Jacob. Who remembers the new name God gave Jacob? Israel.

Yes, God named Jacob Israel, and Israel's 12 sons and their descendants became known as the Israelites.

In verse 13, what did God say about Abram's offspring, the Israelites? They would be sojourners in a land that was not theirs. They would be servants (slaves). They would be afflicted for 400 years.

God told Abram here, hundreds of years before Moses, that the Israelites would live in a land that was not theirs. This land was Egypt. The Israelites were called "sojourners" in Egypt because Egypt did not belong to the Israelites; they belonged in the land that God promised Abram—the land of Canaan. The word afflicted meant that they would suffer terribly as slaves.

But then God promised something in verse 14. What was it? He would bring judgment on the nation who made the Israelites slaves, and they would come out with great possessions.

How did God judge the Egyptians? He sent ten plagues.

The Egyptians faced ten plagues from God, which were judgments on them for enslaving the Israelites. The Egyptians were afraid for their lives after the death of their firstborn and wanted the Israelites gone as fast as possible. Pharaoh finally called Moses and Aaron and said the Israelites could go.

Now that the Israelites were free to leave, how would they come out of Egypt with great possessions? They were slaves, so they didn't have valuable things. Let's find out how God fulfilled this part of his promise!

Exodus 12:35-36

#### Slide #6

Turn to the second book in the Bible, which is Exodus. Who will read Exodus 12:35–36? Assign a reader.

What did the Israelites ask the Egyptians for in verse 35? Silver and gold jewelry and clothing.

Can you imagine this? The Israelites, who had been slaves, asking their masters, the Egyptians, for jewelry and clothing would be like a teenager who works at a fast food restaurant walking up to the store owner and saying, "I quit. Oh, and I'd like \$1,000, your gold watch, and your designer leather jacket before I leave." How do you think the owner would respond to this? Allow discussion.

The owner would think the teen was crazy to even ask! But how did the Egyptians respond when the Israelites asked for jewelry and clothing? They gave them what they asked for!

Moses had told the people to ask the Egyptians for jewelry and clothing. But they didn't ask until after the tenth plague. By this time, the Egyptians were willing to do anything to get rid of them. God also granted his people favor in the sight of the Egyptians so that they responded by giving them these things. This was another miracle that demonstrated God's power and provision!

The end of verse 36 says that the Israelites plundered the Egyptians. Plunder usually describes taking things from a place or a people by force. But here, God made the Egyptians give their valuable possessions to the Israelites! His people were leaving Egypt with great possessions, just as God promised Abram he would do hundreds of years earlier. Refer to the Attributes of God Poster. Which attribute of God means that he will always keep his promises? Faithful.

God was faithful to fulfill his promises to Abram and to Moses and the Israelites.

Slide #7

Slide #8

Let's look at the Class Notes. You will write the answers in the crossword puzzle. Who will read #1 and give us the answer? Choose a reader. Abram. Have students complete #1.

And #2? What did God provide for the Israelites before they left Egypt? Choose a reader. Clothing. Have students complete #2.

Who will read #3? What attribute did God demonstrate by keeping his promises? Choose a reader. Faithful. Have students complete #3.

### The Egyptians Pursued the Israelites

The Israelites left Egypt with their flocks and herds, the possessions they got from the Egyptians, and all their families. A mixed multitude, probably including other slaves and people from other countries, also left Egypt with them.

There is a word that means many people leaving a place at the same time. Does anyone know what it is? I'll give you a hint: it's also a book of the Bible. Exodus.

Refer to the Exodus to Malachi . Right! An exodus describes the Israelites all leaving Egypt together, and that's where we get the name of the book! The Exodus is a major event in the history of Abraham's descendants, the Israelites. It marks the end of their slavery and the beginning of their journey to the Promised Land.

Exodus 13:17-22

Slide #9

Slide #10

Slide #11

Slide #12

Let's find out what happened during the Exodus of God's people from Egypt! Who will read Exodus 13:17–22? Assign readers.

Why didn't God want to lead the people through the land of the Philistines? He didn't want them to see war and return to Egypt.

God knew that his people were not prepared to face the Philistines in battle, so he led them out of Egypt a different way.

Where did God lead them in verse 18? By the wilderness to the Red Sea.

God had a plan for taking them this way, which we'll see in a minute. And it wasn't just because of the Philistines!

What did Moses bring with them in verse 19? The bones of Joseph.

Back in Genesis, before Joseph had died, he made his family promise to take his bones with them when they left Egypt one day. Now, hundreds of years later, the Israelites kept that promise.

How did God lead the Israelites on their journey? Pillar of cloud and fire.

God used a pillar of cloud during the day and a pillar of fire at night to guide the people. All they had to do was follow it!

#### Exodus 14:5-8

Slide #13

Slide #14

Let's find out how Pharaoh felt after letting the Israelites go. Who will read Exodus 14:5–8? Assign readers.

Uh oh! What did Pharaoh think now that the Israelites were gone? He changed his mind about having let them go.

God had told Moses that he would harden Pharaoh's heart again to show the Egyptians that he was the one true God. After enduring ten plagues that showed their false gods were powerless, the Egyptians still hadn't learned the lesson!

Why do you think Pharaoh and his people were sorry they let the Israelites go? Allow discussion. They lost all their slaves!

Who would they have to make bricks, work in the fields, and build their cities now that the Israelites were gone? They'd lost over 600,000 male slaves in a single night! The whole group with women and children could have been over 2 million!

What did they decide to do about losing their slaves? Chase after them to get them back.

That's right! Pharaoh got his army and his chariots and raced after the Israelites. How many chariots did Pharaoh have? Over 600.

He had 600 chosen chariots and other chariots besides those. Having chariots meant that Pharaoh's army was fast and powerful! A horse and chariot could easily catch up to someone on foot.

#### Slide #15

#### Slide #16

Let's answer a few more questions in our Class Notes. For #4, what word means people all leaving a place together? Choose a reader. Exodus. Have students complete #4.

And how did God lead his people for #5? Choose a reader. Pillar. Have students complete #5.

Right. The pillar of cloud was during the day and the pillar of fire was during the night.

Who will read #6? How did Pharaoh feel after the Israelites left? Choose a reader. Sorry. Have students complete #6.

And #7? What did Pharaoh have that made his army so threatening? Choose a reader. Chariots. Have students complete #7.

#### **God Parted the Red Sea**

Have the script, signs, and props ready for the Red Sea Reenactment.

The Israelites had left Egypt boldly, but they didn't know the Egyptians would chase them. Let's act out what happened from Exodus 14. I need two volunteers to be Moses and Pharaoh. The rest of the class will be either Israelites or Egyptians. Follow the script and instructions in the Red Sea Reenactment.

Great job acting out the parting of the Red Sea, everyone! Have students put chairs back and return to their seats.

Slide #17

Slide #18

Let's finish the Class Notes. Who will answer #8? How did God save the Israelites when they were trapped between the Red Sea and Pharaoh's army? Choose a reader. Parting. Have students complete #8.

But what happened to the Egyptians in #9? Choose a reader. Drowned. Have students complete #9.

And #10? What did the Israelites do to thank God for delivering them? Choose a reader. Praised. Have students complete #10.

### **Application**

#### Slide #19

Refer to the Lesson Theme Posters. We saw some great examples of God's faithfulness today. He delivered the Israelites from slavery and brought them out of Egypt with great possessions—an event we call the Exodus. Next, God was faithful to lead them through the wilderness with the pillar of cloud and fire.

But God's promise of deliverance wasn't complete yet because Pharaoh and his army chased after the Israelites, intending to capture them and bring them back. The Israelites were afraid of Pharaoh's army and blamed Moses instead of

trusting in God's faithfulness. But God parted the Red Sea so that the Israelites could cross safely over on dry ground.

The Israelites had to trust God in some scary situations. We will have to trust God in difficult situations, too. What are some times when you've had to trust God? Times when it was hard? Allow discussion or share a personal example.

We'll have times in our lives when we need God to provide something, give us direction on an important decision, or protect us from sin or wrong choices. When we're in these situations, it is important to trust God and turn to him first rather than worrying, getting scared, or blaming others. This is hard to do, but with God's help, we can trust him completely. He is faithful!

#### **Lesson Review**

We all learn best with review and repetition! We encourage you to play a lesson review game.

### **Bible Baseball**

Students will answer questions and run the bases!

#### **Materials**

Review Questions
Three chairs set out for bases
Optional: gift wrap tube and a large balloon

### **Instructions**

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Set out chairs as bases. Have the students line up by the home base area facing you (at the pitcher's mound). Each student up to "bat" will have a chance to answer a review question. If he can answer it correctly, let him run the bases. If he can't answer correctly, give the answer and ask him to go to the end of the line and try again.

You may want the students to sit on the chair at each base while they wait to run to the next base or have them run all the way around and return to the line. Repeat the questions until all the students have run around the bases.

For some added fun, you can use a gift wrap tube as a bat and toss a large balloon for students to hit after they answer each question.

### **Box Toss**

Students will answer review questions then toss the beanbag at the holes in the box to gain points for their team.

#### **Materials**

Review Questions Medium-sized cardboard box Scissors or knife Four beanbags Masking tape

#### **Instructions**

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Use scissors or a knife to cut two or three holes in the bottom of the box. Make sure they are large enough for a beanbag to easily pass through. Label each hole with a point number: 5, 10, and 15. Use masking tape to make a tossing line several feet away from the box.

Divide the class into teams. Have the teams line up behind the line across from the box. Give each team two beanbags. Alternate asking each team a review question. Students who answer correctly will toss the beanbags at the target holes in the box to earn points for their team. If they answer incorrectly, they may toss the beanbags for fun without the points counting. Students will go to the end of the line after tossing the beanbags. Keep score for both teams. Continue play until all questions have been answered correctly and students have all had a chance to toss the beanbags.

### **Draw Dice**

Teams will answer questions and complete a simple drawing to win. Who will finish their drawing first?

#### **Materials**

Review Questions
One drawing area for each team (paper, white board, etc.)
Pencils or white board markers
One die

#### **Instructions**

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Divide the class into two teams. Give each team a sheet of paper and a pencil, or divide the white board in half. Draw a mouse on the board as an example.

Ask the first team a question from the lesson. If they answer correctly, have them roll the die.

To begin drawing their mouse, each team must wait until they get a six. They will then draw the mouse's body on their paper or the board. After they have drawn the body, as they give correct answers to the questions, they can

continue to draw the other parts of the mouse according to the numbers they roll.



They can draw according to the numbers below:

6 = body

5 = nose

4 = whiskers

3 = eyes

2 = ears

1 = tail

Continue giving each team a turn to answer a question and roll the die. Repeat the questions as necessary. The first team to finish their mouse wins.

You may choose to draw a simple object from the lesson, such as a crown, an open Bible, a fish, etc. Be sure to assign numbers (as above) to each part of the object to be drawn before the game begins.

### Four in a Row

Students will answer questions and add a marker for their team onto the grid. Which team will be the first to get four in a row?

#### **Materials**

Review Questions

Masking tape

Red and black paper circles or other markers for each team

### Instructions

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Use masking tape to make a 16-section grid on the floor. The grid should be four sections wide by four sections long. Each section should be equal in size. Use eight red circles and

eight black circles cut from construction paper or other markers for the two teams.

Divide the students into two teams. Give each team eight markers. They will take turns answering the questions. If they answer correctly, they can put a marker in a square on the grid. The first team to get four markers in a row wins the game.

## **Goofy Golf**

Hit the sock with the noodle? Teams must work together to answer the questions and putt to get a hole-in-one in this crazy golf game!

#### **Materials**

Review Questions
Swimming noodles or rolled up newspapers
Rolled up socks
Masking tape
Ten sheets of paper
Markers

#### **Instructions**

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Use the markers to number sheets of paper 1–10 (use more or less depending on class size and time). Tape down the sheets of paper around the room in a random pattern to form a golf course. You may want to add chairs as obstacles in the path.

Divide the class into teams. Give each team a rolled up sock and a swimming noodle. Ask the first student a review question from the lesson. If he answers correctly, allow him to use the noodle to drive the rolled up sock toward the first sheet of paper labeled #1. Continue with the next team. Take turns allowing team members to answer questions and continue putting the socks along the course to each hole, continuing from where the last teammate left off. The sock must touch or roll over the sheet of paper to consider it in the hole. The first team to reach the tenth hole wins.

### Racetrack

Who will reach the checkered flag first? Teams will race to the finish by answering review questions.

#### **Materials**

Review Questions
White board or chalkboard
Markers/chalk
Optional: paper cutouts for each team (cars, animals, circles, etc.),
tape/poster putty

#### **Instructions**

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Draw a racetrack on the board. It may be as simple as a straight horizontal path or a curvy circle. Label "Start" and "Finish" (with a checkered flag) at either end of the track. Add numbers along the track (e.g., 1-10) at equal intervals between Start and Finish. The numbers will be used as placement points for the racers as they progress along the track.

Divide the class into teams. You may draw a different symbol (e.g., stick figure, circle, X or O) to represent each team at the Start, or use paper cutouts as team markers and stick them to the board with tape/poster putty.

Ask the first team a review question. If they answer correctly, move their marker or redraw their symbol along the track at #1. If they answer incorrectly, give the next team a chance to answer and move to the first number. If they do not know, give the answer and ask that question again later. Continue to alternate asking review questions and moving teams' markers along the racetrack according to the numbers along the track. The first team to reach the Finish wins!

### **Pick a Point**

Answer the questions correctly to earn the right to pick a point.

#### **Materials**

Review Questions Small paper strips Cup or basket

#### Instructions

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Write various numbers in increments of 5 or 10 on strips of paper to use as point cards. Put the point cards into the cup or basket. Divide students into teams of 4–5 students each. Have each team take turns answering a review question. After each correct answer, let a member of the team draw a point card from the cup.

The number of points on the cards will vary, so the score will have nothing to do with how skilled one team might be. Keep track of each team's points. If time allows, repeat the questions!

### **Toss for It**

How many points? Toss for it! Students answer the questions and toss the beanbag to earn points for their team.

### **Materials**

Review Questions
A deck of numbered cards, or numbers and "wild" written on index cards
One beanbag
Masking tape
Two baskets or containers for cards

#### **Instructions**

Print one copy of the Review Questions for your use. Place several rows of numbered cards facedown with a few inches between them to form a grid pattern (make sure to put several wild cards or Jokers down, too). Use the masking tape to make a tossing line several feet from the cards.

Divide students into teams and have them line up behind the tossing line. Ask the first student a review question. If he gives the correct answer, have him toss the beanbag onto a card. Turn the card over to reveal the points he receives for his team. Face cards or word cards are 10 points each. Wild or Jokers are also 10—plus another turn. All other cards are face value.

Have the student pick up his card and put it in the team's basket to be counted at the end of the game. Next team's turn. If a student gives an incorrect answer, he should go to the end of the line. Give the answer and repeat that question later. Continue taking turns until all the questions have been answered. Add more cards to the grid if necessary.

# **Limited License to Reproduce**

A limited, non-exclusive, non-transferable, nonsublicensable license is hereby granted to a single local church or organization to print copies of the PDF materials in the Teacher Digital Resources if 1) you are the original purchaser; 2) you are using the copies for noncommercial purposes (such as for teaching in class) exclusively within your single local church or organization (multicampus churches, and national/regional denominations are not covered under this license); and 3) you follow the instructions provided in the curriculum pertaining to the printable materials.

This license is for the specific purchaser of the product and does not include affiliated groups or organizations, or other churches or groups in the same denomination as the purchaser, not identified as the actual purchaser. There is no limit to the number of printed copies for use within the single local church or organization which is the actual purchaser. None of the material in this curriculum may be reproduced for any commercial promotion, advertising, or sale of a product or service, or to share with any other persons, churches, groups, or organizations.

The media (audio/video) portions are copyrighted and duplication is prohibited. This license is for materials in the Teacher Digital Resources only and does NOT include reproduction rights for pre-printed teacher books, student guides, student take home sheets, or posters, except on an emergency basis when purchased quantities are not sufficient for a given week.

### **Bible Version**

Scripture quotations are from the ESV® Bible (The Holy Bible, English Standard Version®), copyright © 2001 by Crossway, a publishing ministry of Good News Publishers. Used by permission. All rights reserved.