

The Lord's Supper Mark 14:22-31

| The Lord's Supper is a   |   |
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| instituted by Christ to commemorate His atoning death that estable New covenant. The Church solemnly partakes of bread and juice The elements represent Christ's body and blood. Believers examing and repent of sin to assure their hearts are right with God. As the they reaffirm their faith in Jesus Christ as Lord and proclaim the Country of the Countr | e / wine.<br>nine themselves<br>ey partake, |
| 1. Transubstantiation = the bread & wine the body & blood of Jesus when the Priest blesses them  |   |
| Did the bread & wine become the body & blood of Jesus?   |   |
| A. Jesus' body was It had not yet been sacrificed.   | at the table                                |
| B. Drinking human blood was  |   |
| C. The presence of Christ in us is the   |   |
| D. The elements are that represent Christ's sacrificed body & blood like the other elements of the Passover meal - like the other ordinance of the Church: baptism   |   |
| 2. Truths of the Gospel  |   |
| A. Salvation is an eternal     relationship initiated by God through grace and faith.  |   |
| B. Salvation is predicated on what     on the cross, not our goodness or good works.   | accomplished                                |
| C. Salvation is God's choice to  | ·   |

| 3. Trials |                               |
|-----------|-------------------------------|
| A         | our faith as genuine or not.  |
| В         | our faith so it is more pure. |

D. The Lord's Supper calls us to \_\_\_\_\_

and renew our covenant devotion to Christ.