

Hebrews 11:24–28

Title: Faith That Chooses God Over the World

Background and Context

1. Hebrews chapter 11 emphasizes faith as active **trust** expressed through obedience.
2. Moses is presented as an example of faith because he chose God over **status** and comfort.
3. The author of Hebrews highlights Moses' **faithful choices** rather than focusing on his failures.

Faith and Identity (Hebrews 11:24)

4. By faith, Moses refused to be called the **son** of Pharaoh's daughter.
5. Moses rejected a false identity built on power, wealth, and **privilege**.
6. Faith often reveals itself in what we **refuse** as much as in what we accept.

Faith and Suffering (Hebrews 11:25)

7. Moses chose to be mistreated with the **people** of God.
8. Sin offers pleasure that is **temporary** (or *fleeting*), not eternal.
9. Faith weighs temporary comfort against **eternal** consequences.

Faith and True Treasure (Hebrews 11:26)

10. Moses considered the reproach of **Christ** greater wealth than the treasures of Egypt.
11. Moses looked forward to the eternal **reward** rather than earthly riches.
12. Faith values Christ above all **worldly** gain.

Faith and Endurance (Hebrews 11:27)

13. Moses endured by seeing Him who is **invisible**.
14. Faith allows believers to walk by **faith** rather than by sight.
15. Endurance flows from a constant awareness of God's **presence**.

Faith and Obedience (Hebrews 11:28)

16. By faith, Moses kept the **Passover** and sprinkled the blood.
17. The blood protected Israel from the **destroyer** of the firstborn.
18. The Passover points forward to Christ as the **Lamb** of God.

Key Truths

19. Faith defines who we **belong** to before it defines what we do.
20. True faith expresses itself through obedient **action**.
21. Faith chooses God's promises over the world's **rewards**.