

Title: Jesus Our Great High Priest (Hebrews 5:1–10)

Central Question:

How does Hebrews 5 reveal Jesus as our High Priest, and why does that change how we live and hope today?

I. The High Priest's Appointment and Duty (00:00:00–00:01:02; 00:04:26–00:05:30)

Key Scripture: Hebrews 5:1–3

- Appointed from among men to represent people before God, offering gifts and sacrifices for sins.
- Deals gently with the ignorant and misguided, sharing in human weakness.
- Earthly priests offer sacrifices for themselves and for the people; Jesus is appointed and anointed by God as the true High Priest.

II. Jesus, the Greater High Priest (00:01:04–00:03:30)

- Oversees all creation; holds all things together (Colossians 1:17).
- Mediator and intercessor who prays for his disciples and for us (John 17).
- Once-for-all sacrifice; he sat down because the work is finished (Hebrews 10:12).
- Teacher who instructs in righteousness (Matthew 5–7).

III. Called by God, Not Self-Appointed (00:04:56–00:07:09)

Key Scripture: Hebrews 5:4–6; Psalm 2:7; Psalm 110:4

- No one takes this honor for himself; God appoints, as with Aaron.

- The Father declares the Son and appoints him a priest forever after the order of Melchizedek.

IV. The Order of Melchizedek (00:07:09–00:12:41)

Key Scriptures: Genesis 14; Psalm 110:4; Hebrews 7

- Melchizedek as a type and shadow pointing to Christ (likeness, not identity).
- United roles of king and priest, unlike the separated Levitical and royal lines.
- Superiority to the Levitical priesthood: not based on genealogy; eternal.
- Illustration of separation under the old covenant (Saul's unlawful sacrifice, 1 Samuel 13:8–14).

V. Obedience Through Suffering and the Source of Salvation (00:07:51–00:10:42)

Key Scripture: Hebrews 5:7–9

- Jesus offered prayers with loud cries and tears; was heard for his reverent submission.
- Learned obedience through suffering and became the source of eternal salvation to all who obey him.
- Our response: loving obedience to his commands (John 14:15).

VI. Access, Intercession, and Hope (00:13:18–00:22:12)

Key Scriptures: Hebrews 4:14–16; Hebrews 6:19

- Jesus intercedes for us and grants bold access to the Father.
- Hope in Christ is an anchor for the soul amid a turbulent world.

VII. Priestly Garments and Christological Fulfillment (00:14:46–00:18:09)

Key Scriptures: Exodus 28; Leviticus 16

- Colors and meanings: blue (heaven/holiness), purple (royalty), scarlet (sacrifice), gold (divinity), white linen (purity).

- The garments signified holiness and duty; these patterns and shadows find their fulfillment in Christ's suffering, purity, and atoning blood.

VIII. Invitation and Response (00:18:54–00:22:12)

- Embrace Jesus as our High Priest; trust, follow, and worship him.

- Receive the hope and access to the Father that come through faith in Christ; come boldly to the throne of grace.

Scripture References for Further Study:

Hebrews 5:1–10; Hebrews 7; Hebrews 9–10; Hebrews 4:14–16; Hebrews 6:19; Colossians 1:17; John 17; Matthew 5–7; Leviticus 16; Exodus 28; Genesis 14; Psalm 110:4; Psalm 2:7; 1 Samuel 13:8–14; Isaiah 50:7; Luke 9:51; John 14:15

Key Takeaway:

Jesus is our eternal King-Priest who intercedes for us and secures eternal salvation.

Our fitting response is loving obedience, confident access to the Father, and steadfast hope in him.