# "Lessons from the Life of David" - Pastor Jim Ruddy

# Study # 30 – 2 Samuel 8:1-18 – From Possession To Dominion

# I. THE POSITION OF ABRAHAM

- The LORD promised the Land to Abraham and his decedents as part of his initial call. cf. Gen 12:1-3; 13:14-18; 15:18
- This promise was reiterated to all Israel. cf. Ex. 23:31; Deut. 11:24

# II. THE POSSESSION OF JOSHUA

- Joshua led Israel in successful military campaigns against the inhabitants of Canaan, however, because of their unbelief, the various tribes failed to subdue the enemy and "possess their possessions."
  - cf. Josh. 1:1-4; Judg. 1:1-36; 3:1-6

### III. THE SUBJECTION OF DAVID 8:1-18 Note: 1 Chr. 18:1-17

## A. THE EXTENT OF DAVID'S KINGDOM 8:1-13

- Based upon God's promises, David initiates an aggressive campaign to subdue all of Israel's enemies dwelling within the Land, a work that had been left undone since the days of Joshua. cf. 2 Sam. 7:8-11
- The author's goal is to give a short summary of David's military achievements rather than a chronological account.
- Instead of annihilating all of the people, they are instead subjugated as tributaries to Israel.

#### 1. The Philistines to the West v1

- Israel's perennial enemy, who had been the first to challenge David's kingship, becomes his first priority.
  - cf. 2 Sam. 5:17-25; 1 Sam. 4-7; 13; 17; 31

### 2. The Moabites to the East v2

- David's campaign against his hereditary enemy involved harsh and unexplainable punishment. cf. Ruth 4:5-22
- Jewish tradition attributes this severity as retaliation for the Moabite's mistreatment of David's parents whom he had entrusted into their care (1 Sam. 22:1-4).
  - Note, however, the prophecy of Num. 24:17.
- Seeing that Moab was an enemy of God, the question should not be, why were two/thirds of the Moabites killed, but rather, why were one/third allowed to live?

#### 3. The Aramaens to the North v3-12

- David conquers the Aram city-state of Zobah, along the Syrians of Damascus who tried to come to their aid. As a result, the city of Hamath surrenders without a fight.

#### 4. The Edomites to the South v13-14

 It is understood that David was not personally engaged in every battle, however, as King and Commander, he gets the credit. cf. Note Abashai's role in 1 Chr. 18:12

#### B. THE CONTENT OF DAVID'S KINGDOM 8:1-18

- <u>David's throne</u> is honored with tremendous amounts of wealth which was given as tribute, and his victories reap great spoil that will be used to build and benefit the temple.
  - v2, 4, 6-8, 10-12; cf. 1 Chr. 26:26; 2 Chr. 5:1
- <u>David's activities</u> result in his defeating all his enemies and establishing garrisons throughout the Land. v6, 14
- David's God is credited with each of the victories. v6, 14
  - The LORD had helped David move the Ark to Jerusalem (1 Chr. 15:26), and He was now helping David subdue the Land.
- David's name is made great throughout the Land. v13; cf. 7:9
- <u>David's reign</u> is marked by justice and righteousness. v15; Ps. 78:72
- <u>David's government</u> grows to such an extent has to add structure and staff to administrate the Kingdom properly. v16-18
  - What Israel had longed desired was finally a reality! 1 Sam. 8:20

# IV. THE DOMINION OF CHRIST

# A. THE INAGURATION OF THE KINGDOM

- God's promise to Abraham and declaration to David is continued and through Jesus, the Messiah. cf. Gal. 3:16
- The house and throne of David is therefore established through Jesus, the true son of David. cf. Matt. 1:1; 15:22; 22:42-45; Lu. 1:31-33; Acts 2:30; 13:22-23; Is. 9:7; Dan. 2:44

### B. THE CONTINUATION OF THE KINGDOM

- Like Joshua, believers are to be strong in the LORD, striving to possess every blessing and benefit God has promised!
  - Eph. 6:10-18; 1 Tim. 6:12; Heb. 6:12; 11:33
- As in the days of Joshua many Christians do not appropriate all that is theirs in Christ.
- Like David, believers are to move toward dominion in every area of life! cf. Rom. 5:17; 6:14; 8:37-39;

# C. THE CONSUMATION OF THE KINGDOM

- Jesus will reign from the Throne of David in Jerusalem.
  - cf. 2 Sam. 3:10; 1 Ki. 2:45; Ps. 89:34-37; Is. 9:7; Jer. 17:25; Lu. 1:32:33
- It is the Lord Jesus Christ who will successfully subdue every nation and establish His eternal Kingdom in the earth.
  - cf. 1 Cor. 15:25; Ps. 110:1; Lu. 20:39-43; Php. 2:9-11
- Although men continue to reject Christ's rule and reign, we look forward to the time when "The kingdoms of this world have become the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ; and He shall reign forever and ever." Rev. 11:15; cf. 2 Pet. 3:13