BEREAN COMMUNITY CHURCH

Galatians 3:19-24

Wednesday December 6, 2023

Galatians 3:19-24 (NASB95)



¹⁹Why the Law then? It was added because of transgressions, having been ordained through angels by the agency of a mediator, until the seed would come to whom the promise had been made.

²⁰Now a mediator is not for one party only; whereas God is only one.

²¹Is the Law then contrary to the promises of God? May it never be! For if a law had been given which was able to impart life, then righteousness would indeed have been based on law.

²²But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.

²³But before faith came, we were kept in custody under the law, being shut up to the faith which was later to be revealed.

²⁴Therefore the Law has become our tutor to lead us to Christ, so that we may be justified by faith.

Group Discussions



- 1. Share your questions and observations from the inductive process for Galatians 3:19-24.
- 2. What exactly is the Law? What was its role/function before Christ?
- 3. What is the mediator? What is the role of the mediator?
- 4. What does it mean to be shut up under sin? To the faith?

Knee-Jerk Questions



Is the Law bad?

Is obedience to the Law required?

Can a person be saved through the Law?

If the Christian is free from the Law, can he live however he pleases?

Galatians 3:8-14(NASB95)



⁸The **Scripture** (v.22), foreseeing that God would justify the Gentiles by faith, preached the gospel beforehand to Abraham, saying, "All the nations will be blessed in you."

⁹So then those who are of faith are blessed with Abraham, the believer.

¹⁰For as many as are of the works of the Law are under a curse; for it is written, "Cursed is everyone who does not abide by all things written in the book of the law, to perform them."

¹¹Now that no one is justified by the Law before God is evident; for, "The righteous man shall <u>live by faith."</u>

¹²However, the Law is not of faith; on the contrary, "He who practices them shall live by them."

¹³Christ redeemed us from the curse of the Law, having become a curse for us—for it is written,

"Cursed is everyone who hangs on a tree"—

¹⁴in order that in Christ Jesus the blessing of Abraham might come to the Gentiles, so that we would receive the promise of the Spirit through faith.

Galatians 3:17-18 (NASB95)



¹⁷What I am saying is this: the Law, which came four hundred and thirty years later, does not invalidate a covenant previously ratified by God, so as to nullify the promise.

¹⁸For if the inheritance is based on law, it is no longer based on a promise; but <u>God has granted it to Abraham by means of a promise</u>.

- Covenant with Noah: means of a promise
- Covenant with Abraham: means of a promise
 - Covenant with David (stemming from covenant with Abraham): means of a promise
 - New Covenant (stemming from covenant with Abraham): means of a promise

The Covenants and Israel



Path to Salvation



			<u> </u>
	Abrahamic Covenant	Davidic Covenant	New Covenant
Contents	Promises Abraham land, seed, and spiritual blessings [GRACE]	The Messiah would come from the line of David and the tribe of Judah and He would establish a kingdom that would endure forever. [GRACE]	God will completely forgive sin, write His laws on the hearts of the people, and reconcile man to Himself. [GRACE]
Reward / Blessing	Land, seed, spiritual blessings in the Holy Spirit	Messiah from David's line and kingdom that will last forever	New heart; new spirit, indwelling of Holy Spirit;
Text	Genesis 12:1-3; 15:13-18; 17:9-11; 22:15-18	2 Samuel 7:8-16; 1 Chron 17:11- 14; 2 Chron. 6:16; Psalm 72, 89 , 132; Isaiah 55; Luke 1:32-33	Deuteronomy 30:1-5; Jeremiah 31:31-34; Ezekiel 36:22-32
AKA			aka "better covenant" (Hebrews 7:22; 8:6); "Second Covenant"; "Messianic" "Everlasting"
Direction	Unconditional / Unilateral	Unconditional / Unilateral	Unconditional / Unilateral
Terms	Promise	Promise	Promise
Sign	Circumcision (Genesis 17:11)	Christ's life, death, resurrection, and enthronement (Acts 2:30-34)	Bread and Cup (Matt. 26:28; 1 Cor. 11:25)
Verbiage	I will	I will	I will
Duration	Everlasting	Everlasting	Everlasting

Matthew 1:1 (NASB95)

¹The record of the genealogy of Jesus the Messiah, the son of David, the son of Abraham:

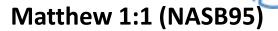
Ezekiel 36:24-28 (NASB95)



- ²⁴"For <u>I will take</u> you from the nations, <u>gather</u> you from all the lands and <u>bring</u> you into your own land.
- ²⁵"Then <u>I will sprinkle</u> clean water on you, and you will be clean; I <u>will cleanse</u> you from all your filthiness and from all your idols.
- ²⁶"Moreover, <u>I will give</u> you a new heart and put a new spirit within you; and <u>I will</u> remove the heart of stone from your flesh and give you a heart of flesh.
- ²⁷"I will put My Spirit within you and <u>cause</u> you to walk in My statutes, and you will be careful to observe My ordinances.
- ²⁸"You will live in the land that I gave to your forefathers; so you will be My people, and I will be your God.

The Covenants and Israel

	Abrahamic Covenant	Davidic Covenant	New Covenant
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Verbiag .	I will	I will	I will
Duration	Everlasting	Everlasting	Everlasting



¹The record of the genealogy of Jesus the **Messiah**, the **seed** of David, the **seed** of Abraham:

The promises are fulfilled in Jesus!!! [Galatians 3:1-18]

2 Corinthians 1:20 (NASB95)

²⁰For as many as are the promises of God, in Him they are <u>yes</u>; therefore also through Him is our <u>Amen</u> to the glory of God through us.

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19Why the Law then?
       It was added
               because of transgressions,
                       having been ordained through angels by the agency of a mediator,
                       until the seed would come to whom the promise had been made.
                      <sup>20</sup>Now a mediator is not for one party only; whereas God is only one.
21 Is the Law then contrary to the promises of God?
       May it never be!
                       For if a law had been given which was able to impart life, then
                       righteousness would indeed have been
                              based on law.
                      <sup>22</sup>But the Scripture has
               shut up everyone under sin,
                      so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might
                       be given to those who believe. <sup>23</sup>But before faith came, we were
               kept in custody under the law,
                       being shut up to the faith which was later to be revealed.
<sup>24</sup>Therefore the Law has become our tutor
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so that we may be justified by faith.

to lead us to Christ,

- 1. Law was to be Temporarily ADDED
- 2. Law was to be Telling
- 3. Law was to be a Tutor

The Covenants and Israel



_	Abrahamic Covenant	The Law (Mosaic Covenant)	Davidic Covenant	New Covenant
Contents	Promises Abraham land, seed, and spiritual blessings [GRACE]	Abraham's people are to worship Yahweh and live by the Law of Yahweh in the Promised land; if they fail to do so, the, will be cursed. [THREAT - what is due X Romans 4:4]	The Messiah would come from the line of David and the tribe of Judah and He would establish a kingdom that would endure forever. [GRACE]	God will completely forgive sin, write His laws on the hearts of the people, and reconcile man to Himself. [GRACE]
Reward / Blessing	Land, seed, spiritual blessings in the Holy Spirit	Land, seed, blessings	Messiah from David's line and kingdom that will last forever	New heart; new spirit, indwelling of Holy Spirit;
Text	Genesis 12:1-3; 15:13-18; 17:9-11; 22:15-18	Exodus 19:5-8; 24:3-8; 31:13-17; Deuteronomy 11; 29:22-28;	114: 7 Chron, 6:16: Psaim 77, 89 .	Deuteronomy 30:1-5; Jeremiah 31:31-34; Ezekiel 36:22-32
AKA		"Old Covenant"		aka "better covenant" (Hebrews 7:22; 8:6); "Second Covenant"; "Messianic" "Everlasting"
Direction	Unconditional / Unilateral	Conditional / Bilateral	Unconditional / Unilateral	Unconditional / Unilateral
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Sign	Circumcision (Genesis 17:11)	Outwardly reflected lives; Sabbath (Exodus 31:13)	Christ's life, death, resurrection, and enthronement (Acts 2:30-34)	Bread and Cup (Matt. 26:28; 1 Cor. 11:25)
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Note on Mediators [Law]



God → Angels → Moses → People

Deuteronomy 33:1-2 (NASB95)

¹Now this is the blessing with which Moses the man of God blessed the sons of Israel before his death.

²He said, "The Lord came from Sinai, And dawned on them from Seir; He shone forth from Mount Paran, And He came from the midst of ten thousand holy ones; At His right hand there was flashing lightning for them.

Acts 7:38 (NASB95)

³⁸"This is the one who was in the congregation in the wilderness together with the angel who was speaking to him on Mount Sinai, and who was with our fathers; and he received living oracles to pass on to you.

Also: Hebrews 2:2

Note on Mediators [Promise]



God → No Mediator → Abraham

Genesis 22:16 (NASB95)

¹⁶and said, "By Myself I have sworn, declares the Lord, because you have done this thing and have not withheld your son, your only son,

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The Law is very **Telling** of...



1. The Character of God

[Leviticus 19; Psalm 19; Romans 7:12; 1 John 4:8]

2. The Depravity of man

[Romans 1:26-32; 3:9-23]

3. Man's desperate need of a Savior/grace

[Leviticus; Romans 10:4; Gal. 3:22-23]



"The Law is for the proud and the Gospel for the brokenhearted. The person who can distinguish between the law and grace can thank God and know himself to be a true Christian."

Martin Luther

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Tutor



- **Paidagogus:** slave entrusted to supervise a young boy on his parents' behalf.

[not didaskalos]

- Chaperone to keep the child from trouble, from danger, and to make sure that the child didn't do harmful things. Severe disciplinarian.
- "They took their young charges to and from school, made sure they studied their lessons, and trained them in obedience. They were strict disciplinarians, scolding and whipping as they felt it necessary. He was often harsh to the point of cruelty, and is usually depicted in ancient drawings with a rod or cane in his hand. J. B. Phillips thinks that the modern equivalent is 'a strict governess'." (John Stott)

1 Corinthians 4:15 (NASB95)

¹⁵For if you were to have countless tutors in Christ, yet you would not have many fathers, for in Christ Jesus I became your father through the gospel.

1 Corinthians 4:21 (NASB95)

²¹What do you desire? Shall I come to you with a rod, or with love and a spirit of gentleness?

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Romans 8:3-4 (NASB95)



³For what the Law could not do, weak as it was through the flesh, God did: sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh and as an offering for sin, He condemned sin in the flesh,

⁴so that the requirement of the Law might be fulfilled in us, who do not walk according to the flesh but according to the Spirit.

Galatians 3:25 (NASB95)

²⁵But now that faith has come, we are no longer under a tutor.

Upcoming Events

Berean

CHRISTMAS PARTIES

- Sun 12/10 FM Christmas Lunch @ 1pm
- Sat 12/16 BAM Christmas Party @ 5:30 pm

Sunday 12/31

- 3pm / Ping Pong Tournament
- 11pm / New Year's Eve Service

Sunday 1/7

3 Services!

Sunday 1/14

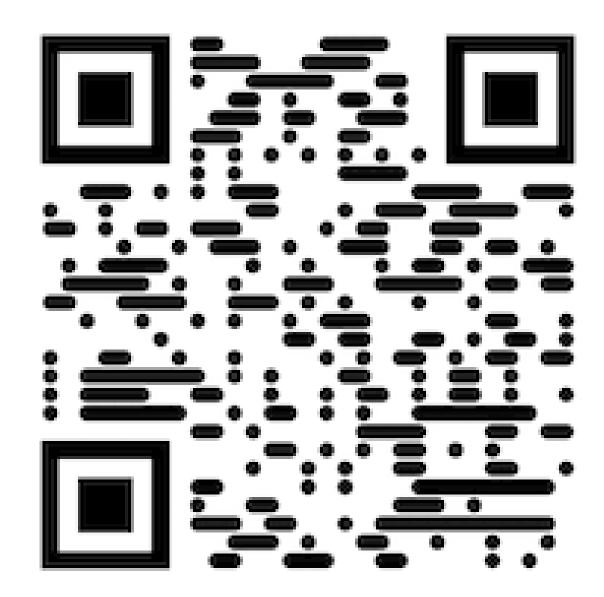
- Membership Class Begins
- Members' Meeting

Galatians pt. 2 Bible Study



Wednesday 2/7

 Galatians pt 2 Bible Study Begins



Prep Questions



- 1. For Wednesday 12/13, read and inductively prepare Galatians 3:25-29. Also take some time to review all of chapters 1-3.
- 2. What does it mean to be baptized into Christ? To have been clothed with Christ?
- 3. What is the purpose of the phrase "male nor female"?
- 4. What does it mean to be an heir to the promise of Abraham?

Group Discussions



- 1. Who is God to you personally? Who is Jesus Christ to you?
- 2. What role does the Law of God play in your day to day life? How eager are you to obey His Law? What is the motivation?
- 3. In what ways do you still try and get to God through a mediator?
- 4. Are there any prayer requests that come from questions 1-3?