

GALATIANS 3

- 1) What did Paul say about racial, class, and gender barriers regarding the congregations of Christ? (Galatians 3:28)
- 2) What did Paul call the Galatians: frauds, fools, or failures? (Galatians 3:1-2)
- 3) What does the faith of Abraham have to do with us? (Galatians 3:8-9)
- 4) How did Jesus become both a curse and a blessing? (Galatians 3:13-14)
- 5) God promised Abraham, "In your seed all nations shall be blessed." What argument did Paul make on the word 'seed'? (Galatians 3:16)
- 6) Did the law of Moses make void the promise to Abraham? (Galatians 3:17)
- 7) Did the law let people escape the prison of sin? If not, what did? (Galatians 3:22-23)
- 8) What did Paul say regarding a schoolmaster? (Galatians 3:24-25)

- 9) What action does Paul link to faith for coming into Christ? (Galatians 3:26)
- 10) Paul uses the words “one” and “seed” referring to Christ. But he also uses those words to those who *belong* to Christ. What does Paul say? (Galatians 3:28-29)
- 11) Does the new Christian become mature by doing the works of the law? (Galatians 3:21)
- 12) How many nations were eligible to receive the blessing given to Abraham because of his faith? (Galatians 3:8-9)
- 13) Was the promise to Abraham a covenant? (Galatians 3:6-7)
- 14) By what does one become righteous in God’s sight and live forever? (Galatians 3:11)
- 15) What curse are they under who try to get eternal life by keeping the law instead of entrusting themselves to Jesus the Savior? (Galatians 3:10)

GALATIANS 4

- 1) Who has entered into the hearts of those who have become the heirs of God? (Galatians 4:6-7)
- 2) How did Paul regard false gods? (Galatians 4:8)
- 3) The Galatians observed religious rituals that greatly worried Paul. What were these observances? (Galatians 4:10)
- 4) If it were possible, what would the Galatians do for Paul's health problem? (Galatians 4:15)
- 5) How did Paul view the zeal of the false teachers? Did it have a hidden agenda? (Galatians 4:17)
- 6) Paul used the "anguish of childbirth" as a metaphor. In what connection? (Galatians 4:19-20)
- 7) Why did God choose Isaac, Abraham's second son instead of Ishmael his first? (Galatians 4:22)
- 8) What does Paul see behind the story of Abraham's two sons and their mothers? (Galatians 4:24-26)

- 9) What similarities are there between the Christian and Isaac? (Galatians 4:28-29)
- 10) To what extent did the Galatians welcome Paul? (Galatians 4:14)
- 11) What does Paul contrast with Ishmael's birth "according to the flesh"? (Galatians 4:23)
- 12) What special relationship to God is received by virtue of God's Son? (Galatians 4:5)
- 13) If you are redeemed by Christ, you are no longer a slave to law and sin. What are you then? (Galatians 4:7)
- 14) Fill in the gaps "Have I become your _____ by telling you the _____?" (Galatians 4:16)
- 15) Hagar and Sarah symbolized two covenants and two Jerusalems. Identify these. (Galatians 4:25-26)

GALATIANS 5

- 1) Can you name the Christian graces that Paul calls “the Fruit of the Spirit”?
(Galatians 5:22-23)
- 2) Some people thought they could be made right by keeping the law without any need of Jesus. What did Paul say to them? (Galatians 5:4)
- 3) What sporting analogy did Paul use for following the gospel? (Galatians 5:7)
- 4) Paul did not want to stop giving offense. What offense did he have in mind?
(Galatians 5:11)
- 5) Paul said there was something the Galatians were “not under” as long as they were following the Holy Spirit’s teaching. What were they “not under”? (Galatians 5:18)
- 6) What was Paul’s attitude towards uncircumcised men? (Galatians 5:6)
- 7) What does a little leaven do? (Galatians 5:9)
- 8) We have liberty in Christ, but how must we use it? (Galatians 5:13)

- 9) If I wish to fulfill the whole law of Moses, what commandment should I keep? (Galatians 5:14)
- 10) What did Paul say about walking? (Galatians 5:25)
- 11) What must we never become? (Galatians 5:26)
- 12) What do people forfeit when they practice evil? (Galatians 5:21)
- 13) If people start "biting" each other, what is likely to happen?
(Galatians 5:15)
- 14) How many important words starting with L can you find in chapter 5?
(Galatians 5)
- 15) What should we understand about the lusts of the flesh and the leading of the Spirit? (Galatians 5:17)

GALATIANS 6

- 1) Is it any good doing good, or should we rather count good works as pointless? (Galatians 6:9-10)
- 2) Paul refused to glorify himself or glory in his own achievements in this world. So, what did he glory in, and who did he glorify? (Galatians 6:14)
- 3) What is fulfilled when Christians bear each other's burdens? (Galatians 6:2)
- 4) If a Christian is led astray into sin, what should other Christians try to do? (Galatians 6:1)
- 5) Who should every Christian watch carefully? (Galatians 6:1)
- 6) What is one way in which people are self-deceived? (Galatians 6:3)
- 7) What's the value of minding your own business? (Galatians 6:4)
- 8) When people are taught God's word, what should they do for their teacher? (Galatians 6:6)
- 9) Why should we be careful what we do day by day? (Galatians 6:7)

- 10) If we sow seed in the Holy Spirit, what shall we reap? (Galatians 6:8)
- 11) Of what should we never get tired? (Galatians 6:9)
- 12) Where should a Christian's good works be directed? (Galatians 6:10)
- 13) In what did Paul Glory? (Galatians 6:14)
- 14) What was Paul's attitude towards worldly things? (Galatians 6:14)
- 15) On what note did Paul finish his letter to the Galatians? (Galatians 6:18)