## We Believe: Doctrines of Our Faith

## The Doctrine of the Trinity

Few Christian claims cause visible confusion like the Trinity. When Christians claim to believe in one God, but then in the same breath claim that the Father, Jesus, and the Spirit are all God, we sound contradictory on the face of it. Yet, Christians have affirmed trinitarian beliefs since the earliest days of our movement specifically because Scripture describes God in this way.

The main question when dealing with the Trinity is whether we can accept that God is a very different kind of being from us but not wholly incomprehensible to us. He exists in a way that goes beyond full human understanding, but He describes Himself in terms that do make sense so that we have language to talk about Him. In much the same way that we can describe a 4-dimensioal cube with mathematics but we cannot truly picture that cube in our minds, God goes beyond our experiential categories but not so far that we cannot know Him.

## I. What is the Trinity?

- A. The word "Trinity" describes the biblical teaching that only \_\_\_\_\_ God exists, but that He exists in \_\_\_\_\_ persons: Father, Son, and Spirit. There are two helpful ways of thinking about the persons within the Trinity.
  - 1. First, the Bible affirms the existence and divinity of each person within the Trinity.
    - Genesis 1:2 "And the Spirit of God was moving over the surface of the waters."
    - Psalm 110:1 "The LORD said to my Lord, 'Sit at My right hand until I make Your enemies a footstool for Your feet."
    - Isaiah 9:6 "For a child shall be born to us... and His name will be called Wonderful Counselor, Mighty God, Eternal Father..."
    - Matthew 3:16–17 "After being baptized, Jesus came up immediately from the water; and behold, the heavens were opened, and he saw the Spirit of God descending as a dove and lighting on Him, and behold, a voice out of the heavens said, 'This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well-pleased.'"
    - John 14:1–7 "If you had known me, you would have known My Father, also; from now on, you know Him and have seen Him."

He	lper, that He may be with you	u forever; that is the Spirit of truth'	,	
2. Second	, the Bible gives	interactions between the thre	ee	
		nas a role with respect to the other tw		
		the Son, but is Himself		
	begotten.			
• Th	e Son is begotten by the Fath	ner and to the Father's		
wil	l in love in part by representi	ing the Father to us.		
• Th	e Spirit (or is	sent) from the Father and the Son		
tog	gether and serves as God's pr	resence with and in us.		
• Th	ese relational dynamics distir	nguish the three persons as well as		
ex	olain how God can exhibit att	tributes like love without having to fi	rst	
cre	eate some other beings.			
	ts will deny the Trinity by der	nying the full divinity of either		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		s one and not as three persons.		
	, 0	·		
2. Jehovał	n's Witnesses only acknowled	lge the Father as God.		
3. Mormo	ns deny that Jesus is divine.			
II. What the Trini	ry is Not			
A. Various have been put forward trying to help people grasp the				
idea of the				
1. An	is one thing with three pa	rts: yolk, white, and shell.		
2 and soli	·	tions, simultaneously be gas, liquid,		
3. Sometii	nes the equation $\_$ $\times$ $\_$ $\times$ $\_$	$_{}$ = $_{}$ is used to model the Trinity.		
B. All analogie	es eventually	, and some even lead to		
	incorrect understandings of the Trinity.			
	· · ·	a completely different		
than the	-		_	

• John 14:15–17 – "I will ask My Father, and He will give you another

2. With water, the three states of matter are different of the	
same substance.	
3. 1x1x1=1 does not indicate any between the persons of	of
the Trinity.	
C. The breakdown of these models usually ends up in one of a few common	
heresies about God's existence.	
1. Perhaps the most common error is, which claims that God	is
one but that He appears in form of various persons at different time (th	at
is, He has various modes of appearing).	
<ul> <li>This error is difficult to square with passages like Jesus's baptism o</li> </ul>	r
the Transfiguration, where all three persons of the Trinity appear a	at
once.	
<ul> <li>The water analogy falls in this category.</li> </ul>	
2. The second most common error—often unintentional—is to devolve in	to
(describing three gods) by making too much of a distinction	1
between the persons of the Trinity.	
<ul> <li>The egg analogy falls into this category.</li> </ul>	
D. A still-imperfect but (hopefully) more helpful analogue to the Trinity comes	5
from God's institution of in Genesis 2.	
1. When a man and woman get marries, God describes it as two persons	
becoming one ("the two shall become one flesh").	
2. Considered this way, we not only bear God's image as individuals, but t	hat
image carries over into the most foundational human relationship.	
3. This analogy is actually more helpful in the reverse direction because it	
gives us a better picture of what marriage is supposed to be based on a	
prior understanding of the Trinity.	
III. What Does It Matter? (1 Peter 1)	
A. Our salvation and spiritual development are outside of the	e
Trinitarian nature of God.	

<ol> <li>If the Father and Son were not different persons within the Trinity, God could not have both received and poured out the due us for our sins.</li> </ol>
2. If the Son and the Spirit were not different persons, God could not have about the coming Christ and the coming Christ.
3. If God were not one, then one of the three persons would have to be the "" by whom holiness and justice are measured. Then the other two would be "lesser Gods."
B. We have a responsibility to interact with and respond to all three members of the Trinity according to their specific roles in our spiritual life if we hope to grow into the we should be.
<ul> <li>IV. Interlude: Why Are We Studying These Things?</li> <li>A. Everyone has a worldview that informs what is "" to believe as truth. You may approach everything you learn about the Bible or about God as "normal." Most people—many Christians included—don't.</li> </ul>
B. How we is always driven by what we think is normal to believe. Most people who grow up in the church and later reject the faith do so because their worldview was never based on the Bible; it merely included the palatable parts of the biblical story.
<ul> <li>C. Our goal in studying together is twofold:</li> <li>1. To build a community where things that go even beyond our full comprehension is not only acceptable, but also normal.</li> <li>2. To be a community that on what we believe so that our experiences can reinforce our beliefs.</li> </ul>