C.

THE BIRTHDAY OF THE "CHURCH"

A. The SCRIPTURAL BASICS of the "CHURCH". (Matthew 16:13-18)

B. The BIRTHDAY of the Church.	В.	The BIRTHDAY	of the Church.
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ı.	Ĺ	The OPTIONS. That the Church						
	a. Began with – some in Covenant/ Reformed Theology teach this.							
	b. Began with most in Covenant/ Reformed - Replacement Theology teach th							
	c.	Began with some Baptists embrace this.						
	d.	Began with some Baptists and others teach this.						
	e.	Began after the conversion of – Hyper-dispensationalists believe this.						
	f.	Began at with the coming & baptizing ministry of the Holy Spirit.						
2. The EXEGETICAL OBSERVATIONS about the beginning & birthday of the Church.								
	a. John 7:37-39, 14:16-20, 16:7 – What did Jesus Christ predict?							
	b. John 15:1-2 – What did Jesus Christ preach?							
	c. John 17:20-21 – What did Jesus Christ pray for?							
	d. 1 Corinthians 12:13 – What places the believer in union with Christ and His Body, the Church?							
	e.	Acts 1:4-5 – What did Jesus Christ predict would happen in just a few days?						
	f. Acts 2:1-4 – What happened 10 days later on the Day of Pentecost?							
	g.	Acts 11:15-16 – What does Peter affirm?						
Is	the	re evidence following Pentecost that the Church was now in existence?						
a)		in Acts 2:47, 5:11, 8:1, 8:3, 11:22, 11:26, 12:1,5; 13:1; al.1:13, 21-24; 1 Cor.15:9-11; 10:32; etc. gives proof of its existence.						
b)	Tl w	which is a unique church age term of identification with Christ due to the baptizing work of the Holy Spirit. (Rom.6:1-5; 16:7; Gal.1:22; 3:26-29)						
Tl	ie I	OOCTRINAL CONCLUSIONS about the beginning & birthday of the Church:						
1.		The Church began on the day of Pentecost because Jesus Christ promised to build His Church to His earthly ministry and was an OT (Matt.16:18; Eph. 3:1-9)						
2.		The Church began on the day of Pentecost because there could be no Church Jesus Christ to purchase Her redemption. (Acts 20:28; Ephesians 5:25)						
3.	W	The Church began on the day of Pentecost because Christ's Headship (Eph. 5:23) over the Church as His into Heaven. (Ephesians 1:20-23; 4:8-13)						

4	. The Church began on the Christ is the						
5	. The Church began on the immediately	•	ecause the word "church' cost. (see previous verses)				
D. T	The PRACTICAL RAMIFICATIONS of the beginning and birthday of the Church.						
1	. Covenantal Confusion problems result such as		urch as synonymous wi	th Israel, numerous			
	You will lack a consistent normal, historical, grammatical						
	• You will end up mixing life (Rom. 6:14).	<u> </u>	and putting belie	vers under the law as a rule of			
	• You will the unconditional covenantal promises made applying them to the church today.						
	• You will destroy the unit church (Col. 3:1-4).	que	position, orienta	ation, and ministry of the			
	• You will rob the church Rapture of the Church.			eturn of Christ and the			
2	 Occurring after the death, resurrection, and ascension of Jesus Christ You will mix the						
	You will confuse the is		with the issue of	(how one is saved)			
	• You will take the right past the cross and place it on the backs of church-age believers.						
3	. Hyper-dispensational H wrongly dividing it by s			e Word of truth," you end up			
	• You will wrongly interpret the as being non-Church & not for today (Mt. 28:18-20).						
	• You will eliminate the p	ractice of as well {HHD}.	for beli	for believers {HD} & possibly the			
	• You will wrongly conclude a(early Acts) and a						
	(later Acts) when the Bible eliminates such a distinction (Eph. 2:11-18).						
	• You will wrongly cond 1:8-9).	clude that Peter pread	ched a	than Paul (Gal.2:7-9;			
	• You will reduce the parts of the Bible written to Church Age believers as being only (even perhaps only his prison epistles), possibly relegating						
	late written New Testam to another dispensation.		John, 2 John, 3 John, Rev	velation (A.D. 90-95) to apply			