B.

## WHAT IS WRONG WITH MY CHRISTIAN LIFE?

(Romans 7:13-20)

	The LAW'S Relationship to the SIN NATURE. (7:7-12)		
1.	A legitimate question: What shall we say then (in view of 7:4 & 6)? Is the law sin? (	[7:7a)	
2.	2. A definite answer: Certainly not! (7:7b)		
3.	A theological explanation: On the contrary, I would not have known {the power of} {the} {nature} except through the {Mosaic} (7:7c)		
4.	4. A perfect example of this reality – the divine prohibition of the sin of coveting (7:7d -11)		
	The purpose of the Law: For I would not have known unle had said, "You shall not covet." – {Ex. 20:17; Deut. 5:21} (7:7c)	ess the law	
	. The <i>provocation</i> of the Law: <i>But</i> {the} {nature}, <i>taking</i> {or seizing}		
	{advantage, acting as a base of operation} <b>by</b> {by means of} <b>the commandment</b> ,		
	all manner {every kind} of desire. (7:8a)		
	The practical result of the Law: For apart from the law sin was dead. I was alive {previously} without the law {when?}, but when the commandment came, {the} revived {from being dormant due to its inherent rebellious nature} and I {experienced temporal death by walking after the flesh}. (7:8b - 9)	sin {nature}	
	I. The <i>personal discovery</i> with the Law: <i>And the commandment, which was to bring</i> godly life of fellowship, fruitfulness & service to God,7:4,6}, <i>I found</i> {discovered by / experience} <i>to bring</i> {to result in} {a miserable, fruitless life spiritual	examination	
	The personal testimony regarding the Law: For {the} {nature}, taking {seizi {the opportunity; advantage; acting as a base of sinful activity} operations by {by the commandment {"You shall not covet"}, {thoroughly deceive by it killed me {the sin nature put me to death}. (7:11)	means of}	
5.	A doctrinal conclusion about the Law: <i>Therefore, the is holy, and the comm holy and just and good.</i> (7:12) What does this reaffirm again?	andment {is}	
6.	Another logical question: Has then what is good {namely, the Law} become {the reafor} death {a loss of fellowship with God - temporal death} to me? (7:13a)	son or cause	
7.	Another dogmatic answer: Certainly not! (7:13b)		
8.	Another theological explanation: <i>But</i> {the} {nature}, <i>that</i> {hina – in order the <i>appear</i> {appear, be recognized, be shown to be the source of} {the acts of s {as a source of temporal} <i>in me through</i> {using as a means}	in}, <b>was</b> <b>what is good</b>	
	{the Law}, so that {in order that} {the} {nature} through {using} the comm {"You shall not covet"} might become {for what it is, namely} sin		
9.	A principle to remember: For we {plural – as believers who know the Law – 7:1} know is spiritual {pneumatikos – characterized by being spiritual}, but {sarkikos – fleshly, still packing a sin nature even as a believer & allowing its control} like a slave but not "to" but} under {hupo – under the governing power of} {the} si (7:14) What does this mean?	, <b>sold</b> {sold	

What	have we learned about the sin nature and the Law in this passage? {7:7-14}
	We as believers in Christ still have a that desires to reign in our lives though it has no legal authority to do so. (Romans 6:11-12; 7:7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14)  The sin nature of the believer is to either rebellious acts of
3)	sin or it promotes self-effort to try or attempt to keep it. (7:7-11)  The problem in our Christian life is not inherently the Law {though we are under grace} but legalistic thinking that results in the using the Law to in the believer. (7:7, 12-13)
_	The sin nature unchecked leads to many that seek fulfilment. (7:8)
the si which	<b>iple to remember:</b> The Law, which is holy, just, and good, does not really prevent sin but provokes in nature to rebellion or self-reliance to perform it, though there is nothing wrong with the Law is came from God but there is something inherently wrong with us, even after our justification {being red righteous} before God by faith alone in Christ alone.
	scovering the NEW NATURE'S CONFLICT with the SIN NATURE and SPIRITUAL DEFEAT.  15-25} Some questions you need to correctly come to grips with are
1.	Can the inner conflict & spiritual defeat you experience as a believer be baffling & very confusing at times? "For what I am doing {by way of sin or human good}, I do". (7:15a) Does this describe you?
2.	Can the Christian life be lived by your sheer will-power and inner desire? "For what {the will of God} to do {desire to do due to a new nature}, that I do practice. {7:15b}
3.	Can you actually end up doing the very opposite of what you desire and even hate? "but what I, that (7:15c)
4.	While God wants you to succeed in your Christian life, how is God using your failures? If $\{1^{st}\}$ , then, I do $\{by way of sin or human good\}$ what $\{desire\}$ to do, I agree with the law that it is good. (7:16) What does this indicate to the failing but humble & teachable believer?
5.	What is God seeking to teach you to be your real source of your spiritual defeat? "But now, it is no longer I {as a new creation in Christ – 6:3-7; Gal. 2:20} who do it, but {it is 'the'} [nature] that" (7:17) What and where then is your greatest problem? {6:11-13} Is Paul seeking to indulge his flesh or shirk responsibility for his decisions and failures?
6.	Does God change your "flesh" at salvation / justification? "For I know that (that is, in}" (7:18a) Why does Paul qualify "in me" with "in my flesh"?
7.	What does God want you to learn about yourself that is vital to living the Christian life? "For I that in me (that is, in my flesh) dwells". (7:18b) Are you learning to "know" this reality? What should this drive us away from by way of dependence or deception?
8.	What must God teach you about your new nature vs the sin nature that still dwells in you?  "for {desire} is with me {due to a new nature}, but to what is good I do not find." (7:18c) How has Paul progressed in his
	understanding of the spiritual struggle & defeat he is experiencing? But what is he still missing?
9.	Why do believers live in spiritual defeat?;;;
	<ul> <li>When believers do not understand Romans 7, what wrong conclusions do they embrace about</li> </ul>

C.

the Christian life?