

UNDERSTANDING ISRAEL vs THE CHURCH

A. The SCRIPTURAL BASICS of the "CHURCH". (Matthew 16:13-18)

B. The BIRTHDAY of the CHURCH.

C. The NATURE of the CHURCH.

1. The Church is referred to in a _____ sense. (Eph. 1:22-23; 2:14-16; 3:5-10)
2. The Church is referred to in a _____ sense. (Col. 4:15-16; Phil. 1:1)
3. The Church is a subset in the _____. (John 1:12-12, 3:3; Eph. 3:14)
4. The Church is never referred to as a _____ or the _____. (1 Cor. 3:16; Eph. 2:19-22; 1 Tim. 3:15) What was the OT house of the Lord?
5. The Church is never referred to as _____. Instead, you find in the New Testament the planting and establishing of _____ local churches that support & fellowship with other local churches in Christ, with each church _____ giving an account to the Lord Jesus Christ. (Rev. 2 & 3)
6. The Church is not the same as the _____.
7. The Church is not the same as _____, nor has the Church _____ Israel, as God has a separate plan & program for each of these entities. (1 Cor. 10:32)

Rightly Dividing ISRAEL vs the CHURCH

Replacement Theology teaches that the Church has completely _____ Israel in God's plan while Dispensational Theology teaches that the Church is a _____ entity from Israel and remains distinct from Israel with its OT covenants. Which theology is biblically correct?

Israel

Church

- 1) Entered by _____ birth (Gen. 17:6-8; Rom. 9:3) - Entered by _____ birth (1 Pet. 1:23)
- 2) Jesus is Israel's _____. (Jn 1:41, 4:21-26) - Jesus is the Church's _____. (Eph. 1:22-23, 4:15)
- 3) Under _____ as its governing principle (Ex. 20) – Under _____. (Rom. 6:14)
- 4) The _____ is to be set up (2 Sam. 7:12-16) – the _____ is to be built up. (Eph. 4:11-12)
- 5) Citizenship on _____ (Matt. 6:10) – Citizenship in _____. (Phil. 3:20-21)

- 6) Christ's death is a _____ (Rom. 9:30-33)
– Christ's death is a foundation _____ . (1 Cor. 3:11, 1 Pet. 2:5-8)
- 7) In a _____ (1 Sam. 8:1-7; Rom. 9:30-33) – in _____ (Eph. 1:6, Col. 1:2)
- 8) _____ sp. baptized by the HS (Acts 1:4-5) - _____ bel. are sp. baptized by HS into Christ. (1Cor.12:13)
- 9) Holy Spirit would _____ and _____ selectively (1 Samuel 10:9-10, 16:13-14; Judges 14:6, 16:20; Psalm 51:11) - _____ indwelling & sealing of the Holy Spirit (John 14:16-17)
- 10) _____ with all sp. blessings (Deut. 28) - _____ with all sp. blessings (Eph. 1:3)
- 11) Related to the Day of the _____. (Joel 2; Zech. 12-14) – related to the Day of Christ (Phil. 1:6,10)
- 12) _____ temple (2 Sam. 7:13) - _____ temple (1 Cor. 3:16)
- 13) The temple is a _____ (1 Kings 5-8) – the temple is the believer's _____ (1 Cor. 6:19)
- 14) _____ priesthood (Lev. 8) - _____ priesthood (1 Pet. 2:5; Rev. 5:10)
- 15) _____ animal sacrifices (Lev. 1-3; Heb. 10:11) - _____ final sacrifice (Heb. 10:10-12)
- 16) _____ promises (Matt. 5:3-9) - _____ promises (John 14:1-3, 1 Pet. 1:4)
- 17) OT _____ (Gen. 12 – Malachi) – OT _____ (Eph. 3:1-12; Col. 1:24-29)
- 18) _____ - _____ distinction (Matt. 10:5; Rom. 15:8-9) - _____ distinctions (Gal. 3:26-28)
- 19) Involved _____ circumcision (Gen. 17:9-27) – involves circumcision without _____ (Col.2:11)
- 20) Promised a _____ (Gen. 15:18-21; Deut. 34:4) – promised _____ (1 Peter 2:9-11)

• For an even more thorough explanation of Israel vs the Church, watch the two lessons on Israel vs the Church in the GTBC series on BIBLICAL DISTINCTIONS found at:

<https://gracetruthbible.org/media/kcq67nm/bd-13-israel-vs-the-church-pt-1>

- What about Galatians 6:16?

- What can you learn from this?

- a) That the Universal Church finds _____ in genuine local churches.
- b) That the Church is both an _____ [universal] and an _____ [local].
- c) That it is important to distinguish between _____.

- d) That the local church is of _____ in the plan of God for this present age under the dispensation of grace.
- e) That we should recognize and appreciate the universal church but _____ in a doctrinally sound local church! (Hebrews 10:24-25)