

The Financial Support of The Church GRACE GIVING Pt. 3 (2 Corinthians 8 & 9)

Basic principle about giving: the underlying pattern of giving has been basically the _____ throughout history involving _____ giving (for believers and unbelievers alike) and _____ or grace giving (for believers only).

A. The PRINCIPLES and EXAMPLES of Grace-Giving. (2 Corinthians 8:1-9)

1. New Testament giving is rooted not in Law, but in the _____ of God. (2 Cor. 8:1)
2. In grace giving, God is more concerned with your _____ than the _____ you give, though His grace can motivate _____ and _____ giving—even beyond your means. (2 Cor. 8:2-3a)
3. Grace giving is not driven by external _____ or _____, but by an _____ and _____ desire to participate in God's work in proportion to His grace and your gratitude. (2 Cor. 8:3b-4)
4. In grace giving, God is first interested in _____, and then in your _____. (2 Cor. 8:5)
5. In grace giving, it is not enough to _____ well; by God's grace, you should seek to _____ well. (2 Cor. 8:6-7)
6. Genuine love does not merely _____; it _____ through grace-giving. (2 Cor. 8:8)
7. The supreme example of _____ and _____ giving is not the Macedonian believers, but the _____. (2 Cor. 8:9)

B. The PROBLEMS and EXCUSES about Grace Giving. (2 Corinthians 8:10-9:5)

1. There is the problem of _____.
2. There is the problem of _____.
3. There is the problem of _____.
4. There is the problem of _____. (2 Cor. 8:10)

Key Verses: 2 Corinthians 8 & 9

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5. There is the problem of _____. (2 Cor. 8:11)
6. There is the problem of _____. (2 Cor. 8:12)
7. There is the problem of thinking you are the _____ are the _____. (2 Cor. 8:13-15)
8. There is the problem of _____ / _____ financial administration. (2 Cor. 8:16 -9:5)

C. The PROMISES and EXHORTATIONS about Grace Giving. (2 Corinthians 9:6-15)

1. God promises that you will _____ in proportion to how you _____, so sow _____ and expect _____ fruit—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:6)
2. God _____ a cheerful giver, so _____ willingly and _____ from the heart—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:7)
3. God promises to provide for your _____ through His abundant grace as you graciously _____—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:8-9)
4. God promises to use your grace-giving to produce _____ in your life and to _____ to others—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:11)
5. God promises that your grace-giving will result in _____ and _____ to God as others are blessed through it—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:12-13)
6. God promises that your grace-giving will be reciprocated through the _____ of those you bless—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:14a)
7. God promises that your grace-giving will strengthen _____ among fellow believers in Christ—but this takes _____. (2 Cor. 9:14b)

- How does this apply to you if you are not saved?

- The greatest gift is not money.
- The greatest gift is not material provision.
- The greatest gift is Jesus Christ
- God Offers. You Receive.

- Free gift of eternal life!

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