

DISCERNING THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN SALVATION AND REWARDS

A. THE OFFER:

1. Salvation is offered to _____. (Acts 4:12)
2. Rewards are offered to _____. (1 Corinthians 3:11)

B. THE RECEPTION:

1. Salvation is appropriated by _____ through _____ in _____
_____ apart from works (Romans 3:28; Ephesian 2:8-9)
2. Rewards are obtained by _____ through _____, resulting in
_____ - _____. (1 Corinthians 3:5-8)

* The difference between Salvation and Rewards:

- **Salvation** - is an _____ *of faith* _____ *from* works.
- **Rewards** - is an _____ *of faith* _____ *in* works.

C. THE POSSESSION:

1. Salvation is the believer's _____. (John 3:16-18, 36)
2. Rewards are the believer's possible _____. (1 Corinthians 3:14)

D. THE TIMING:

1. Salvation is received the _____ of _____ in Christ. (John 5:24)
2. Rewards are given out at the _____ of Christ _____ the
_____. (Romans 14:10, 2 Corinthians 5:10)

E. THE PERMANENCY:

1. Salvation can _____ be lost. (John 10:27-30; 1 Corinthians 3:15)

2. Rewards _____ be lost. (1 Corinthians 3:15)

F. THE INVOLVEMENT:

1. Salvation solely involves _____ in Christ. (Acts 16:31)

2. Rewards involve...

a. the _____ one's work. (1 Corinthians 3:12-15; 2 Corinthians 5:10-11)

b. one's _____ to God's Will and Word. (1 Corinthians 4:2; 2 John. 8-11; James 1:12; 1 Peter 5:4; 2 Timothy 4:7-8)

c. one's _____ before God. (1 Corinthians 4:4; Matthew 6:1-6; Colossians 3:23-25)

G. THE DETERMINATION:

1. Salvation determines one's _____. (1 John 5:11-13)

2. Rewards determine your _____ and _____ in heaven. (Philippians 3:11-14; 2 Peter 1:11)

H. THE EVALUATION:

1. Salvation makes one _____ before God. (Ephesians 1:6)

2. Rewards reflect that one's post-salvation life was _____ - _____ to God. (2 Corinthians 5:9)

I. THE RESULT:

1. Salvation will result in _____ to God. (Revelation 5:8-14)

2. Rewards will result in _____ to God. (Revelation 4:9-11)

➤ Even the **rewards** that you **receive** are because you are **willing** to _____ to the Lord and _____ upon Him and the Spirit of God to _____ **good works** in your life.

➤ God then says, "I am **willing** to **reward** you for _____ Me to do **what** I was able to do _____ you and _____ you".

Salvation	Rewards
1. is offered to <u>UNBELIEVERS</u> . (Acts 4:12)	1. are offered to <u>BELIEVERS</u> . (1 Corinthians 3:11)
2. is appropriated by <u>GRACE ALONE</u> through <u>FAITH ALONE</u> in <u>CHRIST ALONE</u> apart from works. (Romans 3:28; Ephesians 2:8-9)	2. are obtained by <u>GRACE</u> through <u>ONGOING FAITH</u> , resulting in <u>CHRIST-HONORING</u> works. (1 Corinthians 3:5-8)
3. is the believer's <u>PRESENT POSSESSION</u> . (John 3:16-18, 36)	3. are the believer's possible <u>FUTURE ATTAINMENT</u> . (1 Corinthians 3:14)
4. is received the <u>MOMENT</u> of <u>FAITH</u> in Christ. (John 5:24)	4. are given out at the <u>JUDGMENT SEAT</u> of Christ <u>AFTER</u> the <u>RAPTURE</u> . (Romans 14:10, 2 Corinthians 5:10)
5. can NEVER be lost. (John 10:27-30; 1 Corinthians 3:15)	5. MAY be lost. (1 Corinthians 3:15)

Salvation	Rewards
6. solely involves <u>TRUSTING</u> in Christ. (Acts 16:31)	6. involve... a. the <u>QUALITY</u> of one's work. (1 Corinthians 3:12-15; 2 Corinthians 5:10-11) b. one's <u>FAITHFULNESS</u> to God's Will and Word. (1 Corinthians 4:2; 2 John. 8-11; James 1:12; 1 Peter 5:4; 2 Timothy 4:7-8) c. one's <u>MOTIVES</u> before God. (1 Corinthians 4:4; Matthew 6:1-6; Colossians 3:23-25)
7. determines one's <u>ETERNAL DESTINY</u> . (1 John 5:11-13)	7. determine your <u>FUNCTION</u> and <u>PRIVILEGE</u> in heaven. (Philippians 3:11-14; 2 Peter 1:11-12)
8. makes one <u>ACCEPTED</u> before God. (Ephesians 1:6)	8. reflect that one's post-salvation life was <u>WELL-PLEASING</u> to God. (2 Corinthians 5:9)
9. will result in PRAISE to God. (Revelation 5:8-14)	9. will result in PRAISE to God. (Revelation 4:9-11)

Key Topics: Salvation; Rewards

Key Verses: 1 Corinthians 1:17-23; 1 Corinthians 3:9-15