

DISTINGUISHING THE HELLS OF THE BIBLE, Part 2

I. SHEOL / HADES ARE THE MOST COMMON WORDS TRANSLATED AS HELL.

II. _____ IS NOT TO BE CONFUSED WITH SHEOL / HADES.

A. Its DESIGNATION

1. This Greek word "Tartarus" is found only in _____, though other passages refer to it.
 - a. They are a subset of the 1/3 of the angels that initially followed _____ but only a small, special group of the original fallen angels. Why? (Revelation 12:3-4; Ephesians 6:12)
 - b. They are a select group of _____ who are mentioned in _____.
2. It is also called the _____ (Luke 8:31) or _____ (Revelation 9:1-3)

B. Its DESCRIPTION and DESTINY

1. This refers to a temporary _____ of God's _____ for _____ fallen _____ whose king is _____. (2 Peter 2:4; Revelation 9:11)
2. These angels were involved in the unsuccessful satanic plot in _____ to destroy the bloodline of the Redeemer; and since then, are kept in chains of _____. (2 Peter 2:4; 1 Peter 3:19-20; Jude 6)
3. After Christ's return, Tartarus will function as a temporary prison of God's judgment for Satan and his angels during the _____ on earth. (Revelation 20:1-6)
4. After Satan's last rebellion, the Abyss will be replaced by the _____ where Satan and his angels will be cast to be tormented forever and ever. (Revelation 20:7-10)

III. GEHENNA / LAKE OF FIRE IS THE ULTIMATE DESTINY FOR UNSAVED MANKIND AND REBELLIOUS ANGELS.

A. Its DESIGNATION

1. "Gehenna" was an actual _____ in the valley of _____ southwest of Jerusalem (Joshua 15:8) where children were sacrificed to Moloch (2 Chronicles 33:1-6; Jeremiah 7:31) and was later used to dispose of garbage and dead bodies.

2. Jesus Christ repeatedly utilized the word "Gehenna" to designate a place of _____
_____ for the lost.
3. "Gehenna" is synonymous with the _____.

A. Its DESCRIPTION

1. It is a place where God is able to _____ both one's _____ and _____.
(Matthew 10:28)
2. It is a place of God's _____ of the _____, including the
_____ lost. (Matthew 23:15, 33)
3. It is a place of _____. (Mark 9:43, 45)
4. It was originally _____ for the _____ and his _____.
(Matthew 25:41)
5. It is a place of _____. (Matthew 25:46)
6. It is the final place of torment where the _____ (Anti-Christ) and the _____
_____ (Revelation 19:20), the _____ and his _____
(Revelation 20:10), and all the _____ (Revelation 20:14-15) are cast.
7. It is referred to as the _____, i.e., eternal separation from God.
(Revelation 20:14; 2 Thessalonians 1:8-9)
8. Its only escape is through _____ alone in _____ alone as
revealed in the Gospel of grace. (John 5:24)