

ROMANS 10:14-21

THE URGENCY OF THE GOSPEL

Big Idea: God has ordained that people are saved through the proclamation of the Gospel; therefore we must go, speak, and trust Him with the results.

THE GOSPEL MUST BE PROCLAIMED (*Romans 10:14-15*)

- Why does Paul emphasize the necessity of being “sent” in the process of salvation (v. 15)? How does this connect to the Great Commission in Matthew 28:18-20?
- What does it mean that the feet of those who bring good news are “beautiful” (i.e. Isaiah 52:7)? How does this challenge our view of evangelism?
- How should this passage shape the way we think about our personal responsibility in sharing the Gospel (e.g. Acts 1:8, 2 Corinthians 5:18-20)?

THE GOSPEL MUST BE HEARD AND BELIEVED (*Romans 10:16-17*)

- According to verse 17, what is the source of saving faith? How does this align with John 5:24 and 1 Peter 1:23?
- Why do some hear the Gospel but not believe it (v. 16)? What insight do we gain from John 12:37-46?
- How does this passage encourage us to prioritize the clear proclamation of Scripture rather than relying on persuasive speech or personality (cf. 1 Corinthians 1:21; 2:1-5, Hebrews 4:12)?

THE GOSPEL IS SOMETIMES REJECTED (*Romans 10:18-21*)

- What does verse 21 reveal about the heart of God toward those who reject Him? How does this compare with 2 Peter 3:9 and Luke 13:34?
- Why is rejection of the Gospel ultimately not an intellectual issue but a heart issue? (e.g. John 3:19-20; Acts 7:51)
- How should we respond when people reject the Gospel we share? What encouragement do we find in Galatians 6:9 and 1 Corinthians 3:6-7?