## Foundations of the Faith Lesson 7: "Jesus Christ Part 1: Virgin Birth"

lesson:	
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Write out 3 memory verses:	

## I. Born in a Miraculous Way

- 1) When did Jesus Christ come into existence? <u>Jesus Christ existed in eternity past</u> <u>prior to any physical appearance of the man Jesus. Christ preexisted in heaven</u> <u>before His descent to earth in the form of man.</u>
- 2) Where did He appear in the Old Testament?
  - 1. <u>He appeared as the Angel of the Lord (Gen. 16:7-14; 21:17,18; 22:11-18; Ex. 3:2)</u>
  - 2. He received worship as the Lord (Gen. 18, John 8:56)
  - 3. Christ is identified as the Old Testament Jehovah (Isa. 40:3, Matt. 3:3)
  - 4. The prophecy of God's promised coming Messiah (Micah 5:2)
- 3) Who was the forerunner mentioned in John 1:15? John the Baptist
- 4) John 1:1-2 shows us that Jesus Christ has:
  - 1. Eternal <u>existence</u> "...was..."
  - 2. Eternal distinction "...with God..."
  - 3. Eternal *identity* "...was God..."
- 5) What problems would there be if Jesus Christ did not exist before the Virgin Birth? <u>If Jesus came into existence at His birth, there can be no eternal trinity.</u> He is not God because God is eternal. This makes Jesus a liar since not only did he claim to be God but claimed preexistence.
- 6) True or False The Virgin Birth has everything to do with the origin of Christ.
- 7) List the 3 reasons why the Virgin Birth was significant:
  - 1. The Virgin Birth shows that salvation ultimately must come from the Lord
  - 2. It makes possible the uniting of full deity and full humanity in one person
  - 3. <u>It makes possible Christ's true humanity without inherited sin. We believe sin is passed from the father to the son, and Jesus had no earthly father</u>
- 8) When the incarnation took place (when God became man) it involved 4 changes in the Lord's position and state:
  - 1. In His dwelling place; from the presence of the <u>Father</u> to the presence of men (John 1:14)
  - 2. In His possessions; from *riches* to *poverty* . (Luke 9:58, 2 Cor. 8:9)
  - 3. In his reputation among men; from <u>glory</u> to <u>obscurity</u> (John 1:10-11; 17:5)
  - 4. In his form; from the form of <u>God</u> to the likeness of <u>men</u> (Phil. 2:6-7)

## II. Jesus is the Son of God

- 9) True or *False* Jesus Christ is divided (part God, part man)
- 10) *True* or False Jesus Christ is not divided (completely God, completely man)

List 7 of the New Testament examples where Jesus is clearly identified as the Son of God:

- 11) <u>In Matthew, in the wilderness temptation, the devil claimed him to be the Son of God (Matt. 4:6). Peter confessed Jesus to be the Son of God (Matt. 14:33).</u>
- 12) <u>Mark's Gospel was written about Jesus Christ the Son of God (Mark 1:1, 11, 9:7).</u>

  <u>The centurion at the crucifixion claimed Him to be the Son of God (Mark 15:39).</u>
- 13) <u>In Luke, Gabriel told Mary He would be called the Son of the most High God (Luke 1:32, 35).</u>
- 14) <u>The Gospel of John emphasizes God sending His Son (John 3:16, 5:22, 37). The purpose of John's Gospel is stated that we might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of the living God (John 20:31).</u>
- 15) In Acts, after Paul's conversion he declared Jesus to be the Son of God (Acts 9:20).
- 16) Romans shows the Gospel pertains to the Son of God (Rom. 1:3,9). Also that God did not spare His Son the death of the cross (Rom. 8:32). We are reconciled to God by the death of his Son (Rom. 5:10) and we are to be conformed to the image of God's Son (Rom. 8:29).
- 17) In 1 Corinthians believers share in the fellowship of His Son (1 Cor. 1:9).
  In 2 Corinthians Jesus was preached as the Son of God.
  Galatians shows us that the Son was sent by the Father (Gal. 4:4).
  In Ephesians the goal of Christian maturity is the knowledge of God's Son (Eph. 4:13).

In Philippians the incarnation shows Jesus was the Son of God (Phil. 2:5-12) In Colossians He is the image of the invisible God (Col. 1:13-15).

In 1 Thessalonians we are awaiting God's Son from Heaven. (1 Thess. 1:10).
In Hebrews the Son of God is superior to angels (Heb. 1:4) and to Moses (Heb. 3:3). Jesus, the Son of God, is our high priest (Heb. 4:14).

In 1 John believing on the Son describes how people come to faith, by believing. (1 John 3:23, 5:10-13).

In Revelation the Son of God is the Alpha and Omega, the first and the last, (Rev. 1:5-8; 17-20;), the Worthy Lamb of God (Rev. 5:4-14), and the King of Kings and Lord of Lords (Rev. 19:11-21)

## III. Bonus

L)	If someone told you they believed that Jesus was a son of God how would you respond to them?