

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

### LEVITICUS TEST

**Leviticus has at least four important themes that directly relate to the Book of Exodus, its recording of the Sinai covenant, and the building of the tabernacle.**

1. First concept: The presence of God in Israelite worship.
2. Second concept: Of holiness is the motto of Leviticus: "Be holy, for I am holy" (Lev. 11:44-45, 19:2, 20:26). Holy and its cognates occur 132 times for more than 50 % of the total Old Testament occurrences. Clean and related terms occur 74 times (35% of the total OT occurrences). Profane occurs 14 times out 66 uses in the OT. The language of sacrifice pervades the book. The word sacrifice occurs about 40 times, priests 190 times, blood 85 times, atonement 45 times.
3. Third Concept: The role of sacrifice as Hebrews 9:22 indicates: "And almost all things are by the law purged with blood; and without shedding of blood is no remission." The first 17 chapters are devoted to explaining the occasion for and the correct procedures to be followed in sacrifice.
4. Fourth Concept: Is the idea of the Covenant. It is one of the fundamental presuppositions informing the theology of Leviticus. Leviticus is the sequel to Exodus. At the heart of Exodus (chapters 19-26) is the Sinai covenant. All that follows in Exodus is a working out of the covenant. Leviticus explains how covenant worship should be conducted (chapters 1-17), then how the covenant people should behave (chapters 18-25), and closes with a section of blessings and curses, which is entirely appropriate to a covenant document (chapter 26). Indeed the last verse of Chapter 26 connects all that precedes with Sinai, where the covenant was concluded. Leviticus 26:46 "These [are] the statutes and judgments and laws, which the LORD made between him and the children of Israel in mount Sinai by the hand of Moses."

#### Leviticus 1

1. Who was the human author of Leviticus? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Leviticus along with the first five books of the Bible are called the \_\_\_\_\_.
3. What type of offering is primarily described in Leviticus 1?
  - A. Grain offering
  - B. Fellowship offering
  - C. Burnt offering
  - D. Guilt offering

#### Leviticus 2

4. What ingredient is not allowed in grain (meat) offerings?

- A. Salt
- B. Oil
- C. Incense
- D. Yeast

5. What special ingredient must be added to the meat offering? Why? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### **Leviticus 3**

6. The peace offering had as its existential feature the concept of “\_\_\_\_\_.”
7. What was the significance of the fat and blood in this offering? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### **Leviticus 4**

8. The sin offering in Leviticus 4 is given primarily for what type of sin?
- A. Intentional rebellion
  - B. Forgetfulness
  - C. Ignorance or unintentional
  - D. Omission
9. How does Leviticus 4 emphasize the seriousness of sin? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### **Leviticus 5**

10. What was required if someone touched something unclean unknowingly and became guilty?
- A. They had to fast
  - B. They had to leave the camp
  - C. They had to bring a sin offering
  - D. They had to pay a fine
11. How does Leviticus 5 relate to New Testament teachings? \_\_\_\_\_  
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\_\_\_\_\_

### **Leviticus 6**

12. T / F In addition to offering a sacrifice, someone who deceived a neighbor about something entrusted to them must also return what was taken and add a fifth of its value.
13. How does Leviticus 6 point to Jesus? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Leviticus 7

14. Which part of the animal was **never** to be eaten and was considered holy to the Lord?

- A. Skin
- B. Fat and blood
- C. Hooves
- D. Tail

15. Why were the Israelites forbidden from eating this? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

16. What portions of the peace offering were given to the priests? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

17. T / F The penalty for eating an offering while unclean was separation from the community.

## Leviticus 8

18. What was the purpose of the events in Leviticus 8? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

19. What ritual act marked the consecration of Aaron and his sons as priests?

- A. Fasting for seven days
- B. Wearing sackcloth
- C. Anointing with oil and blood
- D. Shaving their heads

20. How long did the ordination process last? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Leviticus 9

21. What types of offerings does Aaron present in this chapter? Why? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

22. What dramatic event occurred after Aaron made the first offerings as high priest?

- A. The altar collapsed
- B. The sky turned dark
- C. Fire came out from the Lord and consumed the offering
- D. The people sang a new song

23. What does Leviticus 9 teach about the role of the priesthood? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### **Leviticus 10**

24. Explain the story in Leviticus 10 of Nadab and Abihu: Who they were, what they did, what tribe were they from, and what happened to them. \_\_\_\_\_

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25. Why was God's response to Nadab and Abihu so severe? \_\_\_\_\_

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### **Leviticus 11**

26. Land animals are considered clean if they both \_\_\_\_\_ **the** \_\_\_\_\_ and have \_\_\_\_\_.

27. What are four explanations why animals were deemed clean and unclean.

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### **Leviticus 12**

28. True/False A woman is ceremonially unclean after giving birth for 28 days.

29. What offering is a woman required to bring after her days of purification for childbirth are completed?

- A. A grain offering and a drink offering
- B. A lamb for a burnt offering and a pigeon or dove for a sin offering
- C. Two oxen
- D. A basket of fruits and vegetables

### **Leviticus 13**

30. Who is responsible for examining someone with a suspected skin disease?

- A. The village elder
- B. The physician
- C. The priest
- D. The judge

31. What should be done if a person is found to have a defiling skin disease?

- A. They must be taken to the temple for healing
- B. They must be quarantined outside the camp
- C. They must make a sacrifice immediately
- D. They must fast for seven days

### **Leviticus 14**

32. The purification for someone healed of a skin disease required a ritual involving two \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ wood, scarlet, and \_\_\_\_\_.
33. True/False: If a priest performed the cleansing ritual for a house that had been affected by the plague of leprosy, and the plague was not removed, the house had to be completely torn down.

### **Leviticus 15**

34. What must a man do to become clean after having a bodily discharge?
- A) Offer a burnt offering immediately
  - B) Isolate for seven days without contact
  - C) Bathe his body in water and wash his clothes
  - D) Fast for three days and pray
35. True/False: Anyone who touched a person with a bodily discharge was considered unclean until evening.

### **Leviticus 16**

36. What was the purpose of the Day of Atonement?
- A) To celebrate the harvest
  - B) To remember the Exodus from Egypt
  - C) To atone for the sins of the Israelites
  - D) To anoint the new high priest
37. True/False: The scapegoat was sacrificed on the altar as part of the Day of Atonement ritual.

### **Leviticus 17**

38. True/False: All sacrifices must be brought to the entrance of the Tent of Meeting, not offered in the open fields.
39. Why is the consumption of blood strictly forbidden?
- A) It is considered unclean
  - B) It is reserved only for priests
  - C) The life of the creature is in the blood
  - D) It causes physical illness

### **Leviticus 18**

40. What is the main theme of Leviticus 18?
- A) Dietary laws for the Israelites
  - B) Instructions for building the Tabernacle

- C) Laws concerning sexual morality
  - D) Rules for making sacrifices
41. The Israelites were warned not to follow the practices of Egypt and Canaan **because** their practices \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_.

### **Leviticus 19**

42. What is the command from God in Leviticus 19:2? "Ye shall be \_\_\_\_\_: for I the Lord your God am \_\_\_\_\_.
43. What are the Israelites commanded **not** to do in regard to their fields?
- A) Offer them to idols
  - B) Harvest them twice
  - C) Harvest to the very edges or gather gleanings
  - D) Let foreigners work them

### **Leviticus 20**

44. What is the punishment for giving one's children to Molech?
- A) Exile
  - B) Death by stoning
  - C) Fasting for seven days
  - D) A burnt offering
45. Leviticus 20:22 – "Ye shall therefore keep all my \_\_\_\_\_, and all my \_\_\_\_\_, and do them: that the \_\_\_\_\_ whither I bring you to dwell therein, \_\_\_\_\_ you not out.

### **Leviticus 21**

46. What are the marriage restrictions for the high priest? \_\_\_\_\_
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47. True/False Any man from Aaron's line that had a physical defect was not permitted to carry out priestly duties.

### **Leviticus 22**

48. What happens to a priest who becomes unclean and eats sacred offerings?
- A) He must fast
  - B) He must be cut off from the Lord
  - C) He must pay a fine
  - D) He must offer incense
49. What is required of an animal for it to be accepted as a sacrifice? \_\_\_\_\_
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### **Leviticus 23**

50. What is the Sabbath described as in this chapter? \_\_\_\_\_

51. Which feast involves living in booths to remember Israel's time in the wilderness?

- A) Feast of Trumpets
- B) Day of Atonement
- C) Feast of Tabernacles (Booths)
- D) Feast of Weeks

52. The offering of the first \_\_\_\_\_ occurs during the Feast of \_\_\_\_\_.

#### **Leviticus 24**

53. What perpetual practices are to be maintained in the tabernacle? \_\_\_\_\_

54. What was the punishment for blaspheming the name of the Lord?

- A) A public apology
- B) Exile
- C) Death by stoning
- D) Fasting for 40 days

#### **Leviticus 25**

55. How often is the land to be given a sabbath rest?

- A) Every 10 years
- B) Every 3 years
- C) Every 7th year
- D) Every 50th year

56. What is the Year of Jubilee? \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Leviticus 26**

57. What will God do if Israel obeys His commandments?

- A) Bring them into Egypt
- B) Give rain, peace, and abundance
- C) Scatter them among the nations
- D) Make them wander in the desert

58. What are the consequences of disobedience? \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Leviticus 27**

59. What is the chapter's main focus?

- A) Offerings for sin

B) Laws about vows and dedicated things

C) Punishments for idolatry

D) Clean and unclean animals

60. Can vowed things be redeemed? \_\_\_\_\_

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61. Leviticus 27:30 "And all the tithe of the land, whether of the seed of the land, or of the fruit of the tree, is the LORD's: it is holy unto the LORD." What do we learn about the tithe? \_\_\_\_\_

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