

REGRETS Pastor Larry Webb Reference: Matthew 26:69-75

Definit emotio	tion: Regret is a, conscious and sometimes and reaction to past personal actions.
from so	its are common to all people, but a biblical character that suffered erious regret was Simon Peter. Peter publicly denied Jesus three atte times in a matter of hours and all four gospels record that most unate action.
Read I	Matthew 26:69-74 also Mark 14:27and 29-31 (see screen)
	Principle: Someone's involuntary response to the unexpected is a more of his personal character than is his pre-planned reaction to a situation that he is anticipating.
There	are at least four things we should do about our regrets.
ONE	. Determine the true of the regret in question. That means we should distinguish between mistakes and sins.
	Definition: a mistake is defined as an error in judgment or a fault resulting from deficient knowledge or carelessness.

	Definition: a sin is defined as a	against	
	divine law. Reference: I John 3:4		
	Reference. I John 3.4		
	In a practical sense, sin is doing what we s) or not doing what we)!		
TWO	Hold ourselves for the regret.	e thing that caused the	
Reference: Proverbs 28:13 ; Psalm 32:5 (see screen)			
	The word confess is translated from the G "homologeo." "Homologeo" means to say t or to agree with something.		
	Seek for the thing regret.	that caused the	
t a	Definition: Judicial forgiveness (positional ransacted someone's salvation and is acting as a It results in the leg of someone's sins: past, present and future Reference: Colossians 2:13 ; Romans 8:1	s forgiveness from God gal, judicial forgiveness sins.	
f i	Definition: Parental (relational) forgiveness someone's salvation (post salvation) someone's salvation (post salvation) someoness from God acting as a spiritual _n the forgiveness of those sins that interrupe experiential and relational closeness to God Reference: I John 1:9 (see screen)	vation) and is It results of someone's	
FOUR	Remember that people can Example: Simon Peter	from regrets.	