

Titus

...in all things show yourself to be an example of good deeds...

Agenda

- Recap
- Titus 1:13-2:6
- Topics:
 - -Paul's commands for Titus
 - Avoiding false teaching
 - –Conduct of older and younger in the church

Titus Outline

Conduct of believers

Importance of sound doctrine

Correction of false teaching

Appointment of elders

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Doctrinal Qualifications

- "Holding fast the faithful word in accordance with the teaching"
- "Able to exhort in sound doctrine"
- "Able to refute those who contradict"

Titus 1:9

⁹ holding fast the faithful word which is in accordance with THE TEACHING...



"THE teaching / THE faith / THE doctrine

- Acts 6:7; 13:8; 14:22; 16:5
- 1 Corinthians 16:13
- 2 Corinthians 13:5
- Galatians 1:23; 6:10
- Ephesians 4:5,13
- Philippians 1:27

- Colossians 1:23; 2:7
- 1 Timothy 1:2; 3:9; 4:1,6; 5:8; 6:10,21
- 2 Timothy 3:8; 4:7
- Titus 1:13
- Jude 3
- Revelation 2:13

(Not an exhaustive list)





Building up the body of Christ is defined, in part, by unity in "the faith" – not diversity of message

Exhort

- parakaleo
- In sound doctrine
- Idea: to come alongside / appeal to

Refute

- elegko
- Those who contradict
- To expose usually with the idea of shaming

Description of False Teachers

- Rebellious undisciplined, refusing to submit to authority
- Empty talker refers to talk that is devoid of truth and thus vain and useless
- Deceiver a mind-deceiver



What was Titus to do about these false teachers?

Titus 1:11

because they are upsetting whole families, teaching things they should not *teach* for the sake of sordid gain.



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Titus 1:12-13

¹² One of themselves, a prophet of their own, said, "Cretans are always liars, evil beasts, lazy gluttons." 13 This testimony is true. For this reason reprove them severely so that they may be sound in the faith,

Refute / Reprove

⁹ holding fast the faithful word which is in accordance with the teaching, so that he will be able both to exhort in sound doctrine and to refute those who contradict.

¹³ This testimony is true. For this reason **reprove** them severely so that they may be sound in the faith,

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Verse 9 and 13 Connected

"Holding fast THE teaching, so that..."



"Able to refute false teachers"

"Reprove them severely so that..."



"May be sound in THE faith"

Titus 1:14

not paying attention to Jewish myths and commandments of men who turn away from the truth.



We are not to turn our mind or attention to false teaching

Why was Colossians written?

- There were reports of false doctrine being taught
- Paul was addressing the mixing of religions
- Paul was dealing with 4 major issues:
 - -Judaism
 - -Gnosticism
 - Asceticism
 - License to do whatever you want

Paul's dealing with Judaism

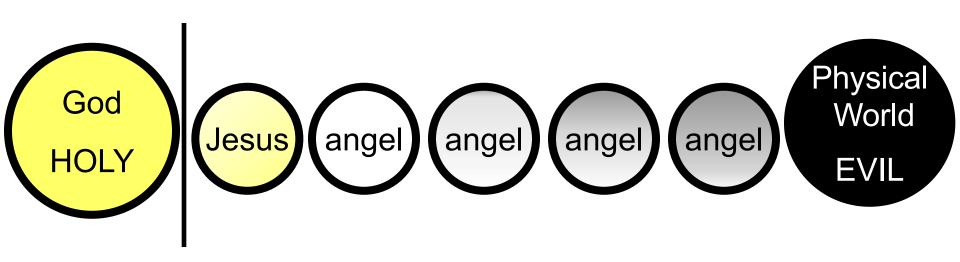
 Great emphasis on externals / performance-based

Colossians 2:16

¹⁶ Therefore no one is to act as your judge in regard to food or drink or in respect to a festival or a new moon or a Sabbath day—things which are a mere shadow of what is to come; but the substance belongs to Christ.

Paul's dealing with Gnosticism

 Gnostics were the intelligentsia who elevated human reason above the Word



Colossians 2:18

¹⁸ Let no one keep defrauding you of your prize by delighting in selfabasement and the worship of angels, taking his stand on visions he has seen, inflated without cause by his fleshly mind

Christ links man to God

Col 1:19 For it was the Father's good pleasure for all the fullness to dwell in Him



Col 2:9 For in Him all the fullness of Deity dwells in bodily form

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Paul's dealing with Asceticism

 Obtain holiness by reducing / eliminating contact with the physical world

Colossians 2:20-23

If you have died with Christ to the elementary principles of the world, why, as if you were living in the world, do you submit yourself to decrees, such as, ²¹ "Do not handle, do not taste, do not touch!" ²² (which all *refer to* things destined to perish with use)—in accordance with the commandments and teachings of men? ²³ These are matters which have, to be sure, the appearance of wisdom in self-made religion and self-abasement and severe treatment of the body, but are of no value against fleshly indulgence.



2 Timothy 2:14,16-17

¹⁴ Remind them of these things, and solemnly charge them in the presence of God not to wrangle about words, which is useless and leads to the ruin of the hearers... 16 But avoid worldly and empty chatter, for it will lead to further ungodliness, ¹⁷ and their talk will spread like gangrene. Among them are Hymenaeus and Philetus.

2 Timothy 4:14-15

¹⁴ Alexander the coppersmith did me much harm; the Lord will repay him according to his deeds. ¹⁵ Be on guard against him yourself, for he vigorously opposed our [THE] teaching.

Titus 3:9

⁹ But avoid foolish controversies and genealogies and strife and disputes about the Law, for they are unprofitable and worthless.

1 Timothy 1:3-4

As I urged you upon my departure for Macedonia, remain on at Ephesus so that you may instruct certain men not to teach strange doctrines, 4 nor to pay attention to myths and endless genealogies, which give rise to mere speculation rather than furthering the administration of God which is by [THE]

1 Timothy 4:1

¹ But the Spirit explicitly says that in later times some will fall away from THE faith, paying attention to deceitful spirits and doctrines of demons

1 Timothy 6:3-5

³ If anyone advocates a different doctrine and does not agree with sound words, those of our Lord Jesus Christ, and with the doctrine conforming to godliness, 4 he is conceited and understands nothing; but he has a morbid interest in controversial questions and...

1 Timothy 6:3-5

...disputes about words, out of which arise envy, strife, abusive language, evil suspicions, 5 and constant friction between men of depraved mind and deprived of the truth, who suppose that godliness is a means of gain (monetary)

Titus 1:15

 False teachers are condemned by their <u>character</u>

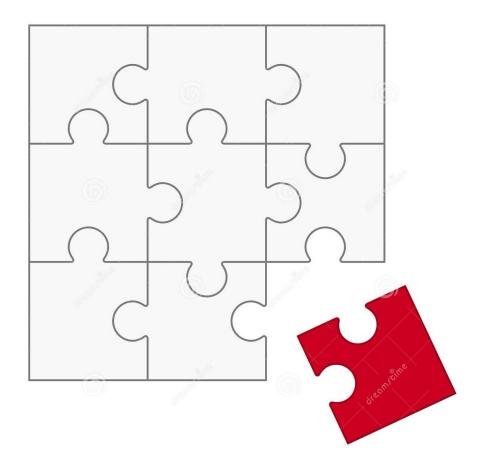
¹⁵ To the pure, all things are pure; but to those who are defiled and unbelieving, nothing is pure, but both their mind and their conscience are defiled

Titus 1:16

 False teachers are condemned by their <u>conduct</u>

They profess to know God, but they deny him by their works. They are detestable, disobedient unfit for any good work.

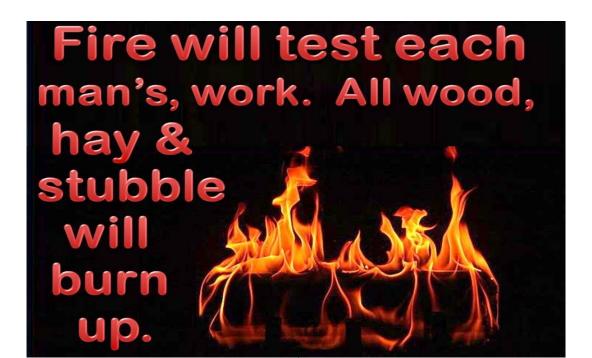
"Unfit"



"Not standing the test"

2 Timothy 2:15

¹⁵ Be diligent to present yourself approved to God as a workman who does not need to be ashamed, accurately handling the word of truth.



Titus 2:1

But as for you, speak the things that are fitting for <u>sound</u> doctrine.

- Fitting appropriate / consistent with
- Matthew 3:13-15 John hesitated to baptize Jesus
- Eph 5:3 But immorality or any impurity or greed must not even be named among you, as is proper among saints

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Titus Outline

Conduct of believers

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Appointment of elders

Titus 2:2-6

² Older men are to be temperate, dignified, sensible, sound in faith, in love, in perseverance. ³ Older women likewise are to be reverent in their behavior, not malicious gossips nor enslaved to much wine, teaching what is good...

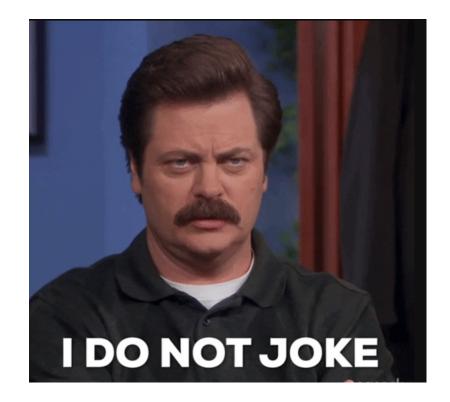
Titus 2:2-6

... 4 so that they may encourage the young women to love their husbands, to love their children, ⁵ to be sensible, pure, workers at home, kind, being subject to their own husbands, so that the word of God will not be dishonored.

Titus 2:2-6

⁶ Likewise urge the young men to be sensible...





Conduct - Older Men

- Temperate not controlled by anything (in general), wine specifically; well-balanced / clearheaded
- Dignified worthy of respect
- Sensible sophronos in control to the point of mastery

Conduct - Older Men

"Sound in faith, in love, in perseverance"

"THE"

- "THE faith" = doctrine
- "THE love" = not just doctrine
- "THE perseverance" hupomone idea: load carrying ability

Conduct - Older Women

- "Reverent in behavior" demeanor is generally respectful
- "Not malicious gossips" slander
- "Not enslaved to much wine" Could the wine have loosened the tongue?
- "Teaching what is good"

Conduct – Younger Women

Love their husbands – affectionate towards him

Love their children – affectionate towards them

Sensible – sophronos – in control to the point of mastery

Pure – chaste (1 Tim 5:22 "keep yourself free from sin")

Conduct – Younger Women

Workers at home – domestically-inclined / orderliness (1 Tim 5:14 – "manage their households")

Kind – "good / meeting a high quality of standards"

Being subject to their own husbands – "to line up under"

Conduct – Younger Men

Sensible – sophronos – in control to the point of mastery

Could Paul have chosen a better word for young men?