

Critical Race Theory: A Deep Dive

Dr. Neil Shenvi August 20-21, 2021

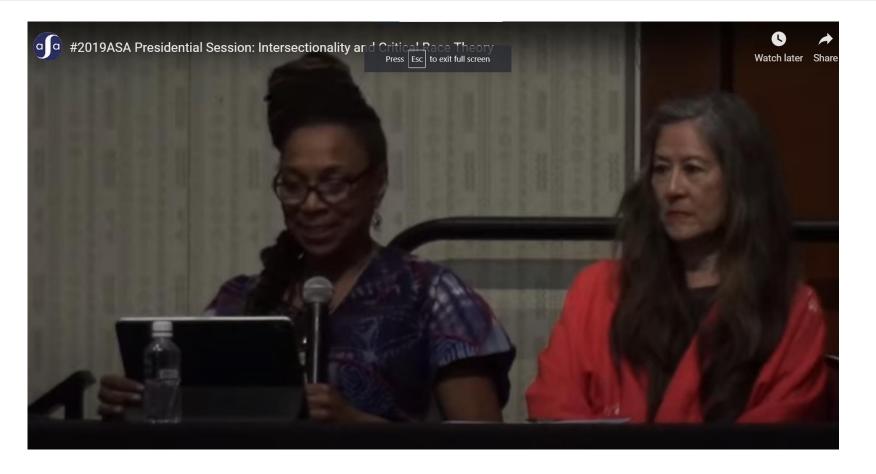
Critical Theory and Critical Race Theory

- What is Critical Race Theory?
- Problems with Critical Race Theory
- Excursus on Robin DiAngelo
- Conclusions and book recommendations

The Taxonomy of Critical Theory



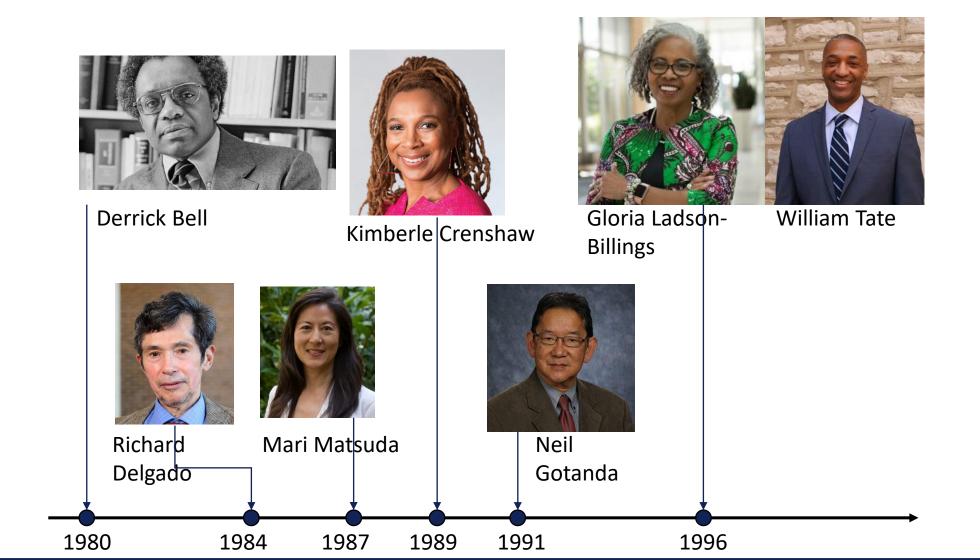
Critical theory resists essentialism (it is hard to define!)



Crenshaw: "These refusals [to recruit scholars of color] led to our eventual selfdeclaration as an offshoot of Critical Legal Studies. We discovered ourselves to be critical theorists who did race and we were racial justice advocates who did critical theory. ... I sent out a call to attend a retreat called 'New Developments in Critical Race Theory'... [At that time] there were no 'new events' in critical race theory because CRT hadn't had any old ones. It didn't exist. It was made up as a name."

#2019ASA Presidential Session: Intersectionality and Critical Race Theory

The Origins of Critical Race Theory



- Critical Theory and Critical Race Theory
- What is Critical Race Theory?
 - Racism is normal
 - Racism is concealed
 - Lived experience is critical
 - Racism is part of interlocking systems of oppression
 - Positives of CRT
- Problems with Critical Race Theory
- Excursus on Robin DiAngelo
- Conclusions and book recommendations

The Core Tenets of CRT

- Racism is normal, permanent, and pervasive
- Racism is concealed beneath principles like colorblindness, meritocracy, and objectivity
- Lived experience is necessary to fully understand racism
- Racism is part of interlocking systems of oppression

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Racism is normal, permanent, and pervasive

"Racism is a normal part of American life, often lacking the ability to be distinctively recognized... A CRT lens unveils the various forms in which racism continually manifests itself, despite espoused institutional values regarding equity and social justice." -Harper, Patton, and Wooden





Harper, Patton, and Wooden, <u>"Access and Equity for African American Students in Higher</u> <u>Education: A Critical Race Historical Analysis of Policy Efforts,"</u> *The Journal of Higher Education*, 80(4), 2009, p. 389-414.

Racism is normal, permanent, and pervasive

"Racism is **normal, not aberrant**, in American society. Because it is an **ingrained feature of our landscape**, racism looks **ordinary and natural** to persons in our culture." – Delgado and Stefancic



Delgado and Stefancic, Critical Race Theory: The Cutting Edge, 3rd edition, p. 2

Racism is normal, permanent, and pervasive

"Race: the characteristics ascribed to a particular race can and will change to fit a dominant group's interest. In this way, racist behavior is not an aberration in everyday life; it is often normal practice in **deeply** racialized social systems." -Kafi Kumasi



Kafi D. Kumasi, "Critical Race Theory and Education: Mapping a Legacy of Activism and Scholarship" in Levinson's <u>Beyond Critique</u> (p. 209-213).

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Racism is concealed beneath principles like colorblindness, meritocracy, and objectivity

"liberalism, neutrality, objectivity, colorblindness, and meritocracy... camouflage [how] racial advantage propels the self-interests, power, and privileges of the dominant group." – Harper, Patton, and Wooden





Harper, Patton, and Wooden, <u>"Access and Equity for African American Students in Higher</u> <u>Education: A Critical Race Historical Analysis of Policy Efforts,"</u> *The Journal of Higher Education*, 80(4), 2009, p. 389-414. Racism is concealed beneath principles like colorblindness, meritocracy, and objectivity

"the overall ethos of majority culture promotes and promulgates a notion of 'colorblindness' and 'meritocracy.' These two notions are mutually intertwined and serve to marginalize certain enclaves of peoplepredominately people of color." – Hartlep



Nicholas Hartlep, <u>"Critical Race Theory: An Examination of its Past, Present, and Future</u> <u>Implications,</u>" ERIC Document Reproduction Service No. ED 506 735, 2009 Racism is concealed beneath principles like colorblindness, meritocracy, and objectivity

"critical race scholars are discontented with liberalism... Colorblindness can be admirable... But it can be perverse, for example, when it stands in the way of taking account of different in order to help people in need... Crits are suspicious of another liberal mainstay, namely, rights. – Delgado and Stefancic



Delgado and Stefancic, Critical Race Theory: An Introduction, p. 27

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Lived experience is critical to fully understand racism

"CRT gives voice to the unique perspectives and lived experiences of people of color... CRT uses counternarratives as a way to highlight discrimination, offer racially different interpretations of policy, and challenge the universality of assumptions made about people of color." – Harper, Patton, and Wooden





Harper, Patton, and Wooden, <u>"Access and Equity for African American Students in Higher</u> <u>Education: A Critical Race Historical Analysis of Policy Efforts,"</u> *The Journal of Higher Education*, 80(4), 2009, p. 389-414.

Lived experience is critical to fully understand racism

"blacks experience the power of second sight from the perspective of antiblack prejudice... A CRT framework recognizes the centrality of experiential knowledge of people of color and views this knowledge as legitimate, appropriate, and critical to understanding, analyzing, and teaching about racial subordination." – Kafi Kumasi



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Racism is part of interlocking systems of oppression

"CRT critiques [claims that]: one can fight racism without paying attention to **sexism**, **homophobia**, economic exploitation, and other forms of oppression or injustice."– Harper, Patton, and Wooden





Harper, Patton, and Wooden, <u>"Access and Equity for African American Students in Higher</u> <u>Education: A Critical Race Historical Analysis of Policy Efforts,"</u> *The Journal of Higher Education*, 80(4), 2009, p. 389-414.

Racism is part of interlocking systems of oppression

"The Commitment to Social Justice: CRT is committed to social justice and offers a liberatory or transformative response to racial, gender, and class oppression... and works toward the elimination of racism, sexism, and poverty as well as the empowerment of **People of Color and other subordinated groups**" – Yosso



Tara Yosso, "Whose Culture Has Capital?" *Race ethnicity and education*, Vol. 8, 2005

Racism is part of interlocking systems of oppression

"CRT scholars are critical of any sociological analyses that focus solely on race without recognizing that racial oppression exists in multiple layers based on gender, class, immigration status, surname, phenotype, accent, and sexuality." - Kafi Kumasi

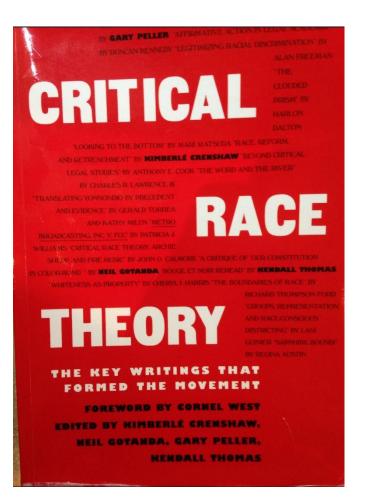


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Positives of CRT

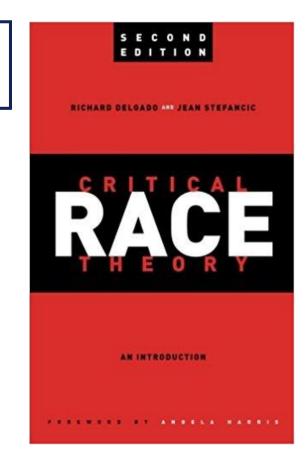
- Race is a social construct
- Racism has shaped our country's history
- Racism can infect systems



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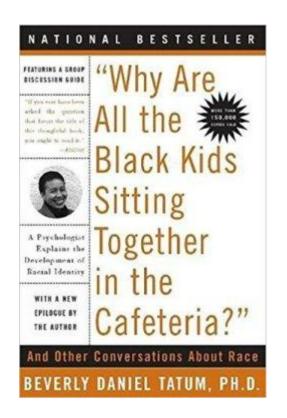
Problems with Critical Race Theory

- Racism as primarily sin, not system
- Sin, not racism, is pervasive
- Identity primarily in Christ, not ethnicity
- Truth primarily in Scripture, not experience
- Sin as lawlessness, not oppression



Racism as sin, not system

"People of color are not racist because they do not systematically benefit from racism... Using the same logic, I reserve the word *sexist* for men" - Tatum



Beverly Daniel Tatum, "Why Are All The Black Kids Sitting Together in the Cafeteria?" p. 10

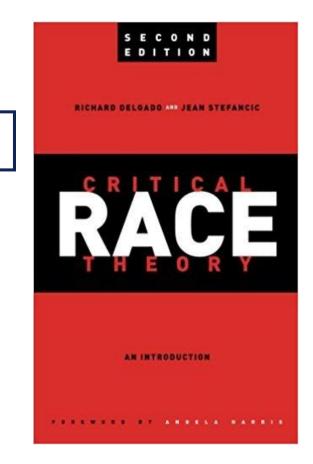
Racism as sin, not system

"if you are white in a white supremacist society, you are racist. If you are male in a patriarchy, you are sexist. If you are able-bodied, you are ableist. If you are anything above poverty in a capitalist society, you are classist. You can sometimes be all of these things at one." - Oluo



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Sin, not racism, is pervasive

"...the question is not 'Did racism take place?' but rather, 'In which ways did racism manifest in this specific context?"¹

"Cross-racial friendships do not block out the dynamics of racism in the society at large, and these dynamics continue unabated... **Racism cannot be absent from your friendship.** No person of color whom I've met has said that racism isn't at play in his or her friendships with white people. Some whites are more thoughtful, aware, and receptive to feedback than others, but **no cross-racial relationship is free from the dynamics of racism in this society.**"²



¹Schroeder & DiAngelo. (2010). Addressing Whiteness in Nursing Education: The Sociopolitical Climate Project at the University of Washington School of Nursing. *Advances in Nursing Science*, 33 (3) 244-255.

² Robin DiAngelo, White Fragility, (2018), p. 80-81

Sin, not racism, is pervasive

"Whiteness positions itself as the norm. It refuses to recognize itself for what it is. Its so-called 'objectivity' and 'reason' is its most potent and insidious tool for maintaining power"

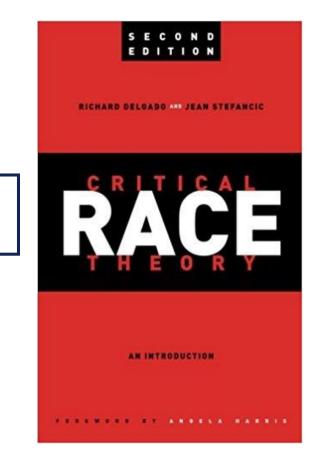
"We need to see racism as structural in order to see its insidiousness. We need to see how **it seeps, like a noxious gas, into everything**" – Eddo-Lodge



Reni Eddo-Lodge, Why I Am No Longer Talking to White People About Race, p. 169, 222

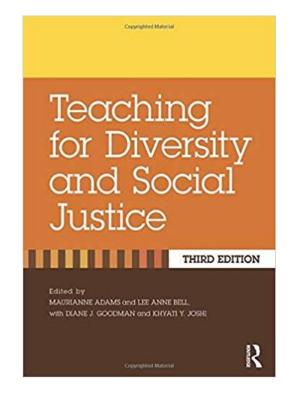
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Identity in Christ, not ethnicity

"The binary terms *oppressor* and *oppressed*, for example, may raise **resistance from participants who cannot reconcile themselves as** *oppressors...* or who resist the term *oppressed...* On the other hand, we struggle to find other language that doesn't trivialize the power and harm of the oppressive system" - Adams



Maurianne Adams, Lee Anne Bell, Pat Griffin, *Teachings for Diversity and Social Justice*, p. xxii, (2007)

Identity in Christ, not ethnicity

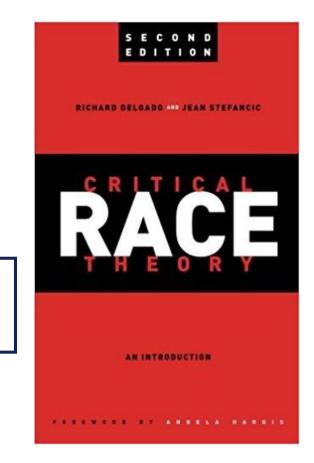
"a positive white identity is an impossible goal. White identity is inherently racist; white people do not exist outside the system of white supremacy. This does not mean that we should stop identifying as white and start claiming only to be Italian or Irish. To do so is to deny the reality of racism in the here and now, and this denial would simply be colorblind racism. Rather, I strive to be 'less white.' To be less white is to be less racially **oppressive.** I can build a wide range of authentic and sustained relationships across race and accept that I have racist patterns." -DiAngelo



Robin DiAngelo, White Fragility, (2018), p. 149-150

Problems with Critical Race Theory

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Truth in Scripture, not experience

"It is about race if a person of color thinks it is about race... whether or not someone is fallible is beside the point. We are, each and every one of us, a collection of our lived experiences...And **our experiences are valid**." - Oluo



Truth in Scripture, not experience

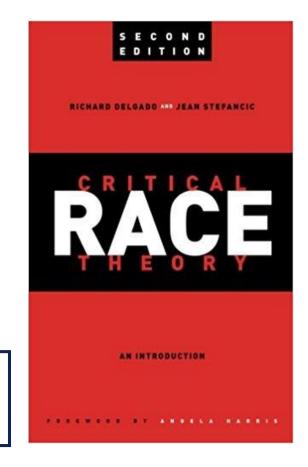
"Identity politics and standpoint epistemology constitute two important dimensions of epistemic resistance for subordinated groups. Identity politics valorizes the experiences of women, people of color, poor people, LGBTQ people, and similarly subordinated people as a source of epistemic agency. By claiming the authority of experience, standpoint epistemology defends the integrity of individuals and groups in interpreting their own experiences." -Collins



Patricia Hill Collins, Intersectionality as Critical Social Theory, p. 136

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Sin as lawlessness, not oppression

Matrix of Oppression						
Social Identity Categories	Privileged Social Groups	Border Social Groups	Targeted Social Groups	Ism		
Race	White People	Biracial People (White/Latino, Black, Asian)	Asian, Black, Latino, Native People	Racism		
Sex	Sex Bio Men		Bio Women	Sexism		
Gender	Gender Conforming Bio Men And Women	Gender Ambiguous Bio Men and Women	Transgender, Genderqueer, Intersex People	Transgender Oppression		
Sexual Orientation	Heterosexual People	Bisexual People	Lesbians, Gay Men	Heterosexism		
Class Rich, Upper Class People		Middle Class People	Working Class, Poor People	Classism		
Ability/Disability Temporarily Abled- Bodied People		People with Temporary Disabilities	People with Disabilities	Ableism		
Religion	Protestants	Roman Catholic (historically)	Jews, Muslims, Hindus	Religious Oppression		
Age	Adults	Young Adults	Elders, Young People	Ageism/Adultism		



Adams et al, Teaching for Diversity and Social Justice, Appendix C

Sin as lawlessness, not oppression

"Antiracist policies cannot eliminate class racism without anticapitalism policies. Anticapitalism cannot eliminate class racism without antiracism."

"**To truly be antiracist is to be feminist**. To truly be feminist is to be antiracist"

"We cannot be antiracist if we are homophobic or transphobic... To be queer antiracist is to understand the privileges of my cisgender, of my masculinity, of my heterosexuality, of their intersections" - Kendi

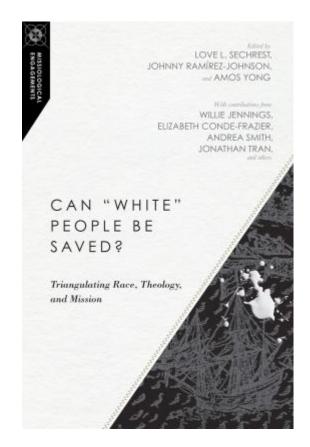


Mixing CRT and Christianity



Can 'White' People Be Saved?

"the essays in this volume deftly deploy **cutting-edge theory in racial and ethnic studies**" and draw on "**critical theorists [who] advocate for analyses of racism** that explore how other communities of color [outside the Black/White binary] experience the effects of racialization" (p. 10-11).

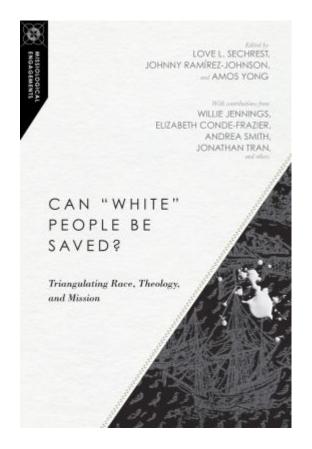


Can 'White' People Be Saved?

"Decolonizing Salvation" - Andrea Smith

"what we presume to be true of the Bible is primarily the result of the history of European interpretation as translated into European languages... we would have a completely different understanding of the Bible if we read it through Indigenous languages translated directly from Greek and Hebrew." (p. 54)

"According to the European positivist grammar of truth, if proposition *p* is true, then not-*p* must be false. **Indigenous epistemologies are not beholden to such logic systems.** Beliefs, even systems of belief that seem contradictory to European and Euro-American culture–for example, Christianity and Indigenous religions–can coexist in Indigenous culture" (p. 62)

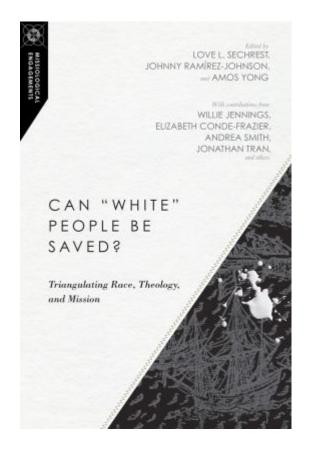


Can 'White' People Be Saved?

"The End of 'Mission': Christian Witness and the Decentering of White Identity" – Andrew Draper

"whiteness is best understood as a religious system of pagan idol worship that thrives on mutually reinforcing circularity between the image (the ideal or the form) and the social construction of those who worship it...As idolatry, whiteness must be dealt with like any such cultic system: its high places must be torn down and its altars laid low" (p. 177-178)

"If... whiteness is a way of life into which its novitiates are discipled, then a **Christian discipleship that entails a deconversion from** whiteness is necessary if any true experience of reconciliation with God, others, the creation, and ourselves is to take place. (p. 181)



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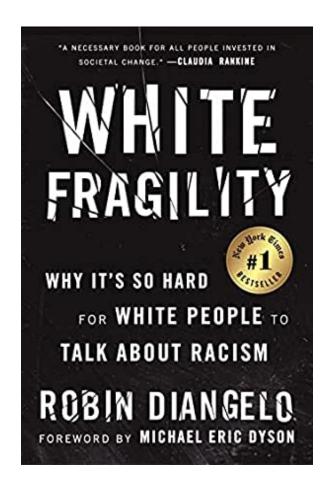
Robin DiAngelo



"A NECESSARY BOOK FOR ALL PEOPLE INVESTED IN SOCIETAL CHANGE." -CLAUDIA RANKINE WHITE FRAGILITY WHY IT'S SO HARD FOR WHITE PEOPLE TO TALK ABOUT RACISM ROBIN DIANGELO FOREWORD BY MICHAEL ERIC DYSON

Robin DiAngelo

- Critical Social Justice
- All whites are racist
- The white fragility Kafkatrap
- Roadmap to alienation





Critical Social Justice

Minoritized/Target Group	Oppression	Dominant/Agent Group	
People of Color	Racism	White	
Poor, Working-Class	Classism	Middle-Class, Wealthy	
Women	Sexism	Men	
Gays, Lesbians, Bisexuals, +	Heterosexism	Heterosexuals	
Transgender, Gender Queer, Gender Non-Conforming, Intersexed	Transgender Oppression	Gender- Conforming; Cisgender	
Muslims, Buddhists, Jews, Hindus, etc.	Religious Oppression	Christians	
People with Disabilities	Ableism	Able-bodied	
Jews	Anti-Semitism	Non-Jews (gentiles)	
Immigrants (perceived), Indigenous peoples	Nationalism	Citizens (perceived)	
Elderly	Ageism	Young Middle-aged	
Children	Adultism	Adults	

Figure 11: Oppression chart.

Robin DiAngelo, What Does It Mean to Be White, (2016), p. 64

All whites are racist



"a positive white identity is an impossible goal. White identity is inherently racist; white people do not exist outside the system of white supremacy. This does not mean that we should stop identifying as white and start claiming only to be Italian or Irish. To do so is to deny the reality of racism in the here and now, and this denial would simply be color-blind racism. Rather, I strive to be 'less white.' To be less white is to be less racially oppressive. I can build a wide range of authentic and sustained relationships across race and accept that I have racist patterns."

The white fragility Kafkatrap



White fragility is "a state in which even a minimum amount of racial stress ... becomes intolerable, triggering a range of defensive moves" (p. 103). Manifestations of white fragility include:

Feelings:		Behaviors:		Claims:		
Singled out Attacked Silenced Guilty		Crying		I already know		
		Physically leaving		You are judgi		
		Emotionally		You are genei		
Accused		withdrawing		I disagree		
ludged		Arguing		Some people		
Angry		Denying		where there		
Scared		Seeking absolution				

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Robin DiAngelo, *White Fragility*, (2018), p. 103

Roadmap to Alienation



"White neurosis and the need for Peoples of Color to placate White neurosis due to real fears of White supremacy is the interplay of racial cray-cray, a process that plays out in the racial dynamics of urban classrooms. Under the power of Whiteness, the racial cray-cray becomes a socially-sanctioned process of engaging in the lies of White neurosis that everyone is forced to perform."

Matias and DiAngelo, "Beyond the Face of Race: Emo-Cognitive Explorations of White Neurosis and Racial Cray-Cray," *Journal of Educational Foundations*, 2(1), 2013.

Roadmap to Alienation



"Thandeka (1999) argues that **raising White children to be White is a form of child abuse** because 'the child learns to silence and then deny its own resonant feelings towards racially proscribed others, not because it wishes to become White, but because it wishes to remain within the community this is quite literally its life' (p. 24)... If Whites are reared in this manner, then emotional and psychological damage on the White psyche results...we hope to offer a **new approach to racial healing by affirming Thandeka's (1999) postulation of Whiteness as a form of child abuse** and tracing what happens when that abuse goes unchecked"

Matias and DiAngelo, "Beyond the Face of Race: Emo-Cognitive Explorations of White Neurosis and Racial Cray-Cray," *Journal of Educational Foundations*, 2(1), 2013.

Roadmap to Alienation



"...the question is not 'Did racism take place?' but rather, 'In which ways did racism manifest in this specific context?"¹

Cross-racial friendships do not block out the dynamics of racism in the society at large, and these dynamics continue unabated... **Racism cannot be absent from your friendship.** No person of color whom I've met has said that racism isn't at play in his or her friendships with white people. Some whites are more thoughtful, aware, and receptive to feedback than others, but **no cross-racial relationship is free from the dynamics of racism in this society."**²

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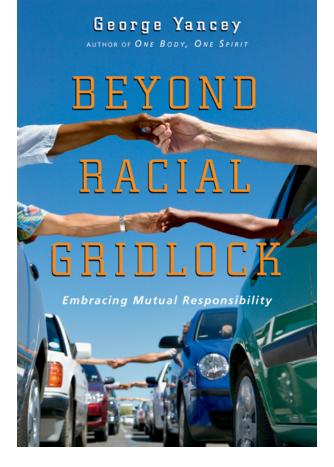
In its core commitments, CRT is incompatible with Christianity

"in its mainstream expression — [critical race theory] is another manifestation of the age-old enslavement of the fallen human heart to self-deification ("I will be my own god"), and **self-definition** ("I will define my own essential identity"), and **self-determination** ("I will decide my own truth and my own morality, without deference to any authority outside myself")...these are the root problems of the mainstream, scholarly, decades-long development of critical race theory, which is why it is being so hotly contested. And in that sense, rightly contested." - Pastor **John Piper**



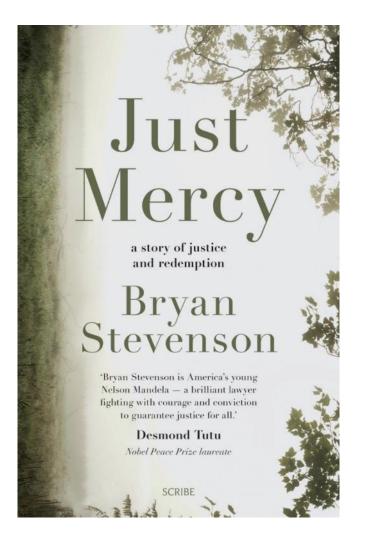
Beyond Racial Gridlock, by Dr. George Yancey



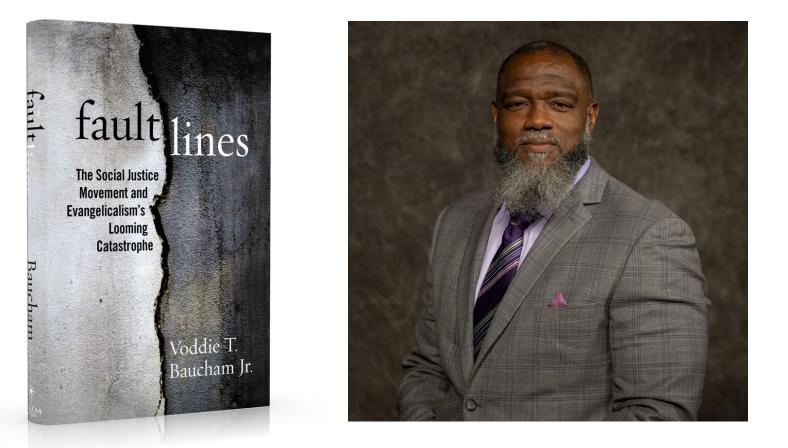


Just Mercy, Bryan Stevenson

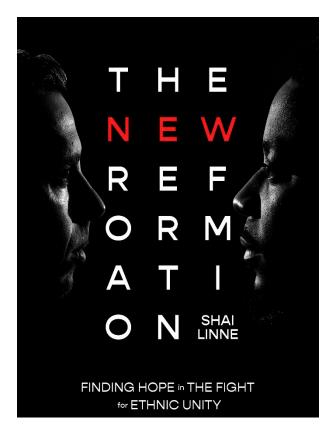




Fault Lines, by Voddie Baucham



The New Reformation, by Shai Linne





Acknowledgements and additional resources

Dr. Christina Shenvi



Dr. Pat Sawyer



- "Is Critical Race Theory Biblical? No." Interview with Pastor Mike Winger
- "Is Critical Race Theory compatible with Christianity?" Debate with Pastor Rasool Berry on *Unbelievable? With Justin Brierley*
- "White Fragility: Behind the Worldview" at Ed Stetzer's The Exchange
- shenviapologetics.com/
- Twitter @NeilShenvi, @RealPatSawyer